

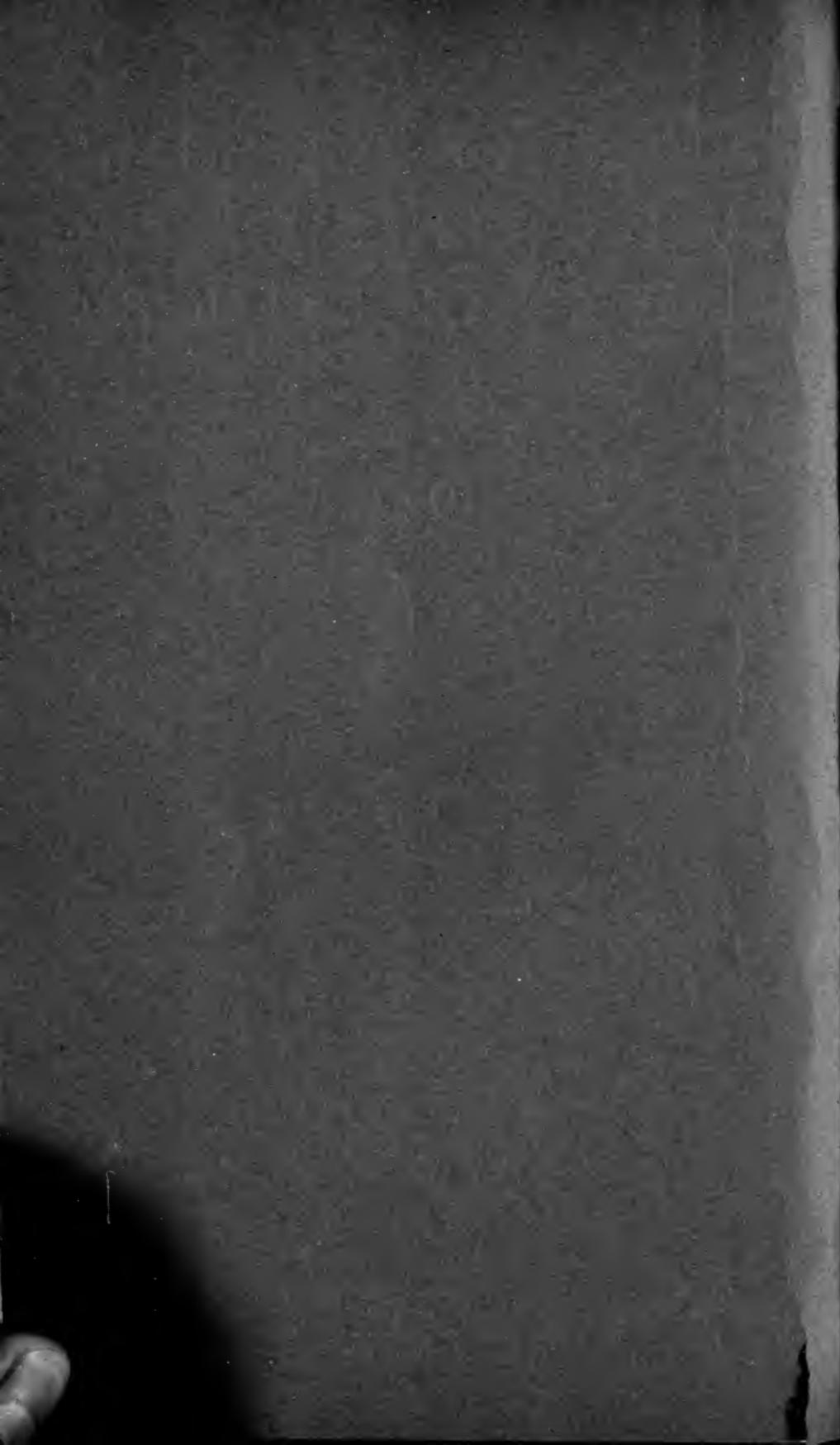


REPORT OF THE BOARD OF CHARITIES OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

1922



WASHINGTON
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE



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To the CONGRESS

(Through the Commissioners of the District of Columbia):

In accordance with the provisions of act of Congress approved June 6, 1900, the Board of Charities has the honor to submit its twenty-second annual report, the same being for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922.

The present membership of the board is as follows:

	Term expires June 30—
William J. Kerby.....	1922
Mrs. Whitman Cross.....	1923
W. T. Galliher.....	1923
John Joy Edson.....	1924
George M. Kober.....	1924

Officers of the board.

John Joy Edson.....	President.
George M. Kober.....	Vice president.
George S. Wilson.....	Secretary.

Standing committees.

On medical charities.....	George M. Kober, <i>chairman.</i>
On child-caring work.....	Mrs. Whitman Cross.
On reformatories and correctional institutions.....	Mrs. Whitman Cross, <i>chairman.</i>
On miscellaneous institutions.....	W. T. Galliher.

The president of the board is ex officio a member of all standing committees.

We have in previous reports called attention to the fact that the service of our charitable institutions and agencies has suffered because of increased costs, due to war conditions, which were not adequately met by increased appropriations. The service is still suffering from these conditions. Prices of some articles have been reduced but in most items the present cost is still far above the pre-war cost and the compensation of persons engaged in activities outside the service of the Government is far above what it was in pre-war years. The only increase in the scale of compensation of our employees is the bonus of \$240 per annum, which has been continued from year to year for several years. Even with the bonus the present rates of compensation are so low that for many positions it has not been possible to secure and retain competent employees. In some of our institutions the labor turnover is so great that it is practically impossible to organize a satisfactory and efficient working force. It is earnestly to be hoped that Congress will at a very early

date authorize a classification of employees and readjustment of salaries on an equitable basis. Several bills with this object in view have been considered by Congress since the report of its own Joint Commission on Reclassification in 1920. Unfortunately none of these bills has yet been enacted into law.

REVIEW OF THE YEAR'S ACTIVITIES.

In reviewing the work of the year we are pleased to report that there has been no marked increase in the number of dependents in our public institutions. Some institutions show a slight increase in population and in others a slight decrease is reported. In no instance have there been substantial changes in numbers since our last report.

The work of the year is reviewed briefly under the four divisions, corresponding to the four standing committees of the board, as follows:

- I. Reformatories and correctional institutions.
- II. Medical charities.
- III. Child-caring work.
- IV. Miscellaneous institutions.

I. REFORMATORY AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

WORKHOUSE.

[A place for the confinement and employment of petty criminals sentenced for terms of one year or less.]

The daily average number of prisoners in the workhouse during the year was 269, as compared with 208 the preceding year. This is a considerable increase, but it must be remembered that this number is less than one-half of the population of the institution prior to 1918. In 1917 the daily average population was 631 and since that time it has varied as follows: In 1918, 373; in 1919, 433; in 1920, 334; in 1921, 208; 1922, 269. The population for 1921 is the lowest recorded in the history of the institution. The increase in 1922 over 1921 was approximately 30 per cent, but the population in 1922 is lower than that of any other year except 1921. No special significance should be attached to such an increase or decrease for a single year, but it is a significant fact that for five years now successively the average population of the workhouse has been just about one-half what it was prior to 1918. The drop in population followed immediately the enactment of the prohibition law, which became effective November 1, 1917. The board has expressed its opinion that the enactment of the prohibition law and the increased demand for labor of all kinds attendant upon the war were the factors most largely responsible for the decrease in the number of prisoners sent to the workhouse. Now that four years have elapsed since the armistice was signed and we have passed through a period of a general increase of unemployment without any noticeable increase in the number of prisoners it would seem almost certain that the enactment of prohibition was the potent factor in lessening the number of petty criminals who were sent to the workhouse. The experience of the District of Columbia in this regard has been paralleled by that of other communities generally throughout the country so far as we are advised.

Unfortunately we can not cite a similar experience in relation to the criminals charged with more serious offenses. So far as we can ascertain, prohibition does not seem to have lessened the number of felonies.

The farm and allied activities, orchard, dairy, poultry, etc., at the workhouse have been continued as in former years so far as labor has been available. The manufacture of brick has been kept up, and during the past year, 2,742,400 brick were manufactured, which is an increase of about 300,000 over the preceding year.

REFORMATORY.

[For confinement and reformation of prisoners serving sentence of from one to five years.]

The daily average number of prisoners at the reformatory during the past year was 178 as compared with 159 the preceding year. The slight increase in the number of prisoners has no relation to the number of prisoners sentenced, because the reformatory has not had accommodations for more than about one-third of those sentenced for long terms, the others being sent to the Federal penitentiaries at Atlanta and Leavenworth.

Two new buildings have been practically completed and it will be possible to accommodate probably 300 prisoners within the next fiscal year. This will correspondingly reduce the number of local prisoners who must be sent to the Federal prisons. It is to be hoped that before many years it will be possible to confine at the reformatory and workhouse all persons sentenced to imprisonment by our local courts and that it will be no longer necessary to send local prisoners to remote institutions.

The method of so-called open treatment of long-term prisoners employed at the reformatory has thus far worked satisfactorily. The prisoners are housed in dormitories, which afford an infinitely better opportunity for light and ventilation than do cells. The men are worked in the open under supervision, but not within walled inclosure, as has heretofore been the custom in prisons generally. They are employed at farming, road building, grading, bricklaying, and numerous other outdoor activities. The prison buildings are being erected by the prisoners themselves under the supervision of the guards. A splendid example of high-grade work is shown in the bricklaying in these new buildings, and the work has all been done by the prisoners, with only one paid man as foreman. An examination of the reports of the workhouse and reformatory show that the number of escapes has not been alarming, and in recent years as the institutions have become better organized the number has been lessened. It is now generally recognized that a system of keeping prisoners in the open dormitories and employing them largely in the out of doors, which was inaugurated at Occoquan in 1910 as a result of the report of the District of Columbia Penal Commission, appointed by the President of the United States, is a marked advance over the former system of confinement in small cells and employment within the limitations of walled inclosures.

Since the system was tried at Occoquan it has been copied in many States. Now penal farms for misdemeanants have come to be almost the rule rather than the exception, and the reformatory and penal institutions for the long-time prisoners now being planned

and erected generally provide in large measure for a dormitory system instead of a cell system and also contemplate a large employment of men in farm and other activities that are carried on in the open air. It has been learned that under a system of humane treatment and vigilant supervision it is possible to handle long-term prisoners and prevent escapes without resorting to the plan of incarcerating all of them in cells and dungeons. It is probably true that not more than 5 or 10 per cent of all prisoners require close confinement in cells. It is evident that the newer method is infinitely better for the health and morals of the prisoners and will result in a great gain to society from the fact that prisoners will be turned out better men and women than they were when committed — in other words, that real reformatory work will be accomplished.

JAIL.

[Place of detention for prisoners awaiting trial.]

The daily average number of prisoners in the jail was 290, as compared with 243 the preceding year. The population of the jail has varied up and down slightly from 250 to over 300 for several years past. There is, indeed, a chronic condition of congestion at the jail. The building can not properly house more than about 200 prisoners. The fact that frequently about 300 prisoners are kept in it means that in a great many instances two prisoners must be housed in one cell, which is a condition that ought not to exist in the interest of both the physical and moral well-being of prisoners.

IMPORTANCE OF PROMPT TRIAL OF PERSONS ACCUSED OF CRIME.

The prisoners in the jail are largely those held for the action of the courts. The criminal courts are now disposing of cases more rapidly than in the past, but unfortunately notwithstanding this fact the records show that at times the number of prisoners held awaiting action is very considerable. On October 31, 1922, there were 205 persons in the jail awaiting action of the grand jury, trial, or further hearing. We recommend that every effort should be made to afford accused persons a prompt trial. This should be done not only for reasons of economy, but more especially because a prompt trial and determination of cases makes for a more effective administration of the criminal law and because persons accused of crime are entitled to a prompt hearing and determination of the charges against them.

It must be evident, as a matter of simple justice, that unfortunate persons who can not secure bail should receive prompt hearing in court. The fact that a considerable number of the prisoners who are held in jail for a long time awaiting trial are finally declared by the courts to be innocent of the offenses of which they are accused is striking evidence of the gross injustice inflicted in this regard. Many an accused person is kept in jail for months and after trial is held to be innocent, and yet there is no means of making reparation on account of the period of incarceration.

We therefore recommend that the Commissioners invite the attention of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia and of the United States Attorney to this condition, to the end that relief may be found and if necessary that recommendations may be made to the Commissioners for remedial legislation.

INDETERMINATE SENTENCE AND PAROLE.

The penal institutions of the District of Columbia have been developed without comprehensive statutory direction, and it is very desirable that a comprehensive law should be enacted governing the workhouse, reformatory, and jail and provide for the proper handling of the prisoners, as well as for a system of indeterminate sentence and parole. A proposed bill has been drawn up as a result of conferences including the judges of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, the general superintendent of the institutions, and members of this board, and we will submit this bill to the Commissioners with a request that it be introduced and enacted into law.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

[Institutions for the training of incorrigible boys and girls committed by the courts for minor offenses.]

The daily average number of boys at the National Training School during the year was 330, as compared with 341 the preceding year. Of this number there were from the District of Columbia 165 in 1922, against 179 in 1921. At the girls' school the number was 106 in 1922, as compared with 112 in 1921.

There is a constant demand for admission to the girls' school, and the facilities have been inadequate for many years. Estimates are submitted for additional buildings which would help this condition.

The training school for boys is conducted by the Federal Government, under the supervision of the Attorney General, and is supported by Federal appropriations. The District of Columbia pays only for boys committed from the District. The rate paid is the actual cost.

The training school for girls is supported by appropriations in the District of Columbia appropriation bill and is for the care of girls from the District of Columbia only. It is managed by a board of trustees appointed by the President, on nomination of the Attorney General. We recommend that the members of this board be appointed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

II. MEDICAL CHARITIES.

GALLINGER MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL.

The board is pleased to report that the psychopathic wards of the Gallinger Municipal Hospital have been completed and are now being furnished and will probably be ready for occupancy within 60 days. These wards will afford accommodations for 200 patients. They will provide modern care for the acutely insane taken to the hospital for observation and which have heretofore been housed in the old almshouse building. At this old building congestion and lack of proper segregation were most marked and the new wards thus afford relief at the point of greatest congestion. This is only a beginning, however, and additional appropriations should be made without delay, sufficient to provide accommodations for all the patients housed in the old buildings of the Washington Asylum. None of them are satisfactory for hospital purposes, and the new hospital can not be said to meet the needs until all the old buildings have been vacated.

BETTER COMPENSATION.

A clause in the current appropriation bill relating to Gallinger Hospital provides "that no person employed hereunder shall be paid at a rate in excess of the rates specifically appropriated for a similar grade of work for the Washington Asylum Hospital for the fiscal year 1922." This provision makes it impossible to secure and retain a sufficient number of competent and properly qualified employees. The old salary list of Washington Asylum Hospital was practically an alms-house list, and the modern hospital requires a standard of service which can not be obtained at such rates of compensation. The nurses' pay for instance of \$40 and \$45 per month is only about one-half what is paid in most institutions. The cost of maintenance will, of course, be increased by a higher salary scale, but the efficiency of the service will be very greatly enhanced, and the service rendered at the Municipal Hospital should be reasonably comparable with that in other institutions for the care of public patients. The present cost of about \$2.20 per day is very much less than generally obtains now in general hospitals.

TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITAL.

The daily average number of patients at this hospital during the year was 125, as compared with 115 during the preceding year. The service has been maintained on a high scale and the institution has been practically filled in most departments at all times. During a considerable portion of the year there is a waiting list of applicants, and there ought to be sufficient accommodations to enable the hospital to receive promptly every person entitled to admission.

ERECTION OF NURSES' HOME.

We again recommend an appropriation for the erection of a nurses' home. As we have heretofore pointed out, this would relieve the congestion at the hospital, as well as provide a suitable place for the nurses and staff to live. The space now occupied by the staff would be made available for patients. It hardly seems necessary to argue the importance of a separate building for the nurses and staff. It is such an evident and inexcusable hardship to require these people to live in the same building occupied by the patients.

ADMISSION OF PART-PAY PATIENTS.

We again recommend that authority be given to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to admit to the Tuberculosis Hospital and to the psychopathic wards of the Gallinger Hospital patients who may be able to pay some part of the cost of their treatment, but are unable to pay the rates demanded in private sanatoria. Both these classes of patients must be cared for, for reasons of public health and safety, and if no system of payment is authorized the Government must bear the entire cost of their care.

Such an arrangement would doubtless lead many persons of modest means to seek treatment who would not enter an institution as objects of public charity. Thus the centers of infection in the community would be lessened and the public health promoted. In like manner, if people suffering from or seriously threatened with mental

diseases are encouraged to seek early treatment the number of persons to be cared for in insane hospitals will be lessened.

The law governing St. Elizabeths Hospital has always provided for the treatment of pay patients, indeed requires the authorities to seek to collect payment in all cases where the circumstances seem to warrant.

NUMBER OF INDIGENT PATIENTS.

The daily average number of indigent patients treated in the various hospitals under the supervision of the board last year was 612, as against 561 the preceding year, but the number is still markedly less than it was a few years ago. In 1916 and for several years preceding the number was in excess of 800.

III. CHILD-CARING INSTITUTIONS.

BOARD OF CHILDREN'S GUARDIANS.

In accordance with the laws governing the care of dependent children, all children who are public dependents are committed to the care of the Board of Children's Guardians. This is a governmental agency created by law for the purpose of exercising guardianship over all dependent children. It is given broad powers in the care and training of children and is authorized to place them in public or private institutions or to give them in adoption or place them out on indenture. No appropriations for dependent children are now made to private institutions, and such institutions receive public funds only in so far as they are compensated by the Board of Children's Guardians for the care of wards of that board.

The daily average number of children under the care of the board during the year was 1,873, as compared with 1,940 the preceding year. The Board of Children's Guardians has been handicapped in its work for many years because of a lack of a sufficient number of competent inspectors and placing agents. During the past two years Congress has made appreciable additions to the force, but there is still urgent need of increase. With the increased staff that has been authorized the past two years the board has been able to give better supervision to its children placed in family homes and to place larger numbers.

PLACING CHILDREN IN FAMILY HOMES.

It is now generally recognized that a good family home is the best place for the upbringing of most children. All progressive child-caring agencies throughout the country are emphasizing the importance of the family home. This system of placement in family homes, however, requires most careful investigation of home conditions before placement and vigilant continued supervision after placement. The Board of Children's Guardians in the past, because of lack of sufficient inspectors and placing officers, has not been able to extend the work of family home placement as much as it deemed desirable nor has it been able to give in all instances the desired amount and degree of supervision to children so placed. It has in the past two or three years by virtue of increased force increased the amount of family placement and improved the work of supervision. Members of the Board of Charities have within the past year made

personal inspection of more than 100 family homes in which wards of the Board of Children's Guardians are either boarded or placed without payment. Some conditions were found that should be remedied, and these were reported to the Board of Children's Guardians and given prompt attention. On the whole, the character of the homes visited was satisfactory, and there was every evidence that the children were kindly treated and well cared for.

BOARD OF CHILDREN'S GUARDIANS AND INDUSTRIAL HOME SCHOOL.

During the year there developed a difference of opinion between the Board of Children's Guardians and the Industrial Home School which finally resulted in the closing of that school for the time being. The Board of Charities made a careful examination of the matters in dispute and on June 22, 1922, submitted to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia a report thereon. Briefly, the point in contention is as follows: The Board of Children's Guardians takes the position that it can find suitable family homes for all *normal* white children and that an institution is necessary only for the care of abnormal children, or for the temporary care of children when received, for such period as may be necessary to afford opportunity for study of mental, moral, and physical characteristics of the child and for the application of such treatment as may be indicated. The trustees of the Industrial Home School, on the other hand, maintain that the institution is the best training place for a certain number of dependent children, some of whom should be allowed to remain in the school for a considerable period of time. The result of these different views on the part of the two agencies concerned was the closing of the school by virtue of the fact that the Board of Children's Guardians, which has legal custody of all dependents, withdrew the children from the school, and the school has been without children now for several months.

The property is being cared for by two or three employees who have been retained for the purpose of harvesting the crops and marketing the flowers from the greenhouses.

The Board of Charities in its report to the commissioners recommended "that the Industrial Home School be used for the purpose of such a receiving home and for the care of such children as can not be provided for elsewhere." Unfortunately, because of a lack of unified control, this recommendation has not been carried out. The members of the Board of Children's Guardians are appointed by the judges of the police court and a judge of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. The members of the board of trustees of the Industrial Home School are appointed by the commissioners, and there is no authority vested in anyone that can reconcile the differences that may arise between these agencies.

NEED FOR CENTRALIZED CONTROL.

The Board of Charities has frequently in its annual and in special reports called attention to the lack of coordination in the control of the charitable and correctional institutions of the District of Columbia. This controversy over the Industrial Home School acutely illustrates this lack of coordination. We have frequently

expressed the conviction, which we now reiterate, that all public-welfare agencies should be under the direction of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia. All the experience of the added years emphasizes the wisdom of this recommendation. If authority were thus centralized, it would be possible when controversies arise, as controversies inevitably will, for the commissioners to insure cooperative action.

Several attempts have been made to secure legislation with a view to effecting a more harmonious organization of public-welfare agencies, but unfortunately such efforts have not yet resulted in legislative action. There is at present a code commission appointed by the commissioners, with Mr. Justice Siddons as its chairman, studying the question with a view of making a report with recommendations for the necessary legislation.

Pending a more comprehensive plan, it would relieve the present situation in relation to the Industrial Home School if a clause were enacted providing that the members of the Board of Children's Guardians should be appointed by the commissioners and that the control of the Industrial Home School should be in that board, acting with the approval of the commissioners.

INDUSTRIAL HOME SCHOOL FOR COLORED BOYS.

This school, which can accommodate only 90 boys, is filled at all times with colored boys in need of special training. The school is admirably conducted and renders a most satisfactory service. It is for colored boys only and is administered by a staff of colored people, including a colored superintendent in charge. We earnestly recommend appropriations to build additional cottages at this institution. There are now kept in private institutions at public expense a sufficient number of colored boys to fill three additional cottages. We recommend also that a small cottage be built as a home for the superintendent and his family. Conditions in this respect are most unfortunate. The superintendent has not been able to find room enough in any building to shelter his family, which consists of himself, wife, and four children. Part of his family must now live away from the institution. Such conditions are likely to result in our losing a most valuable man at any time and then render it almost impossible to secure a proper man in case of a vacancy.

HOME AND SCHOOL FOR FEEBLE-MINDED.

After efforts extending over a period of nearly 20 years to secure an institution for the care and training of the feeble-minded, Congress in the current appropriation bill authorized an expenditure of \$250,000 for the erection of buildings for such an institution. Unfortunately, as we believe, a fatal error was made in providing that the institution should be located on the land "now allotted to the Home for the Aged and Infirm."

There is not sufficient acreage available at the proposed site to afford opportunity for the segregation compelled by divisions of sex, color, and mental and physical condition. It would also be exceedingly objectionable and even dangerous to have these helpless people placed in immediate contact with the population of the Home for the

Aged and Infirm and the Industrial Home School for Colored Boys, which are located on this site.

PROPOSED SITE UNSUITABLE.

As a result of long and serious study of the problem, and with an earnest desire to discharge the duties for which the board was primarily created, we present the following facts: The best practice in other communities and the opinion of competent and experienced leaders are in favor of large tracts of land, with buildings on the cottage plan located apart from any other charitable institutions and away from thickly settled communities. Location of the institution at the site of the Home for the Aged and Infirm would make it impossible to segregate the different classes into separate groups, as is necessary, and would almost compel the housing of all classes in a congregate building and walled-in inclosure. Such a condition would be cruel and inhuman and in violation of all that has been learned about the care of these unfortunates.

Experienced workers in this field agree that activity in the open air on farm, garden, and playground is the most helpful condition for such of these unfortunates as are physically and mentally able to perform even simple manual labor. For these unfortunates, children in mind but many of them old in years, all that society can do is to provide humane and sympathetic care apart from the excitement and complexities of modern life. They should be afforded the fullest opportunity for work and recreation out of doors. They should not be housed in a great prison-like congregate building, but should be segregated in small groups in cottages, according to their mental, moral, and physical condition and requirements.

NECESSARY CLASSIFICATION.

Without any effort to set forth a detailed classification, the more evident subdivisions may be indicated. At least three general groups must be arranged because of mental condition: First, the higher grade feeble-minded, those who might be able to go as far as the third grade in the public-school system; second, the distinctly imbecile group; and, third, the idiots. The need for separation of these groups is so self-evident as to need only to be stated to be recognized by any intelligent person who has knowledge of the problem of the care of mental defectives. Now, we must multiply these three groups by two to provide for the separation of the sexes and again we must multiply by two to provide for separation by color. This would give us 12 distinct groups, without taking in account at all other considerations which would necessitate further segregation. For example, such an institution will undoubtedly have many epileptics, some of whom need a very special kind of supervision. In many of the large States separate institutions are provided for epileptics. We are assuming that for the District of Columbia one institution will probably have to provide for both epileptics and feeble-minded for some time at least.

It has been urged that accessibility, nearness to the city, is important, so that parents may without undue cost of time and money visit their children. A large tract of land, however, can readily be secured within

a reasonable distance, certainly within a radius of 20 miles of Washington, and such a distance would not be a serious handicap to reasonable visitation. In many of the States such institutions are located hundreds of miles from some of the homes from which the children come. Those in charge of such institutions advise us that too-frequent visitation is not conducive either to the happiness of the parents or the welfare of the children.

ECONOMY NOT ONLY CONSIDERATION.

It has been urged again that economy would be effected by locating the proposed institution on the site at the Home for the Aged; that this economy would result from some features of combined administration, possibly joint power plant, unified purchasing system, and that some of the inmates of the proposed institution might work the land instead of employing hired help, as is now necessary at the Home for the Aged and Infirm. We appreciate the importance of economy, but we do not feel that the mere saving of money alone should be overstressed in a humane problem such as this. It is very doubtful, however, whether actual economy would result from such a combination. The system of placing numerous institutions near together with certain features of combined administration has not been found satisfactory.

Several such experiments have been tried, but without signal success, and the system has not been generally followed throughout the country. However that may be, we know of no instance where institutions so dissimilar as the Home for the Aged and Infirm, the Industrial Home School for Colored Boys, and an institution for the feeble-minded have been placed together. Every consideration speaks for isolation and ample acreage in an institution for the feeble-minded. Some of the older institutions that were located in or near cities are moving to the country, and the newer institutions, so far as we have been able to learn, are all being located on large tracts of land.

CARE OF FEEBLE-MINDED A HEAVY BURDEN.

The proper care of feeble-minded is one of the most acute problems in the whole field of public welfare to-day. We must face the fact that it is a large problem and will involve the expenditure of large amounts of money, because the number of the feeble-minded is probably not less than the number of the insane, and the care of the insane is in every civilized community to-day one of the great burdens which the people must bear. Fortunately in one respect the problem of the care of the feeble-minded is more hopeful in its outlook than that of the care of the insane, because if society will care for its feeble-minded in such a way that they cannot reproduce their kind in one or two generations the number of such unfortunates will be very greatly reduced. It is not known exactly how much of feeble-mindedness come from feeble-minded parentage, but it is stated by those who have given much consideration to the subject that the volume of feeble-mindedness would probably be reduced as much as 75 per cent within two generations if our pres-

ent stock of feeble-minded persons is properly and permanently segregated from the community at large.

In view of the great importance of the problem and of our profound conviction that the proposed location at the Home for the Aged and Infirm site would be an irreparable mistake, we earnestly urge that the Congress be requested to reconsider its action in this regard.

MISCELLANEOUS INSTITUTIONS.

HOME FOR THE AGED AND INFIRM.

[A permanent home for aged and infirm indigent persons.]

The daily average number at this institution was 299, as compared with 277 the preceding year. The population has not yet reached as high a level as it did in 1918, when the daily average population was 339.

Much general repair work, improvement to plumbing, relaying of floors, etc., has been done in recent years at this home. The hospital building is now being overhauled and will be very greatly improved as a result.

MUNICIPAL LODGING HOUSE.

[A temporary lodging house conducted by the city for homeless men out of employment and without means.]

The number of lodging furnished at this house during the year was 9,312, as compared with 3,833 the preceding year. This is a very great increase and brings the number up to approximately what it was during the years prior to the war, when we sometimes furnished over 10,000 lodgings in a single year. For a period of several months during the past winter on many nights every bed was occupied, and we were obliged to refuse admission to other applicants. We recommend that appropriation be made for the erection of the new building which was authorized by Congress in 1916, but which can not be built because of insufficient appropriation, due to the greatly increased cost of building as compared with the cost at the time the estimate was made. The present old building is a disgrace and should be replaced at the earliest possible day. No amount of care can make it satisfactory because of its physical limitations.

TEMPORARY HOME FOR EX-UNION SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

[An institution maintained by the District government, but managed by representatives of various veteran organizations, for the purpose of providing a temporary home for indigent soldiers who come to Washington because of some business with the Federal departments.]

The daily average number cared for at this institution was 14 as compared with 17 the preceding year. The home has recently moved from the old building at Third and C Streets NW. to the building at Ninth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue SE., formerly used as a naval hospital. The use of the building has been secured for a nominal rental of \$1 per year.

INSANE.

The daily average of District of Columbia insane during the year was 1,784, as compared with 1,762 the preceding year, an increase of 22. This increase is not such as to call for comment.

DEPORTATION OF NONRESIDENT INSANE.

Our agents continue to investigate carefully cases of nonresident patients committed to the hospital for temporary care and under the law return them to their homes or the places of their legal residence in all cases where the investigation warrants such procedure. In the past year a total of 142 patients were taken from the list of those chargeable to the District of Columbia and were disposed of as follows:

Transferred to other hospitals or to their homes.....	89
Turned over to relatives and friends.....	22
Transferred to Soldiers' Home roll.....	2
Transferred to Army and Navy roll.....	2
Transferred to Public Health Service roll.....	24
Deported to foreign countries.....	3

Total..... 142

The number admitted during the year was 461, against 485 the preceding year, a decrease of 24. For many years the number of persons deported has been approximately 20 per cent of those admitted to the hospital. The number for each year since 1905 is as follows:

Year.	Admitted.	Deported.	Year.	Admitted.	Deported.
1905.....	384	60	1915.....	389	93
1906.....	347	54	1916.....	443	86
1907.....	327	65	1917.....	486	99
1908.....	316	63	1918.....	388	121
1909.....	309	55	1919.....	512	132
1910.....	317	83	1920.....	561	135
1911.....	330	82	1921.....	485	141
1912.....	391	70	1922.....	461	114
1913.....	375	66	Total.....	7,253	1,614
1914.....	432	95			

The number of those taken from the list chargeable to the District of Columbia since 1901, as the result of our investigations, is as follows:

1901.....	16	1913.....	92
1902.....	33	1914.....	103
1903.....	96	1915.....	100
1904.....	78	1916.....	89
1905.....	84	1917.....	107
1906.....	71	1918.....	126
1907.....	66	1919.....	137
1908.....	67	1920.....	151
1909.....	58	1921.....	155
1910.....	92	1922.....	142
1911.....	90	Total.....	2,036
1912.....	83		

We submit herewith the report of the secretary containing sundry information, together with the separate reports of the various institutions subject to our supervision.

The board acknowledges the courtesy and cooperation of the officers and representatives of the various institutions and organizations subject to our supervision and expresses its appreciation for the hearty cooperation and support it has received from the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

Respectfully submitted.

JOHN JOY EDSON,
GEORGE M. KOBER,
VIRGINIA CROSS,
W. T. GALLIHER,
WM. J. KERBY,

Board of Charities of the District of Columbia.

Attest:

GEORGE S. WILSON, *Secretary.*

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY.

GENTLEMEN: I have the honor to submit herewith sundry statements and statistical tables relating to the work of this office and the various institutions subject to its supervision during the year ended June 30, 1922.

GEO. S. WILSON, *Secretary.*

The BOARD OF CHARITIES OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Tables showing the number of free patients admitted to and the daily average present in the 11 hospitals under the supervision of the Board of Charities during the year ending June 30, 1922.

CASUALTY.

	Number of admissions.				Daily average number in hospital.	
	White.		Colored.			
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.		
July.....	3	5	7	0	15	3.48
August.....	14	5	15	0	34	9.77
September.....	7	9	24	0	40	13.67
October.....	12	9	16	14	51	17.48
November.....	11	2	11	9	33	17.43
December.....	10	4	10	6	30	20.94
January.....	9	7	17	8	41	25.68
February.....	14	7	16	10	47	21.93
March.....	11	4	20	6	41	23.65
April.....	11	6	19	14	50	18.67
May.....	5	15	21	11	52	21.77
June.....	20	7	20	8	55	18.20
Total.....	127	80	196	86	489	17.70

CHILDREN'S.

July.....	10	16	21	19	66	44.52
August.....	10	9	29	24	72	42.81
September.....	13	5	20	20	58	42.60
October.....	9	5	18	24	56	43.71
November.....	6	10	21	16	53	45.43
December.....	12	8	30	22	72	45.84
January.....	9	8	25	19	61	46.29
February.....	9	7	15	21	52	41.82
March.....	11	17	32	13	73	42.94
April.....	9	8	24	10	51	33.67
May.....	10	4	21	22	57	31.68
June.....	8	8	21	17	54	30.87
Total.....	116	105	277	227	725	41.04

COLUMBIA.

July.....	2	11	15	82	110	53.26
August.....	4	18	19	55	96	44.97
September.....	3	18	12	54	87	40.73
October.....	1	8	14	65	88	41.55
November.....	1	4	26	60	91	44.93
December.....	0	5	16	66	87	38.13
January.....	5	16	18	82	121	55.29
February.....	2	17	10	46	75	45.57
March.....	3	24	19	76	122	50.74
April.....	5	14	13	50	82	41.90
May.....	1	6	9	23	39	22.10
June.....	1	1	3	17	22	11.77
Total.....	28	142	174	676	1,020	40.94

Tables showing the number of free patients admitted to and the daily average present in the 11 hospitals under the supervision of the Board of Charities during the year ending June 30, 1922.—Continued.

EMERGENCY.

	Number of admissions.				Daily average number in hospital.	
	White.		Colored.			
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.		
July.....	46	27	33	36	142	30.10
August.....	27	23	35	18	103	20.35
September.....	23	21	34	20	98	29.10
October.....	32	23	22	16	93	30.32
November.....	36	10	24	13	83	33.43
December.....	30	22	35	14	101	32.55
January.....	42	26	22	18	108	36.10
February.....	23	14	22	10	69	29.04
March.....	24	19	25	11	79	27.45
April.....	37	26	28	13	104	27.80
May.....	36	20	35	15	106	29.00
June.....	31	16	30	11	88	32.10
Total.....	387	247	345	195	1,174	30.62

FREEDMEN'S.

July.....	2	0	99	140	241	161.81
August.....	1	0	94	123	218	170.71
September.....	1	0	97	131	229	163.00
October.....	1	0	93	150	244	173.55
November.....	2	1	92	130	225	160.37
December.....	0	0	91	105	196	142.77
January.....	0	0	88	100	188	143.61
February.....	1	0	84	111	196	154.61
March.....	1	0	97	132	230	159.81
April.....	3	0	116	119	238	159.53
May.....	0	0	82	146	228	148.03
June.....	0	0	98	142	240	157.63
Total.....	12	1	1,131	1,529	2,673	157.96

GARFIELD.

July.....	0	6	9	22	37	25.13
August.....	3	6	20	19	48	28.39
September.....	3	7	16	35	61	34.87
October.....	7	5	9	28	49	29.74
November.....	4	4	11	24	43	31.97
December.....	9	7	16	23	55	29.65
January.....	6	3	15	27	51	30.58
February.....	5	7	11	21	44	28.71
March.....	8	5	16	26	55	37.94
April.....	7	3	9	19	38	29.50
May.....	2	1	2	11	16	9.55
June.....	1	0	7	16	24	9.23
Total.....	55	54	141	271	521	27.10

GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY.

July.....	0	7	0	6	13	5.87
August.....	1	5	5	4	15	11.52
September.....	8	4	4	7	23	14.23
October.....	2	6	3	11	22	14.10
November.....	5	5	4	9	23	18.00
December.....	2	5	1	7	15	9.97
January.....	3	4	1	14	22	10.35
February.....	1	2	0	9	12	8.64
March.....	1	3	1	1	6	7.77
April.....	0	3	0	0	3	3.30
May.....	0	1	0	2	3	1.48
June.....	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Total.....	23	45	19	70	157	8.77

Tables showing the number of free patients admitted to and the daily average present in the 11 hospitals under the supervision of the Board of Charities during the year ending June 30, 1922—Continued.

GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY.

	Number of admissions.					Daily average number in hospital.	
	White.		Colored.		Total.		
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.			
July.....	6	1	—	—	7	3.48	
August.....	7	5	—	—	12	1.90	
September.....	9	4	—	—	13	6.50	
October.....	1	5	—	—	6	4.42	
November.....	4	3	—	—	7	2.70	
December.....	6	2	—	—	8	2.84	
January.....	4	9	—	—	13	6.23	
February.....	10	12	—	—	22	12.04	
March.....	11	13	—	—	24	13.45	
April.....	6	13	—	—	19	12.73	
May.....	7	19	—	—	26	11.90	
June.....	10	13	—	—	23	16.26	
Total.....	81	99	—	—	180	7.82	

PROVIDENCE.

July.....	15	1	12	7	52	24.35
August.....	4	7	1	8	20	23.00
September.....	2	6	1	2	11	20.23
October.....	8	6	3	6	23	16.74
November.....	5	7	2	4	18	17.73
December.....	5	6	2	6	19	22.84
January.....	4	3	0	1	8	19.35
February.....	4	6	0	3	13	16.18
March.....	7	6	5	2	20	16.03
April.....	3	8	2	2	15	16.47
May.....	4	9	1	1	15	16.35
June.....	2	2	1	1	6	11.93
Total.....	63	81	30	43	220	18.47

TUBERCULOSIS.

July.....	7	6	8	4	25	117.52
August.....	5	5	4	9	23	116.77
September.....	6	4	6	4	20	117.60
October.....	5	2	8	7	22	119.45
November.....	8	4	5	4	21	125.97
December.....	3	4	7	5	19	130.32
January.....	6	4	4	7	21	131.45
February.....	6	2	5	5	18	132.79
March.....	3	3	10	7	23	132.65
April.....	5	2	6	3	16	135.50
May.....	7	6	7	4	24	126.94
June.....	6	2	6	7	21	126.60
Total.....	67	44	76	66	253	126.07

WASHINGTON ASYLUM.

July.....	90	25	55	41	211	119.68
August.....	55	25	55	52	187	118.29
September.....	82	23	68	53	226	138.27
October.....	98	24	52	57	231	145.10
November.....	92	24	56	43	215	126.43
December.....	89	22	69	47	227	131.42
January.....	114	33	78	42	267	142.23
February.....	90	17	45	54	206	162.04
March.....	91	22	82	51	246	144.35
April.....	119	20	70	49	258	148.33
May.....	75	34	64	65	238	124.26
June.....	109	19	70	64	262	129.33
Total.....	1,104	288	764	618	2,774	135.60

Tables showing the number of free patients admitted to and the daily average present in the 11 hospitals under the supervision of the Board of Charities during the year ending June 30, 1922—Continued.

SUMMARY.

	Number of admissions.				Daily average number in hospital.	Average number of days each patient was in hospital.		
	White.		Colored.					
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.				
Casualty.....	127	80	196	86	489	17.70		
Children's.....	116	105	277	227	725	41.04		
Columbia.....	28	142	174	676	1,020	40.94		
Emergency.....	387	247	345	195	1,174	30.62		
Freedmen's.....	12	1	1,131	1,529	2,673	157.96		
Garfield.....	55	54	141	271	521	27.10		
Georgetown.....	23	45	19	70	157	8.77		
George Washington.....	81	99	—	—	180	7.82		
Providence.....	63	84	30	43	220	18.47		
Tuberculosis.....	67	44	76	66	253	126.07		
Washington Asylum.....	1,104	288	764	618	2,774	135.60		
Total.....	2,063	1,189	3,153	3,781	10,186	612.08		
						27.91		

PHYSICIANS TO THE POOR.

Medical service to the poor in their homes has been rendered during the year by physicians to the poor to 917 persons, as against 843 the preceding year. Free medicine is also furnished to persons treated by them through arrangements with druggists located in various sections of the city.

The physicians to the poor have again had the cordial cooperation of the nurses employed by the Instructive Visiting Nurse Society. These nurses care for cases brought to their attention, and their services have been of the highest value. The nurses are supported by the Instructive Visiting Nurse Society without aid from the city. The city furnished necessary supplies, such as bandages and dressings.

Summary of work of the physicians to the poor for the year ending June 30, 1922.

Number of persons treated by physicians to the poor:

White.....	347
Colored.....	570
Total.....	917

Number of families represented in above list:

White.....	290
Colored.....	481
Total.....	771

	Visits made.	Office consultations.	Physicians' salaries.	Cost of medicines. ¹
July.....	210	—	\$527.00	—
August.....	177	—	492.00	—
September.....	142	—	456.00	—
October.....	237	—	496.00	—
November.....	189	—	480.00	—
December.....	254	—	496.00	—
January.....	257	—	476.00	—
February.....	175	—	418.00	—
March.....	163	—	465.00	—
April.....	180	—	416.00	—
May.....	137	—	427.00	—
June.....	121	—	420.00	—
Total.....	2,242	20	5,569.00	\$109.50

¹ Medicines furnished by druggists on prescriptions by physicians to the poor.

Materials furnished:

Nurses' supplies.....	\$965.28
Homeopathic medicines.....	288.00
Surgical supplies, crutches, etc.....	315.05
Medicines in tablet form, supplied from office.....	38.48
Miscellaneous.....	141.00
 Total.....	 1,747.81

AMBULANCE SERVICE.

Runs made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922.

Month.	To hospitals.	To insane asylum.	To city hall, police stations, etc.	To alms-house.	To railroad stations and wharves.	To private homes.	When no service was rendered.	Total.
July.....	91	13	3	4	11	7	10	139
August.....	79	6	3	5	11	5	14	123
September.....	88	18	2	3	5	5	11	132
October.....	79	9	1	8	5	2	12	116
November.....	96	10	7	6	13	3	18	153
December.....	112	12	2	5	8	3	19	161
January.....	118	9	2	7	3	6	33	178
February.....	113	12	4	6	5	2	19	161
March.....	131	11	2	13	4	7	13	181
April.....	121	14	1	7	9	7	25	184
May.....	95	12	2	10	6	5	26	156
June.....	103	15	2	8	6	2	12	148
Total.....	1,226	141	31	82	86	54	212	1,832

TRANSPORTATION OF PAUPERS.

The work of the transportation of paupers was carried on in a manner similar to that of the preceding year, careful inquiry being made in all cases presented to us. In making investigations of applicants for transportation, nearly all of whom are nonresident persons, we have had the hearty cooperation of organized charities in other cities and have been materially assisted by the police department. As a result of this system we have eliminated many fraudulent applications and consequently have been able to assist more adequately all genuine cases. We have strictly followed the rule of sending dependent persons through to their destinations, thus avoiding the hardships entailed upon destitute persons sent to intermediate points where application must be made anew to the authorities for transportation toward their homes.

The number of persons for whom transportation was issued during the year was as follows:

Males, white.....	90
Females, white.....	17
Males, colored.....	23
Females, colored.....	15
 Total.....	 145
Number sent free.....	106
Where part or all was paid.....	39
 Total.....	 145

CARE OF THE INSANE.

Number of patients on the hospital roll July 1, 1921:

Patients in the hospital—	
Male, white.....	583
Female, white.....	570
Male, colored.....	304
Female, colored.....	320
	— 1,777
Patients out on visit—	
Male, white.....	18
Female, white.....	24
Male, colored.....	10
Female, colored.....	27
	— 79
Patients out on elopement—	
Male, white.....	5
Male, colored.....	5
	— 10
Total.....	1,866
Number of admissions:	
Male, white.....	184
Female, white.....	133
Male, colored.....	79
Female, colored.....	69
Readmitted of this number:	
Male, white.....	3
Female, white.....	1
Actual number admitted.....	461
Total.....	2,327
Number of patients discharged:	
Male, white.....	92
Female, white.....	65
Male, colored.....	37
Female, colored.....	21
Readmitted of this number:	
Male, white.....	3
Female, white.....	1
Actual number of patients discharged.....	211
Died:	
Male, white.....	61
Female, white.....	47
Male, colored.....	47
Female, colored.....	23
Number out on visit:	
Male, white.....	26
Female, white.....	32
Male, colored.....	13
Female, colored.....	27
Number out on elopement:	
Male, white.....	8
Male, colored.....	7
Number of patients in the hospital:	
Male, white.....	603
Female, white.....	583
Male, colored.....	294
Female, colored.....	345
	— 1,825
Total number on hospital roll.....	1,938
Total.....	2,327

Daily average number in the hospital during the year ending June 30, 1922, 1,784.

DEPORTATION OF NONRESIDENT INSANE.

During the year ending June 30, 1922, as a result of our investigations 142 persons were taken from the list of those chargeable to the District of Columbia. Of this number, 111 were returned to their friends or places of their legal residence, 2 were transferred to the Soldiers' Home roll, 2 were transferred to the Army and Navy roll, and 24 to the Veterans' Bureau, while 3 were deported to foreign countries.

Finances.

I. REFORMATORIES AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

	Work-house.	Reforma-tory.	Washington Asylum and Jail.		National Training School for Boys.	National Training School for Girls.
			Jail.	Hospital.		
RECEIPTS.						
Appropriations:						
Salaries.....	\$53,660.00	\$35,280.00		\$33,855.00	\$34,036.00	\$11,880.00
Maintenance.....	85,000.00	50,000.00		75,000.00		22,500.00
Repairs.....		3,000.00		3,000.00		
Construction and repairs.....	30,000.00					
Construction.....		50,000.00				
Construction balance.....	16,314.06	30,556.52				
Fuel.....	42,500.00	8,000.00				
Transportation.....					3,101.00	
Buildings.....					832.62	
From District of Columbia.....						59,466.04
From Department of Justice.....						
From private funds, balance.....						127.84
From earnings.....	50,629.04	1,922.92			102.10	4,919.81
From interest and rent.....						350.56
Total.....	278,103.10	178,759.44	85,000.00	111,855.00	127,537.76	39,778.21
DISBURSEMENTS.						
Salaries and wages.....	58,773.50	35,745.55	30,680.16	31,839.95	37,452.63	12,427.81
Food and ice.....	26,999.65	20,376.23	34,224.25	40,891.90		7,782.54
Laundry and cleaning.....	1,071.14	1,128.59				443.67
Dry goods and clothing.....	12,247.74	9,444.88	2,082.82	4,458.92		2,196.93
Fuel, light, power, etc.....		8,000.00	13,469.08	12,287.58		3,755.09
Furniture and household furnishings.....	2,939.20	2,466.07	455.49	944.93		2,692.37
Medical and surgical supplies.....	679.94	358.16		4,684.94		1,166.67
Stable, farm, garden, etc.....	22,131.26	6,473.22	428.60	1,502.28		1,938.84
Repairs.....	(2)	2,944.19	1,994.58	2,946.87		1,384.85
Transportation.....	69.30	1,018.96			2,208.86	
Material for manufacturing.....		38.25				
Telephone.....	566.63	255.19	328.78			
Fuel for maintenance and manufacturing.....	42,500.00					
Miscellaneous.....	7,021.32	5,963.65	978.27	9,724.62	38,940.81	1,023.81
Construction.....	29,440.74	44,376.08				
Deposited in United States Treasury (earnings).....	50,629.04	1,922.92			102.10	
Total.....	255,069.46	140,511.94	84,642.03	109,281.99	108,764.40	34,812.58
Balance.....	23,033.64	38,247.50	357.97	2,573.01	18,773.36	555.26
Balance in fund.....						4,410.37
Daily average number.....	289	178	290	136	330	106
Cost per capita.....	\$571.79	\$518.48	\$291.87	\$803.55	\$328.97	\$328.42
Amount paid under contract.....					\$59,456.04	

¹ Includes medical and dental services.² Repairs included in item "Construction."³ Of this number 165 were District of Columbia boys.

Finance—Continued.

II. MEDICAL CHARITIES.

	Freed-men's Hospital.	Columbia Hospital for Women.	Garfield Memorial Hospital.	Providence Hospital.	George Washington University Hospital.	George-town University Hospital.	Children's Hospital.	Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital.	Eastern Dispensary and Casualty Hospital.	Home for Incurables.	Tuberculosis Hospital.	Washington Asylum Hospital.
RECEIPTS.												
Balance on hand June 30, 1921.		\$16,726.18	\$7,439.53		\$84,329.96	\$18,326.97	\$887.37	\$13,019.33	\$4,310.46	\$1,010.33		
Pay patients.	\$22,186.00	126,337.08	207,123.67		6,208.38	32,023.23	30,415.37	151,977.53	30,290.65	11,180.71		
Nurses and nurses' board.			2,492.77		2,900.00	6,880.52	12,576.34	1,217.25	2,654.38	732.32		
Ladies' aid societies.					2,013.19	416,75	375.99		10,142.58		13,945.27	
Rent, interest, and dividends.	1,460.56	2,286.98			674.86	16,463.97			1,334.41	36.11		
Contributions and entertainments.		2,391.27			236.75	72.47			410.38	4,884.34	201.75	253.62
Telephone.			2,554.48		843.08	1,286.01			11,385.00		335.78	
Miscellaneous.					1,032.86	44,930.55	15,848.63				75.73	
Legacies or endowments.			102.23		988.35	48.54			149.66			
Refund.		38,332.24					3,000.00	77,600.00		4,087.14		
Sale of property.						5,448.50	5,000.00	18,055.75	25,000.00	15,000.00		
Loans.	40,000.00	18,272.50	14,888.00								\$21,640.00	\$33,855.00
Appropriation under contract.	41,020.00										49,000.00	75,000.00
Appropriation for salaries.	75,000.00										2,500.00	3,000.00
Appropriation for maintenance.												
Appropriation for repairs.												
Appropriation for heat, light, and power.												
Appropriation for contagious diseases.												
Total.	178,366.00	221,280.79	247,091.09		101,344.90	168,600.10	92,551.51	308,945.18	53,710.80	42,394.54	73,140.00	111,555.00
DISBURSEMENTS.												
Salaries and extra services.	48,122.89	60,616.01	78,871.88		35,735.94	31,854.51	30,821.99	64,464.49	19,198.92	15,512.94	21,509.49	31,839.95
Food and ice.	48,207.03	56,081.26	66,336.11		26,207.71	34,314.17	19,620.76	48,174.28	11,496.24	13,205.12	13,187.54	40,891.90
Laundry and cleaning.		773.17	2,133.58		4,498.06	817.23			2,198.24	371.45	571.09	743.97
Dry goods and clothing.	1,216.66					1,081.17					3,883.04	4,458.92
Fuel, light, power, etc.	37,502.92	15,433.06	22,500.69		5,704.00	11,519.82	8,183.90	17,356.81	2,552.23		6,494.51	12,287.58
Furniture and household furnishings.	4,571.70	4,457.64	3,072.00		4,144.49	1,571.20			1,962.92	274.74	1,858.31	944.93
Medical and surgical supplies.	12,078.74	9,160.85	6,815.50		1,15,262.81	11,768.20	6,621.08	22,399.50	5,287.06	1,403.14	2,499.65	4,684.94
Ambulance.												
Garden, stable, etc.	265.39											
Repairs and material for same.	11,787.38	6,090.60	9,613.97		3,006.48	2,812.04			2,399.26	1,602.38	2,494.22	2,946.87

Interest	6,750.00	.....	847.50	3,846.80	3,308.59	5,300.00	310.33	163.15
Interest	600.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	500.00	345.00	176.64
6,461.46	7,778.81	.....	2,378.25	4,215.83	8,308.39	33,017.84	2,320.60	2,093.33
12,536.65	9,510.35	.....	729.65	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,724.62
123,000	500.00	.....	77.69	.....	.....	.....	32.37	.....
.....	.....	.....	10,000.00	.....	90,900.00	.....	4,500.00	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	31,930.55	8,006.13	.....	434.00	.....
15,100.19	.....	.....	.....	13,161.83	.....	.....	673.58	.....
174,694.24	238,226.67	.....	98,572.36	162,883.35	85,133.84	282,532.92	50,941.81	41,924.01
177,252.36	174,694.24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	72,934.24	109,281.99
Total.	46,586.55	8,804.42	2,772.34	5,716.75	7,417.67	26,412.26	2,768.99	470.53
Balance.	1,253.64	136	131	39	105	72	118	30
Daily average number of patients.								
Daily average number of free patients.								
Per capita cost.								
Whole amount paid under contract.								

¹ Includes fees to anesthetists, radiographers, etc.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

Finances—Continued.

III. CHILD-CARING WORK.

	Board of Children's Guardians.	Industrial Home School.	Industrial Home School for Colored Children. ¹	National Association for Relief of Destitute Colored Women and Children.	St. Ann's Infant Asylum.	Washing- ton Home for Found- lings.
RECEIPTS.						
Balance on hand June 30, 1921.		\$3,752.51		\$13.38	\$2,217.09	\$1,480.11
Board of children.....	\$5,927.92	174.00		1,990.16	14,647.71	10,779.25
Labor of children.....		3,962.02				
Aid societies.....					1,044.05	
Contributions.....					2,642.21	
Entertainments.....					9,000.73	205.00
Rent, interest, and dividends.....				420.13	1,912.14	1,109.34
Miscellaneous.....				12.00	1,240.62	1,319.08
Legacies or endowments.....					8,158.35	
Refund.....				5.52		
Loans.....				1,500.00		1,600.00
Appropriation under contract.....				2,522.61	660.00	371.59
Appropriation for salaries.....	21,800.00	10,540.00	\$11,300.00			
Appropriation for maintenance.....	207,700.00	25,000.00	18,000.00			
Appropriation for repairs.....		3,000.00	1,500.00			
Appropriation for manual training equipment.....			600.00			
Total.....	235,427.92	46,428.53	31,400.00	6,463.80	41,522.90	16,864.37
DISBURSEMENTS.						
Salaries and extra services.....	21,322.25	10,225.17	11,063.89	615.42	3,953.04	6,306.00
Food and ice.....		12,199.97	5,867.49	1,538.78	14,691.34	4,315.01
Laundry and cleaning.....		924.90	493.03	120.00	752.00	109.71
Dry goods and clothing.....		2,767.31	4,236.32		3,810.54	
Fuel, light, power, etc.....		7,280.70	2,153.76	995.71	3,230.26	2,130.06
Furniture and house furnish- ings.....		1,229.11	1,028.11		1,678.32	
Medical and surgical supplies.....		2,201.34	133.96	11.53	1,046.91	235.35
Stable, farm, garden, etc.....		1,558.55	3,093.92		991.60	
Repairs.....		2,675.51	1,499.78	198.58	5,840.13	2,734.71
Manual training equipment.....			599.07			
Interest.....				24.67	24.90	42.95
Miscellaneous.....	202,848.71	1,072.14	960.48	397.62	3,176.06	627.27
Return of loan.....				1,000.00		
Total.....	224,170.96	40,134.70	31,129.81	4,902.31	39,195.10	16,501.69
Balance.....	11,256.96	6,293.83	270.19	1,561.49	2,327.89	362.68
Daily average number.....	1,873	65	\$6	25	129	36
Cost per capita.....		\$617.46	\$361.97	\$156.09	\$303.84	\$458.38
Whole amount paid under con- tract.....				\$2,495.92	\$813.77	\$423.52

¹ The Home for the Aged and Infirm maintains a power plant which furnishes the Industrial Home School for Colored Children with heat and light. It is estimated that if the school paid its full share of the maintenance of this plant, it would increase the per capita cost of the school as given in this table by \$72.69.

² Includes medical attendance.

Finances—Continued.

IV. MISCELLANEOUS INSTITUTIONS.

	Municipal Lodging House.	Temporary Home for ex-Union Soldiers and Sailors.	Home for Aged and Infirm. ¹	Florence Crittenton Home.	Aid Association for the Blind.	Southern Relief Society.	St. Elizabeth's Hospital, District of Columbia patients.	Columbia Polytechnic Institute for the Blind.
RECEIPTS.								
Balance on hand June 30, 1921.				\$4,007.40	\$5,553.41	\$3,169.28		\$800.12
Board of Inmates.				1,871.00	1,491.70	600.00		
Ladies' aid societies.				2,254.70				
Interest, rent, and dividends.					1,232.38	851.26	19.96	404.00
Contributions.				6,582.10	2,187.98	2,996.95		2,245.00
Entertainments.				472.23	777.85	4,388.79		2,425.50
Telephone.				8.54	15.86	7.25		13.10
Earnings.					47.00			1,707.40
Miscellaneous.					76.00	1,790.51		634.79
Refund.					14.90			3.90
Pensions.							87,501.84	
Legacies or endowments.					2,469.49			
Loans.					2,400.00			
Transfer voucher.				\$1,500.00				
Appropriation under contract.					2,902.57	9,475.40		1,500.00
Appropriation for salaries.	\$2,040.00	\$1,920.00	21,052.00					
Appropriation for maintenance.	2,000.00	5,000.00	45,000.00		812.50	948,000.00		
Appropriation for repairs.			4,000.00					
Appropriation for improvements.				9,500.00				
Appropriation extension colored women's ward (1921).				937.44				
Appropriation for vocational education of soldiers.								855.50
Total.	4,040.00	6,920.00	\$1,989.44	19,345.82	16,683.05	22,448.14	955,501.84	10,590.31
DISBURSEMENTS.								
Salaries and extra services.	2,040.00	1,499.00	20,857.14	3,411.40	1,643.75	2,038.00		6,150.85
Food and ice.	1,079.00	2,187.64	15,895.42	3,701.54		2,627.66		
Laundry and cleaning.	387.85	133.91				61.04		106.74
Dry goods and clothing.		169.72	3,343.15	358.62		16.03		
Fuel, light, power, etc.	266.14	510.71	14,627.08	1,493.31		470.47		384.14
Furniture and household furnishings.	183.08	379.46	667.43			148.22		5.36
Medical and surgical supplies.			667.68	2,573.43		2,179.97		
Stable, live stock, farm, garden, etc.			9,915.00					
Repairs.	28.47	32.60	3,988.80	990.06	1,229.16	107.20		120.61
Interest.				87.75	13.32			501.78
Rent.		1,500.00				900.00		
Beneficiaries outside of home.						6,895.00		
Miscellaneous.	40.90	78.55	1,353.61	1,320.64	4,890.73	5,239.84		1,502.20
Materials used in industries.								1,007.19
Building.				897.57	1,500.00			
Improvements.				9,490.51				
Refund.					70.00			
Purchase of property.					2,000.00	2,250.00		
Investment.								
Total.	4,025.44	6,491.59	\$1,703.39	15,506.75	10,026.98	18,683.43	949,810.65	9,778.87
Balance.	14.56	428.41	286.05	3,839.07	6,656.07	3,764.71	5,691.19	811.44
Daily average number.	22	14	299	65	16	18	1,784	
Cost per capita.	\$182.97	\$463.69	\$238.51	\$183.64	\$486.06			
Whole amount paid under contract.				3,000.00	750.00	\$10,000.00	\$942,308.81	\$1,500.00

¹ The Home for the Aged and Infirm maintains a power plant which furnishes the Industrial Home School for Colored Children with heat and light. It is estimated that if the school paid its full share of the maintenance of this plant, it would reduce the per capita cost of the home as given in this table by \$24.23.

² Includes medical attendance.

Movement of population.

I. REFORMATORY AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

	Work-house.	Reformatory.	Washington Asylum and Jail.		National Training School for Boys.	National Training School for Girls.
			Jail.	Hospital.		
Number of inmates June 30, 1921.....	265	166	253	124	323	.....
Admitted during year.....	1,415	124	4,949	2,781	218	.....
Recaptured.....	62	9	.....	.....	3	.....
Readmitted.....	.....	1	143	.....	22	.....
Total.....	1,742	300	5,345	2,905	566	.....
Discharged.....	1,362	62	3,245	2,584	74	.....
Transferred.....	.....	6	1,775	.....	3	.....
Paroled.....	.....	31	1	.....	130	.....
Escaped.....	71	10	20	.....	14	.....
Died.....	.....	1	3	177	.....	.....
Executed.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Number remaining June 30, 1922.....	309	190	300	144	345	.....
Total.....	1,742	300	5,345	2,905	566	.....
Daily average number.....	269	178	290	136	¹ 330	106

¹ Of this number 165 were District of Columbia boys.

II. MEDICAL CHARITIES.

	Freedmen's Hospital.	Columbia Hospital.	Garfield Memorial Hospital.	Providence Hospital. ¹	George Washington University Hospital.	Georgetown University Hospital.	Children's Hospital.	Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital.	Eastern Dispensary and Casualty Hospital.	Home for Incurables.	Tuberculosis Hospital.	Washington Asylum Hospital.
Number of patients June 30, 1921.....	179	130	123	7	44	100	82	148	51	60	117	124
Admitted during year.....	3,214	2,401	3,371	220	1,834	2,862	2,043	3,953	1,147	12	253	2,677
Births.....	340	1,387	593	.....	187	567	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	104
Total.....	3,733	3,918	4,087	227	2,065	3,529	2,125	4,104	1,198	72	370	2,905
Discharged.....	3,269	3,726	3,825	204	1,939	3,295	1,907	3,808	1,133	5	102	2,584
Deaths.....	260	74	146	13	70	129	142	178	37	9	139	177
Remaining June 30, 1922.....	204	118	116	10	56	105	76	118	28	58	129	144
Total.....	3,733	3,918	4,087	227	2,065	3,529	2,125	4,104	1,198	72	370	2,905
Daily average number of patients.....	190	136	131	.....	59	105	72	118	30	57	126	136
Daily average number of free patients.....	158	56	27	18	8	19	41	31	19	.....	126	136
Number of cases treated in dispensary.....	5,543	1,945	.....	.....	3,930	.....	2,671	5,320	.....	.....	.....	.....
Number of new cases treated in dispensary.....	.....	1,181	.....	.....	1,114	.....	4,354	1,865	.....	.....	.....	.....
Number of visits to dispensary.....	12,414	3,126	3,930	7,025	3,455

¹ Charity cases only.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

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III. CHILD CARING.

	Board of Children's Guardians.			Indus- trial Home School for Colored Chil- dren.	Na- tional Asso- ciation for the Relief of Des- titute Colored Women and Chil- dren.	St. Ann's Infant Asy- lum.	Wash- ington Home for Found- lings.
	Per- manent wards.	Tem- porary wards.	Feeble- minded (not wards).				
Number under care June 30, 1921.....	1,610	297	53	87	86	22	93
Inmates or wards received.....	126	350	18	121	125	48	80
Births.....						7	44
Total.....	1,736	647	71	208	211	77	217
Discharged, etc.....	193	368	2	202	123	9	112
Died.....	8	5				39	15
Remaining June 30, 1922.....	1,535	274	69	6	88	29	90
Total.....	1,736	647	71	208	211	77	217
Daily average number cared for.....	1,486	264	123	65	86	25	129
							36

¹ In addition to this number, 129 of the permanent wards and 9 of the temporary wards are carried on the feeble-minded list.

IV. MISCELLANEOUS INSTITUTIONS.

	Muni- cipal Lodging House.	Tem- porary Home for ex- Union Soldiers and Sailors.	Home for the Aged and Infirm.	Florence Critten- ton Home.	Aid Asso- ciation for the Blind.	Southern Relief Society. ¹	St. Eliza- beth's Hospital, District of Co- lumbia patients.
Number in institutions June 30, 1921.....		17	277	50	16	18	1,866
Admitted during year.....	9,312	567	99	98	4	2	457
Readmitted.....			64	6			4
Births.....				47			
Total.....		584	440	201	20	20	2,327
Discharged.....		568	87	109		18	211
Died.....		41	1	1		2	178
Transferred.....			20				
Remaining June 30, 1922.....		16	312	71	20		1,938
Total.....		584	440	201	20	20	2,327
Daily average number.....	22	14	299	65	16	18	1,784

¹ In addition to those cared for in institutions, 43 outside the institution received assistance.

Daily average number of persons cared for during 15 years, 1908-1922.

	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922
REFORMATORY AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS.															
Workhouse.....	403	484	436	448	534	620	644	622	634	631	373	433	334	208	269
Reformatory.....											66	133	134	156	159
Jail.....					214	237	227	258	253	214	227	318	297	243	290
National Training School for Boys.....	303	333	350	369	387	371	386	364	396	408	387	362	390	341	330
National Training School for Girls.....	77	79	80	79	79	79	78	80	74	84	86	88	106	112	106
MEDICAL CHARITIES.															
Freedmen's Hospital.....	141	154	161	168	198	192	185	203	203	217	206	169	158	151	158
Columbia Hospital.....	53	54	56	48	59	55	56	56	57	56	42	34	38	36	41
Garfield Hospital.....	51	53	52	51	54	55	53	55	50	46	43	28	27	23	27
George Washington University Hospital.....	11	10	10	10	15	14	14	14	14	14	11	6	7	7	8
Georgetown University Hospital.....	11	13	15	25	33	35	37	33	23	20	16	7	12	10	9
Providence Hospital.....	102	98	93	94	91	93	93	91	89	85	68	75	24	24	18
Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital.....	15	17	19	17	24	24	26	27	48	41	30	39	24	28	31
Children's Hospital.....	58	57	59	64	57	64	58	67	72	66	57	45	40	34	41
Homeopathic Hospital.....	21	21	22	24	23	22	25	25	24	24	19				
Eastern Dispensary and Casualty Hospital.....	9	13	16	15	16	16	17	20	23	29	39	24	9	3	18
Home for Incurables.....	43	52	56	55	59	60	60	60	61	60	61	55	57	57	57
Tuberculosis Hospital.....															
Washington Asylum Hospital.....															
	83	84	81	94	93	103	124	140	129	119	110	109	115	126	
142	123	124	151	174	160	181	198	179	157	146	143	131	131	136	
CHILD-CARING CHARITIES.															
Board of Children's Guardians.....	1,564	1,747	1,711	1,625	1,621	1,699	1,779	1,940	1,969	2,009	2,110	2,121	2,062	1,940	1,873
Industrial Home School.....	134	133	126	138	143	138	142	143	144	133	121	105	109	83	65
Industrial Home School for Colored Children.....	24	42	51	52	65	63	64	76	92	91	92	92	89	86	86
National Association for Colored Women and Children.....	100	89	86	88	90	95	91	91	86	86	71			11	25
Washington Home for Foundlings.....	28	25	34	37	40	38	42	58	65	68		50	47	25	36
St. Ann's Infant Asylum.....	124	127	129	130	136		128	122	111	105				82	129
MISCELLANEOUS INSTITUTIONS.															
Almshouse.....	227	262	276	294	282	296	294	315	338	326	339	296	287	277	299
Municipal Lodging House.....	21	19	13	18	20	14	20	27	19	12	9	9	6	10	22
Temporary Home for ex-Union Soldiers and Sailors.....	45	32	34	26	30	31	30	24	25	22	18	17	15	17	14
Florence Crittenton Home.....	95	102	93	113	103	124	112	114	112	60	64	55	65	69	65
Aid Association for the Blind.....	10	11	10	9	9	11	15	16	16	15	14	12	12	15	16
Southern Relief Society Home.....															
Government Hospital for the Insane—District of Columbia patients.....															
	1,317	1,373	1,376	1,373	1,406	1,458	1,563	1,591	1,643	1,682	1,669	1,637	1,637	1,762	1,78

² During 7 months.¹ Includes those patients for whose care the District is reimbursed.

[This table shows the total cost per capita per day, classified by items, at the various institutions.]

	Food.	Salaries, and extra services.	Meats, fish, etc.	Bread.	Groceries and pro- visions.	Milk.	Total.	Fee.	Laundry.	Clothing and dry goods.	Fuel, light, power, and engineers' supplies.
REFORMATORY AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS.											
1 Workhouse.....	\$0.5986	\$0.1264	\$0.0522	.....	\$0.0638	.....	\$0.2724	\$0.0026	\$0.0108	\$0.1247	\$0.4329
2 Reformatory.....	.5502	.1190	.0537	.....	.1410	.....	.3137	.....	.0174	.1454	.1231
3 Jail.....	.2808	.1463	.0043	\$0.0515	.1138	\$0.0042	.3141	.0092	.....	.0197	.1272
4 National Training School for Boys.....	.3109	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5 National Training School for Girls.....	.3212	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
MEDICAL CHARITIES.											
6 Freedmen's Hospital.....	.6939	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.6951	.....	.....	.0173	.5408
7 Columbia Hospital for Women.....	1.2211	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1.1448	.0149	.....	.0156	.3113
8 Garfield Memorial Hospital.....	1.6495	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1.3873	.....	.....	.0446	.4706
9 George Washington University Hospital.....	1.6394	.3907	.....	.0077	.0744	.4798	1.1563	.....	.....	.....	.2649
10 Georgetown University Hospital.....	.8312	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.0689	.....	.....	.....	.3006
11 Children's Hospital.....	1.1728	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.0269	.0213	.....	.0517	.3113
12 Home for Incurables.....	.7457	.1448	.....	.0435	.3069	.1040	.5992	.....	.....	.....	.1866
13 Tubercolosis Hospital.....	.4690	.2931	.....	.0273	.2650	.1123	.6377	.0239	.....	.0397	.1412
14 Washington Asylum Hospital.....	.6414	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.8238	.....	.....	.0898	.2475
CHILD-CARING INSTITUTIONS.											
15 Industrial Home School.....	.4310	.....	.0920	.0347	.0488	.....	.4782	.0360	.0390	.1166	.3069
16 Industrial Home School for Colored Children.....	.3525	.1013	.....	.....	.....	.....	.1868	.....	.....	.0157	.1350
17 National Association for the Relief of Destitute Colored Women and Children.....	.0674	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.0686
18 Washington Home for Foundlings.....	.4709	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1.046	.0040	.0132	.....	.1091
19 St. Ann's Infant Asylum.....	.0840	.0742	.....	.0367	.0746	.....	.3044	.0240	.0083	.....	.1622
MISCELLANEOUS INSTITUTIONS.											
20 Municipal Lodging House.....	.2540	.0508	.....	.0065	.0338	.0382	1.234	.0111	.0483	.....	.0331
21 Temporary Home for ex-Union Soldiers and Sailors.....	.2833	.2069	.....	.0044	.0180	.1536	.0272	.4101	.0180	.0262	.0999
22 Home for the Aged and Infirm.....	.1911	.0768	.....	.0249	.....	.0499	.....	1.456	.....	.....	.1340
23 Florence Crittenton Home.....	1.438	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1.487	.....	.....	.....	.0306
24 Aid Association for the Blind.....	.2815	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.0151	.0629

	Furniture and household furnishings.	Expenses for stable, farm, and garden.			Current repairs, and materials for same.	Interest.	Miscel-laneous.	Total.
		Medical and surgical supplies and instruments.	Purchase of live stock, vehicles, harness, etc.	Blacksmithing, farm tools, fertilizers, etc.				
REFORMATORY AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS.								
1	Workhouse.....	\$0.0289	\$0.0069	\$0.0417	\$0.0265	\$0.1572	\$0.2234	\$1.7833
2	Reformatory.....	.0379	.0055	.0175	.0045	.0777	.0433	1.4502
3	Jail.....	.0443						.7986
4	National Training School for Boys.....							.9021
5	National Training School for Girls.....							.8098
MEDICAL CHARITIES.								
6	Freedmen's Hospital.....	.0659	.1742			.0038	.1700	.1814
7	Columbia Hospital for Women.....	.0898	.1845				.1227	.1302
8	Garfield Memorial Hospital.....	.7335	.1425			.0162	.0117	3.2049
9	George Washington University Hospital.....	.1924						4.5408
10	Georgetown University Hospital.....	.0410	.3071					4.5408
11	Children's Hospital.....		.2521					4.5408
12	Home for Incurables.....	.0132	.0303					4.5408
13	Tuberculosis Hospital.....	.0404	.0544					4.5408
14	Washington Asylum Hospital.....	.0190	.0044					4.5408
CHILD-CARING INSTITUTIONS.								
15	Industrial Home School.....	.0518	.0085			.0057	.1128	.0452
16	Industrial Home School for Colored Children.....	.0327	.0043			.0086	.0478	.0917
17	National Association for the Relief of Destitute Colored Women and Children.....		.0013					.9917
18	Washington Home for Foundlings.....		.0013					.9917
19	St. Ann's Infant Asylum.....		.0356			.0211	.1240	.0452
MISCELLANEOUS INSTITUTIONS.								
20	Municipal Lodging House.....		.0228					.0035
21	Temporary Home for ex-Union Soldiers and Sailors.....		.0743					.0064
22	Home for the Aged and Infirm.....		.0061					.0365
23	Florence Crittenton Home.....		.0242					.0417
24	Aid Association for the Blind.....							.2105

Does not include repairs.
Includes medical attendance.

PENAL INSTITUTIONS.

JAIL, WORKHOUSE, REFORMATORY.

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.

Wm. H. Moyer, general superintendent.

W. L. Peak, assistant superintendent in charge of jail.

Hugh H. Green, assistant superintendent in charge of workhouse.

Minnie Herndon, matron of female department of workhouse.

M. M. Barnard, assistant superintendent in charge of reformatory.

Herewith are submitted the annual reports of the assistant superintendents of the District of Columbia Reformatory, the Washington Asylum and Jail, and the District of Columbia Workhouse for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1922. A careful perusal of these reports will show that, in comparison with the fiscal year 1921, the administration of the penal institutions has been satisfactory from both the disciplinary and economical standpoints.

Using the computations in the reports herewith submitted, the following information seems to be of importance:

At the reformatory the average daily population increased from 159 in 1921 to 179 in 1922; the daily average cost of subsistence decreased from \$0.341 to \$0.225; the gross cost per capita for the year decreased from \$517.70 to \$488.95.

At the asylum and jail the daily average population increased from 243 in 1921 to 290 in 1922; the daily average cost of subsistence decreased from \$0.34 to \$0.31; the gross cost per capita for the year decreased from \$368.22 to \$291.87.

At the workhouse the daily average population increased from 208 in 1921 to 269 in 1922; the daily average cost of subsistence decreased from \$0.386 to \$0.1748; the gross cost per capita for the year decreased from \$505.05 to \$409.20.

From the foregoing it can be readily seen that the average daily population increased from 610 in 1921 to 738 in 1922. This increase of 128 in the daily average population of the penal institutions becomes important when I advise you that the total cost of maintaining the institutions in 1922 was \$16,671.27 less than in 1921, not including cost of constructing permanent buildings in either year. Another very satisfactory feature of the administrations of the penal institutions during the past year is that it was not found necessary to ask for any deficiency appropriations.

INDUSTRIES.

At the reformatory the manufacture of brooms in a small way has been continued and the institution has done some farming, but practically all of the labor has been used in constructing permanent buildings, grading for the extension of the industrial railroad, and in maintaining the institution.

The jail is not equipped for any kind of industry except what is necessary to maintain the institution.

At the workhouse the industries have been carried on with greater activity than last year. The number of bricks manufactured in 1921 was 2,400,000: in 1922 it was 2,742,400. The market value of the bricks used at the reformatory and at the workhouse and of those delivered to the District amounted to \$48,301.99 as against \$39,766.83 in 1921.

While the products of the farm increased in quantity the value decreased because of the decrease in market value in open market of products of this kind.

ESCAPES.

During the year 1921 with an aggregate population in the penal institutions of 5,313 there were 83 escapes, or 1.56 per cent: during the year 1922 with an aggregate population of 7,364 there were 48 escapes, or 0.65 per cent. Of these escapes 33 were made during the first six months. Of the 15 during the last six months 6 escaped from the Ninth Street Wharf, 2 from the Union Station in Washington, 4 from the workhouse, and 3 from the reformatory.

This great decrease in the number of escapes must be a source of satisfaction to all who are interested in penal institutions, because it indicates a decided change for the better in the attitude of the inmates. When we realize that there are no walls, no stockades, no wire fences, no bars, and no locks to restrain the inmates of the reformatory and the workhouse the low percentage of escapes establishes beyond question the wisdom of the policy of the honor system.

EXECUTIONS.

During the year one execution by hanging took place at the jail. As a deterrent capital punishment is of doubtful value. Whatever of value it may have had is practically destroyed by delay and uncertainty of the operation of the law. Execution by hanging is especially abhorrent. It has come down from a time when it was believed that the best way to prevent crime was to make the punishment even more horrible than the crime. Under the present condition of public sentiment if even a dog were killed by hanging the public would promptly show righteous indignation at the wanton and unnecessary brutality, but when the victim is a human being the public winks at it. If executions are necessary for proper protection of society it would seem that only the most humane method should be used, and that only until some better method of dealing with this class of criminals can be adopted.

PERMANENT BUILDINGS.

The work of constructing permanent buildings at the reformatory, which is being performed by prison labor, has been actively carried on during the year. Three of the units are practically completed, one is ready for the roof, and two others are in course of construction. It is expected that during the current fiscal year the population at the reformatory will be largely increased, and this labor will be employed largely on permanent construction. The buildings are

being constructed under the personal supervision of the construction engineer, and the quality of the product of prison labor compares favorably with that of outside labor.

The present temporary buildings at the workhouse have been in constant use for more than 10 years and have about reached the limit of their usefulness. Immediate steps should be taken to begin the erection of permanent buildings similar to those provided for the reformatory. An estimate has been submitted in my estimates for the coming fiscal year for an amount sufficient to begin the erection of these buildings.

WATER SUPPLY.

The present water supply for the reformatory and the workhouse is obtained by pumping water from Occoquan Creek to an elevated tank at the workhouse, and from there it is carried by gravity to the institutions. Occoquan Creek drains a large territory with a clay surface, so that every storm carries clay into the creek and as a consequence the water is muddy nearly all the time. This condition is so bad that at times the water can not be used for even laundry purposes.

This condition can be overcome by constructing several settling basins and a small filtration plant. The work of construction can be performed by prison labor, and all of the materials excepting pipe and cement can be supplied from the products of the workhouse. A system of this kind would require an additional pump, but an additional pump can be operated from the central power plant with very little additional cost. In my opinion this matter is of sufficient importance to warrant immediate action.

SUPPORT OF DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PRISONERS.

The support of District of Columbia prisoners in State institutions is a heavy and increasing expense to the District. These prisoners could be supported in District of Columbia institutions at much less expense and, in that case, the District could utilize their labor.

The transfer of these District of Columbia prisoners from State institutions to District institutions can not be made under the provision of present laws. I therefore suggest that necessary legislation be obtained as soon as possible.

HEALTH.

During the year covered by these reports there were three deaths in the jail, one at the reformatory, and none at the workhouse. When we realize the physical condition of men and women who are committed to the penal institutions of the District of Columbia we appreciate that four deaths out of an aggregate population of 7,364 is, indeed, a satisfactory showing and speaks well of the sanitary conditions of these institutions.

INDUSTRIAL RAILROAD.

Grading for the extension of the industrial railroad from the workhouse to the reformatory has been actively pushed during the year and should be completed during the ensuing year. Rails for this

extension are on hand, and it is believed that a large part, if not all, of the necessary ties can be procured from the reservation. The plans provide for an underpass at the Ox Road and an overhead crossing over the Richmond Highway, and the completion of the road will probably be measured by the time it takes to complete this bridge.

INMATES' LEAGUE.

The inmates of the workhouse organized and maintained a league of inmates designed to be a means of self-help. This league has had nothing whatever to do with the administration of the workhouse, but it has, in fact, indirectly been of much assistance. Every fair-minded officer of that institution will admit that this league has been of real value in obtaining and maintaining a more friendly spirit among the inmate population as well as an earnest desire to cooperate with the officers as far as permitted. That it has been successful in this is reflected in the low percentage of escapes. The value of any system of administration of penal institutions which will give the inmates an opportunity to show in what way and to what extent they can be trusted can no longer be reasonably questioned.

RECREATIONS.

Fresh air and sunshine are very beneficial to the diseased mind as well as to the diseased body. That is why I advocate the greatest amount of outdoor work and play at penal institutions consistent with security and good training. The institution of baseball and other clean sports at the workhouse and the continued use of those already instituted at the reformatory have had much to do with the creation of a better spirit and a better sense of honor among the inmates.

WELFARE.

It frequently happens that inmates are discharged from the workhouse with no money, no home, no friends, and no employment. They are furnished with railroad transportation to Washington City. A number of such cases have been cared for by the inmates' league and from private funds, but it is very uncertain, and some provision should be made for taking care of this class of cases. The Welfare League of the Trinity Diocesan Church has been giving some aid, and the Central Union Mission has recently agreed to furnish supper, lodging, and breakfast to discharged prisoners, with a minimum amount of work, and this assistance has been of value, but here is a chance for real welfare work, and I know of no more worthy object for any society engaged in welfare work than the relief of homeless, friendless, and moneyless discharged prisoners.

CONCLUSION.

The results of my first year of general supervision of the penal institutions of the District of Columbia are, indeed, a source of personal pride to me, but I know that these results are due largely to the active support I have had from you, the Board of Charities, and most of my subordinates, and to you and them I gladly yield the praise.

WILLIAM H. MOYER,
General Superintendent.

REPORT OF THE JAIL.

In accordance with established custom I beg to inclose herein the annual report of the District of Columbia Jail for the year ending June 30, 1922.

It will be observed that the total number of prisoners received from the courts during the year was 5,092, an increase of 1,478 over the previous year, resulting in an average daily gain in population of 47. Sixty-three per cent of this total were colored. Because of the growing efficiency of the courts and their prompt imposition of sentences, 347 prisoners were transferred to Federal institutions outside of the District of Columbia, an increase of over 160 over the total for the year 1921. The total length of the sentences imposed was 1,559 years 1 month and 5 days, plus four life sentences.

As heretofore, temptation gathers the bulk of its victims between the ages of 20 and 40 years. More than 3,300 prisoners, or 70 per cent, of the year's grist were between those ages. And the most frequent offenders were among those nearest to the legal age of manhood. Not in years has the percentage of intelligence and education been so high among men sent in for first offenses. And the wonder is that such capacity for straight thinking should have failed to avert such petty pitfalls. Often there is no understandable excuse, and nearly always there is frank admission of the folly and a philosophical acquiescence in the prescribed punishment. Impulsive rather than premeditated crimes have been most in evidence among this group of offenders, and the length of the sentences imposed marks the only distinction between the two.

Intoxication continues to increase in spite of the drastic laws aimed at its extermination. More than 2,000 cases were committed under the various acts, 1,943 of which were of the basic police court variety, a gain of 846 over last year. In a majority of instances the result was accomplished without the aid of anything originally manufactured for a beverage. The numerous substitutes continue to multiply and faces familiar in the police courts for a generation come and go at regular intervals for 10 and 20 day periods. Often these members of the household are rearrested early in the forenoon of the day upon which they were released and are back before they are missed. For most of them there is neither punishment nor humiliation. Neither is there a remedy. Longer periods of confinement might achieve some form of salvage and extinction is too remote to be relied upon. When it is considered that the inability to pay a \$10 fine is the direct cause of their becoming fixed charges upon the District for life, it would seem to be an economic advantage to commit them for longer periods and dispense with the expense of repeated captures, trials, and transportation. The new laws have no terrors for the habitual drunkard, and while the punishment remains at the old rate reform and transformation are unlikely.

There were 114 more cases of larceny, 20 more cases of grand larceny, and 33 more of housebreaking than during 1921. The whole gamut of thievery has been played upon, from the petty remnants of

a crap game to sums running well into six figures. Many important arrests have been made, thanks to vigilance of the police, many old and skilled offenders have seen the chances for success steadily approach the vanishing point. The liberal sentences imposed upon this gentry have gone a long way toward discouraging the professional still at liberty. Automobile thefts and the varying activities of the illicit liquor traffic, coupled with the illegal vending of narcotic drugs, make up a steadily increasing total on the jail register. Twenty-four more prisoners were transferred to the penitentiaries this year than last for violations of the Harrison narcotic law. Those who traffic in drugs are frequently their own best customers, and for this reason there was an increase of 26 in the number of cases requiring hospital treatment during the early days of their confinement. An increase in the number of women victims is to be noted.

The jail began its fiscal year with an appropriation \$5,000 below the total granted in 1921. It served 54,000 more meals and housed 1,478 more prisoners than during the previous year. It reduced the cost of maintenance per man 18 per cent, including the salaries of officers and guards and all the paid staff, and cut the daily average for food alone 3 per cent per man. Strict economy permitted it to finish the year within the narrow limitations of its appropriation, but it is doubtful if curtailment could be pushed further without undermining efficiency.

There were no escapes from the cell blocks during the year, several attempts being surprised and averted in the regular course of official watchfulness. The entire staff has been exceptionally vigilant and attentive to duty, and the creditable results obtained are attributable to their loyalty and integrity, coupled with a fine spirit of cooperation and ready adjustment to emergencies. Buildings and grounds are in order, and conditions above the average obtain in all departments.

W. L. PEAK,
Assistant Superintendent.

PENAL INSTITUTIONS.

37

Movement of prisoners.

	Male.		Female.		Total.
	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.	
Prisoners in jail July 1, 1921, 6 a. m.	100	131	2	20	253
Prisoners received during fiscal year	1,816	2,563	45	525	4,949
Prisoners recommitted during year	49	84	.....	10	143
Total	1,965	2,778	47	555	5,345
Prisoners released during year	1,861	2,622	45	517	5,045
Prisoners in jail July 1, 1922, 6 a. m.	104	156	2	38	300
RELEASES.					
Expiration	526	621	11	191	1,349
Recommitted released	37	76	.....	10	123
Comt	741	818	23	181	1,763
Workhouse	413	887	10	110	1,420
Reformatory	49	76	.....	.....	125
Atlanta Penitentiary	26	41	.....	.....	67
West Virginia State Penitentiary	.....	.....	.....	8	8
Leavenworth Penitentiary	44	89	.....	.....	133
Rhode Island State Penitentiary	.....	.....	.....	10	10
Hudson County Penitentiary	.....	.....	.....	4	4
Government Hospital for Insane	3	4	1	.....	8
Escape from hospital	12	7	.....	.....	19
In error from hospital	1	1	.....	.....	2
Presidential commutation	2	.....	.....	.....	2
Escape (trusty)	.....	1	.....	.....	1
Parole	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Sanitary officer	3	1	.....	2	6
Death	2	.....	.....	1	3
Execution	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	1,861	2,622	45	517	5,045

Daily average of prisoners for fiscal year, 290.

Total number committed and released during fiscal year, by months.

Month.	Committed.				Released.				Total.	
	Male.		Female.		Male.		Female.			
	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.	Total.	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.	
1921.										
July	145	209	2	40	396	146	214	3	35	398
August	170	213	5	52	440	187	212	4	57	460
September	159	192	4	37	392	127	177	3	39	346
October	153	227	3	58	441	141	205	4	49	399
November	147	197	7	38	389	152	208	6	47	413
December	124	182	2	37	345	142	185	5	32	364
1922.										
January	155	165	4	26	350	138	178	3	22	341
February	132	190	3	30	355	135	156	1	31	323
March	166	239	3	46	454	173	248	4	45	470
April	154	269	2	45	470	160	264	2	46	472
May	181	313	4	66	564	185	291	4	55	535
June	179	251	6	60	496	175	284	6	59	524
Total	1,865	2,647	45	535	5,092	1,861	2,622	45	517	5,045

Number of prisoners in confinement at the end of each month and the daily average of prisoners, by months, during the fiscal year.

	Male.		Female.		Total.	Average
	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.		
1921.						
July.....	99	126	1	25	251	262
August.....	82	127	2	20	231	230
September.....	114	142	3	18	277	251
October.....	126	164	2	27	319	302
November.....	121	153	3	18	295	299
December.....	103	150	0	23	276	286
1922.						
January.....	120	137	1	27	285	291
February.....	117	171	3	26	317	289
March.....	109	163	2	27	301	323
April.....	103	168	2	26	299	313
May.....	100	189	2	37	328	317
June.....	104	156	2	38	300	319

Ages of prisoners committed during fiscal year.

Age.	Number of prisoners.	Age.	Number of prisoners.
Under 20 years.....	626	50 to 60 years.....	255
20 to 30 years.....	1,831	Over 60 years.....	20
30 to 40 years.....	1,325		
40 to 50 years.....	692	Total.....	4,949

Prisoners transferred to Washington Asylum Hospital either for mental examination or hospital treatment.

White males.....	89
Colored males.....	36
White females.....	12
Colored females.....	15
Total.....	152

Length of sentences imposed on prisoners transferred to penitentiaries.

	Lorton.		Atlanta.		Leavenworth.		West Vir- ginia (col- ored).	Rhode Island (col- ored).	Hudson County (col- ored).	Total.
	White (male).	Colored (male).	White (male).	Colored (male).	White (male).	Colored (male).				
1 year 1 day.....	2			1						3
1 year 3 months.....	1									1
1 year 6 months.....	3	8					5	2		18
2 years.....	16	26	2	7	5	21		1		78
2 years 2 days.....							1			1
2 years 6 months.....	1	3	1				1			6
2 years 10 months.....					1					1
3 years.....	15	18	5	8	12	25	3	4	2	92
3 years 6 months.....	1									1
4 years.....	5	7	2	2	8	5		2		31
4 years 6 months.....					1					3
5 years.....	6	10	10	5	6	13	2		2	54
6 years.....	1		1	3	4	1				10
7 years.....				2	1	1				4
7 years 6 months.....					3	5				8
8 years.....	1	1				2				4
9 years.....										1
10 years.....		1	2	1	1			1		6
12 years.....			2							2
13 years.....		1			1					2
14 years.....				1						2
15 years.....		1	1		4			1		1
20 years.....		1	2	2				1		6
30 years.....			1	1						2
Life.....		1	1		2					4
	49	76	26	41	44	89	8	10	4	347

Total time, 1,559 years 1 month 5 days, and four life sentences.

Financial statement.

RECEIPTS.

Appropriation for maintenance, including salaries..... \$85,000.00

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries.....	\$14,854.68	\$30,680.16
For meats, fish, etc.....	5,451.70	
For bread.....	456.49	
For flour.....	12,040.64	
For groceries and provisions.....	442.90	
For milk.....		
Total for food.....		33,246.41
For ice.....		977.84
For shoes.....	394.15	
For clothing.....	201.15	
For dry goods.....	1,487.52	
Total for shoes, clothing, and dry goods.....		2,082.82
For fuel.....	8,528.23	
For light.....	4,329.99	
For Engineers supplies.....	610.86	
Total for heat, light and engineers supplies.....		13,469.08
For furniture, household furnishings, and repairs.....		455.49
For medical and surgical supplies.....		6.95
For farm tools and appliances.....	33.07	
For forage.....	19.67	
Total for farm, garden, and stable.....		52.74
For stationery, printing, and office expense.....		451.54
For telephone.....		328.78
For car tokens.....		7.70
For current repairs and materials.....		1,994.58
For United States postage.....		18.00
For tobacco.....		134.40
For capture of escaped prisoners.....		54.19
For upkeep of automobile.....		375.86
For miscellaneous.....		305.49
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....		357.97

\$5,000.00

Comparative statement of appropriation and expenses for fiscal years 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, and 1922.

	Appropriation.	Expenses.	Deficiency.	Balance.
1918.....	50,000.00	69,945.00	20,000.00	55.00
1919.....	65,000.00	90,050.35	30,000.00	4,949.65
1920.....	75,000.00	86,173.81	11,500.00	326.19
1921.....	90,000.00	89,488.39		511.61
1922.....	85,000.00	84,642.03		357.97

For fiscal year ended June 30, 1922, daily average cost of—

Food for prisoners..... \$0.31

Maintenance of prisoners (all expenses)..... \$0.84

Maintenance of prisoners (without salaries)..... \$0.53

Daily average population during fiscal year ended June 30—

1918..... 227

1919..... 318

1920..... 296

1921..... 243

1922..... 290

Daily average cost of food per prisoner during fiscal year—

1918..... \$0.36

1919..... \$0.32

1920..... \$0.23

1921..... \$0.34

1922..... \$0.31

Largest number of prisoners in jail any one day..... 359

Smallest number of prisoners in jail any one day..... 204

Increase in daily population..... 47

Increase in prisoners transferred to reformatory..... 44

Increase in prisoners transferred to penitentiaries..... 160

Increase in prisoners transferred to workhouse..... 399

Increase in prisoners released at court, expiration..... 1,017

Decrease in prisoners transferred to St. Elizabeths..... 3

REPORT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA WORKHOUSE.

REPORT OF THE ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT.

I am submitting herewith the annual report of the District of Columbia Workhouse at Occoquan, Va., for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, giving the following information:

Table showing appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, and expenditures for same.

Classifications of expenses.

Brick statement of manufacture and disbursements.

Farm production.

Nonsupport statistics.

Movement of population.

Length of sentences served.

Nature of crimes for which committed.

Classification of ages.

Population and cost.

Report of physician in charge.

Head matron's report of female department.

HUGH H. GREEN.

Financial statement.

	Appropriations.	Expenditures.	Balances unexpended.
Salaries:			
Administration, joint.....	\$4,580.00	\$4,465.59	\$114.41
Administration.....	4,500.00	4,131.46	368.54
Operation.....	4,680.00	4,081.52	598.48
Maintenance.....	39,900.00	37,039.20	2,860.80
Maintenance.....	85,000.00	82,781.91	2,218.09
Fuel for maintenance and manufacturing.....	42,500.00	42,500.60	559.26
Construction, dynamite, oils, repairs, etc.....	30,000.00	29,440.74	16,314.06
Dairy and forage barn, balance.....	16,314.06		
Total.....	227,474.06	204,440.42	23,033.64

APPROPRIATIONS.

Salaries.....	\$53,660.00
Maintenance.....	85,000.00
Fuel for maintenance and manufacturing.....	42,500.00
Construction, dynamite, oils, repairs, etc.....	30,000.00
Dairy and forage barn, balance.....	16,314.06

Total..... 227,474.06

EXPENDED.

Salaries.....	49,717.77
Maintenance.....	82,781.91
Fuel for maintenance and manufacturing.....	42,500.00
Construction, dynamite, oils, repairs, etc.....	29,440.74
Appropriation unexpended.....	23,033.64

227,474.06

Appropriation for construction, dynamite, oils, repairs, etc., \$30,000, expended as follows:

Blacksmith supplies.	\$145.14
Brick plant.	1,305.71
Cement and lime.	134.69
Tools.	80.99
Electrical supplies.	398.85
Foreman (per diem).	16,882.85
Ice plant.	22.68
Hardware.	650.78
Oils.	476.30
Paint.	1,256.58
Plumbing supplies.	2,494.60
Lumber.	3,005.09
Engineer.	1,695.81
Miscellaneous.	702.92
Sand dredge.	95.00
Dynamite.	92.75
Total.	29,440.74

Appropriation for maintenance \$85,000, expended as follows:

Tugs and scows.	212.58
Meats.	12,412.93
Groceries and provisions.	9,213.39
Flour.	5,119.10
Tools.	438.08
Clothing.	6,567.45
Shoes.	4,575.25
Dry goods.	1,096.14
Tailor and sewing supplies.	8.90
Fuel—Gasoline.	885.50
Furnishings and house furnishings.	2,939.20
Medical and surgical supplies.	679.94
Laundry and cleaning supplies.	1,071.14
Automobiles and repairs.	3,055.06
Harness and repairs.	155.68
Blacksmithing and repairs.	387.72
Farm tools and appliances.	990.98
Fertilizer and seeds.	1,224.48
Forage.	15,431.84
Library.	224.00
Telephones and tolls.	566.63
Transportation.	69.30
Freight.	130.14
Postage.	90.00
Stationery and printing.	972.10
Foremen (per diem).	9,055.73
Ice.	254.23
Hardware.	995.37
Rewards.	160.00
Engineering supplies.	257.00
Miscellaneous.	1,133.61
Electrical supplies.	301.32
Paints and oils.	201.41
Plumbing supplies.	307.50
Barber shop.	27.52
Repairs.	198.53
Machinery.	100.24
Athletic supplies.	140.32
Tobacco.	1,052.80
Cement and lime.	78.80
Total maintenance.	82,781.91
Fuel, maintenance, and manufacturing.	42,500.00

Farm products, less deliveries to District of Columbia Reformatory, and products sold..... \$41,430.81

Total cost maintenance, fuel for maintenance and manufacturing, and farm products..... 166,712.72

Credits:

Brick delivered to district of Columbia, 1,995,201, at \$20 per M	39,904.02
Brick used at District of Columbia Reformatory, 451,450, at \$16 per M	7,223.20
Brick used at District of Columbia Workhouse, 38,420, at \$16 per M	614.72
Sand used at District of Columbia Workhouse	25.00
Sand used at District of Columbia Reformatory	750.00
Lumber sawed.....	2,900.00
Wood cut.....	5,000.00
Farm products (used).....	41,430.81
Products sold to officers.....	897.29
Milk used at reformatory.....	971.70
Hides shipped to District of Columbia	22.83
Workhouse fuel used to furnish light and water to District of Columbia Reformatory.....	10,122.57
Brick sold to Occoquan Church, 35,000, at \$16.....	560.00
Ice furnished to District of Columbia Reformatory.....	300.00

Total..... 110,722.14
Net cost of maintenance, and fuel for maintenance and manufacturing..... 55,990.58

Total cost, maintenance, fuel for maintenance and manufacturing, and farm products..... 166,712.72

BRICK STATEMENT.

Brick in stock July 1, 1921.....	652,684
Brick manufactured.....	2,742,400
Total.....	3,395,084
Used at District of Columbia Workhouse.....	38,420
Used at District of Columbia Reformatory.....	451,450
Delivered to departments of District of Columbia.....	1,995,201
Sold to Occoquan Church.....	35,000
On hand June 30, 1922.....	875,013
Total.....	3,395,084

Cost to the District Government for the operation of the institution.

Debits.	Credits.
Appropriations..... \$204,440.42	Farm products (used)..... \$41,430.81
Farm products (raised)..... 43,322.63	Lumber, sawed..... 2,900.00
Lumber, sawed..... 2,900.00	Wood, cut..... 5,000.00
Wood, cut..... 5,000.00	1,995,201 brick, delivered to District of Columbia, at \$20 per M
	39,904.02
	451,450 brick, used at District of Columbia Reformatory, at \$16 per M
	7,223.20
	38,420 brick, used at District of Columbia Workhouse
	614.72
	Sand, used at District of Columbia Workhouse
	25.00
	Sand, used at District of Columbia Reformatory
	750.00
	Products sold to officers..... 897.29
	Milk, used at District of Columbia Reformatory..... 971.70
	Hides, shipped to District of Columbia, 35,000 brick, sold to Occoquan Church, at \$16 per M
	22.83
	Ice, to District of Columbia Reformatory..... 300.00
	Fuel, used to furnish light and water to District of Columbia Reformatory
	10,122.57
	Net cost of salaries, maintenance, fuel for maintenance and manufacturing, and construction..... 144,940.91
Total..... 255,663.05	Total..... 255,663.05

RECAPITULATION.

Total appropriations and products.....	\$255,663.05
Total credits, book only.....	110,722.14
Total cost of maintenance, fuel for maintenance and manufacturing, and construction.....	144,940.91
Total appropriations only.....	204,440.42
Total credits, book only.....	110,722.14
Net cost, maintenance, fuel, and construction.....	93,718.28
The daily average population.....	268.92
The previous year.....	208.09
Cost for salaries, maintenance, fuel for maintenance and manufacture, construction, repairs, etc.:	
The gross cost per day.....	700.45
The net cost per capita per day.....	1,477
The net cost per capita for the year.....	538.97
The net cost of subsistence per capita per day.....	1748
Net cost per year per capita for salaries, maintenance, fuel, and repairs.....	409.20

Products of farm, dairy, poultry, and orchard.

Farm products.....	\$11,379.50
Dairy products.....	16,925.18
Poultry products.....	4,328.00
Orchard products.....	656.55
Hog products.....	10,033.40
Total.....	43,322.63

Support of abandoned wives.

The amount paid in 37 cases under the nonsupport act for the support of abandoned wives and children was \$1,284.50.

Movement of population.

Population.....	265	Recaptured.....	23
Received from jail.....	1,415	Recaptured from previous year.....	5
Discharged.....	1,362	Attempted to escape and recaptured same day.....	34
Escaped.....	37		

Prisoners, male and female, received and discharged.

Population July 1, 1921.....	265	Discharged.....	1,362
Received from jail.....	1,415	Inmates at large.....	14
Recaptured from previous year.....	5	Population June 30, 1922.....	309
Total.....	1,685	Total.....	1,685

Total male prisoners received by months.

Months.	White.	Colored.	Months.	White.	Colored.
July.....	41	86	February.....	21	45
August.....	43	73	March.....	50	88
September.....	28	57	April.....	41	95
October.....	27	86	May.....	45	81
November.....	34	72	June.....	39	95
December.....	11	51	Total.....	405	879
January.....	25	50			

Total female prisoners received by months.

Months.	White.	Colored.	Months.	White.	Colored.
July.....	1	14	February.....	0	3
August.....	2	12	March.....	0	9
September.....	0	8	April.....	0	12
October.....	2	13	May.....	1	6
November.....	3	13	June.....	2	15
December.....	0	11	Total.....	11	120
January.....	0	4			

Average monthly population.

MALES.

July.....	242.19	January.....	204.29
August.....	271.03	February.....	191.93
September.....	257.60	March.....	207.23
October.....	254.39	April.....	250.97
November.....	254.23	May.....	257.94
December.....	221.49	June.....	277.73

Average daily population, male, 241.11.

FEMALES.

July.....	24.90	January.....	31.13
August.....	35.48	February.....	23.25
September.....	30.23	March.....	19.23
October.....	34.10	April.....	21.30
November.....	36.00	May.....	18.13
December.....	36.52	June.....	20.53

Average daily population, female, 27.81.

Average daily population, males and females, 268.92.

LAUNDRY.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, 84,292 pieces of clothing were laundered in the laundry operated by the female department.

GARMENTS.

There were made in the sewing room of the female department during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, 3,000 garments.

REPORT OF THE PHYSICIAN.

In the past year we have had no deaths. In the previous year the number was 1.

The total number of patients remaining in the hospital for one day or more was 209.

In the hospital 6,417 minor ailments received attention at the daily sick calls.

There were 332 Wassermann tests made, of which 85 were positive, 242 negative, and 5 doubtful; an average for positive tests of 25.6 per cent. All of these men who showed a positive test have received treatments of arsenobenzol (arsphenamine).

We are badly in need of a building in which to house those persons who are tubercular or syphilitic.

The sanitary condition of the institution is excellent.

The food served here is well cooked and wholesome.

F. W. HORNBAKER,
Physician in Charge.

REPORT OF FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

No material changes have taken place in the female department this year. The number of commitments to the institution for the year was 131. Eleven of these were white women. The commitments for the preceding year numbered 133, 41 being white women.

The health in this department has been excellent, the number treated for minor ailments being 4. No deaths occurred. Very little trouble has been experienced from the standpoint of discipline.

Attached is a table showing the number of pieces of clothing laundered, also a list of clothing made by the women.

The six matrons assisting with the work have rendered kind, thoughtful, courteous, commendable service. For this and the hearty coopertaion of the management we are duly grateful.

MINNIE R. HERNDON,
Matron.

REPORT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA REFORMATORY.

Financial statement.

APPROPRIATIONS.

Maintenance.....	\$50,000.00
Salaries.....	30,700.00
Permanent construction, buildings, etc.....	50,000.00
Material for repairs to buildings, etc.....	3,000.00
Fuel for maintenance.....	8,000.00
 Total.....	 141,700.00

EXPENDED.

Maintenance.....	48,921.95
Salaries.....	29,881.21
Permanent construction, buildings, etc.....	44,376.08
Material for repairs to buildings, etc.....	2,944.19
Fuel for maintenance.....	8,000.00
Appropriation unexpended.....	7,576.57
 Total.....	 141,700.00

Appropriation for maintenance, \$50,000, expended as follows:

Salaries.....	1,398.75
Meats, fish, etc.....	7,729.76
Flour.....	3,488.92
Groceries and provisions.....	6,361.04
Butter.....	762.36
Eggs.....	2,034.15
Clothing and dry goods.....	7,395.62
Shoes and repairs for same.....	2,049.26
Furniture and house furnishings.....	2,328.91
Medical and surgical supplies.....	358.16
Laundry and cleaning supplies.....	1,128.59
Vehicles and repairs for same.....	95.16
Blacksmithing and supplies.....	72.00
Farm tools.....	116.01
Seeds and fertilizer.....	103.10
Forage.....	5,047.84
Transportation.....	1,018.96
Stationery and printing.....	401.12
Telephone and tolls.....	255.19
Freight and express.....	30.02
Paints.....	57.77
Electrical fixtures.....	344.19
Oils, lubricants and equipment.....	1,722.46
Tools.....	148.73
Repairs.....	206.21
Postage.....	100.44
Broom supplies.....	38.25
Gratuity.....	460.00
Rewards.....	175.00
Tobacco.....	1,088.06
Athletic supplies.....	30.00
Automobile supplies.....	1,039.11
Plumbing supplies.....	664.50
Chinaware and supplies for kitchen.....	137.16
Photographic supplies.....	12.29
Miscellaneous.....	522.86

Total.....	 48,921.95
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REPORT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA REFORMATORY. 47

Appropriation for permanent construction, buildings, etc., \$50,000, expended as follows:

Salaries.....	\$21,661.89
Cement and lime.....	5,659.05
Lumber.....	3,868.46
Tools.....	405.19
Engineer and plumbing supplies.....	4,033.94
Sewer pipe and supplies.....	798.69
Electrical fixtures.....	131.18
Paints.....	456.59
Cell fronts.....	6,750.00
Miscellaneous.....	611.09
 Total.....	 44,376.08

Appropriation for material for repairs to buildings, etc., \$3,000, expended as follows:

Roofing and material for same.....	935.01
Paint.....	787.59
Lumber.....	863.15
Nails, plaster, and general material.....	358.44
 Total.....	 2,944.19

Appropriation for fuel for maintenance, \$8,000, expended as follows:

Fuel.....	8,000.00
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Movement of population since July 1, 1916.

	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19	1919-20	1920-21	1921-22
Population.....		88	145	131	173	166
Received.....	118	155	59	124	80	124
Discharged.....	21	75	60	82	87	99
Excaped.....	15	37	25	17	6	10
Recaptured.....	6	14	13	15	4	9
Died.....			1			1

Prisoners received and discharged.

Population July 1, 1921.....	166	Discharged.....	62
Received from jail.....	124	Paroled.....	31
Returned—escapes.....	9	Escaped.....	10
Returned—parole violators.....	1	Died.....	1
	300	Released to Washington Asylum and jail.....	6
		Population June 30, 1922.....	190
			300

Total number of prisoners received, by months.

	White.	Colored.		White.	Colored.
July.....	0	7	February.....	10	8
August.....	2	4	March.....	5	5
September.....	1	0	April.....	7	7
October.....	3	6	May.....	2	6
November.....	10	14	June.....	1	5
December.....	6	8	Total for year.....	49	75.
January.....	2	5			

Average monthly population.

July.....	167.87	January.....	180.81
August.....	168.48	February.....	183.89
September.....	161.06	March.....	190.51
October.....	155.23	April.....	194.53
November.....	170.80	May.....	198.71
December.....	175.02	June.....	192.13

Average daily population, 178.25.

Population and cost.

The average population, daily.....	178.25
The previous year.....	158.59
The gross cost per day.....	\$215.92
The gross cost per man per day.....	\$1.21
The gross cost per capita for the year.....	\$488.95
The net cost of subsistence per man per day.....	\$0.225

M. M. BARNARD,
Assistant Superintendent

REPORT OF THE COLUMBIA HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN AND LYING-IN ASYLUM.

OFFICERS.

MYRON M. PARKER, president.
RABBI ABRAM SIMON, Ph. D., vice president.
RUPERT BLUE, M. D., U. S. P. H. S., vice president.
ENOCH L. WHITE, secretary.
J. O. SKINNER, M. D., treasurer.

DIRECTORS.

Henry P. Blair.
Rupert Blue, M. D., U. S. P. H. S.
Alexander Britton.
William P. Dillingham, U. S. Senate.
Alfred Harding, D. D., Bishop of Washington.
Surgeon General of the Army (Merritt W. Ireland, M. D.).
Caleb R. Layton, House of Representatives.
Ladislas Lazaro, M. D., House of Representatives.
Emily B. Learned.
Virginia Blake Miller.
Commissioner, District of Columbia (James F. Oyster).
Myron M. Parker.
Rabbi Abram Simon.
J. O. Skinner, M. D.
Surgeon General of the Navy (E. R. Stitt, M. D.).
Enoch L. White.
Harvey W. Wiley, M. D.
Nathaniel Wilson.
Surgeon General U. S. P. H. S. (H. S. Cummings, M. D.).

REPORT OF MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

I have the honor to report at the close of the fiscal year 1921-22 that the structural condition of the hospital is good and its equipment fairly adequate for the service required. As in previous years, the demand for accommodation on the obstetrical side has constantly indicated that the needs of the community in this respect have not been fully provided for. Doubling of the number of rooms and beds available for private maternity patients would probably not be excessive. It is hoped that in the near future enlargement of the hospital may prove practicable.

Previous reports have stressed the urgent need for suitable and adequate living quarters for nurses in training. The Training School for Nurses is a vital adjunct to efficient and economical functioning of the hospital, and if it is to hold its proper position as a first-class institution a modern dormitory is demanded and would eliminate a serious handicap which now obtains.

A class demonstration room with equipment has been provided, and has decidedly improved the teaching facilities. The attached report of the superintendent of the Nurses' Training School conveys detailed information concerning it.

The X-ray division of the hospital is in need of additional apparatus if it is to be equipped for all needs, and a trained technician in attend-

ance would be required for most efficient service. For the time being the expense involved in such enlargement of the X-ray facilities does not seem to be warranted by the demand.

The laboratory has rendered satisfactory and efficient service under the supervision of the pathologist, with a competent technician in immediate charge. All necessary equipment within the limitation of available space has been provided.

The appropriation administered by the Board of Charities of the District, available for the care of indigent cases in this institution, for the fiscal year was expended by the end of March and for the remaining months of the year, viz, April, May, and June, the service has not been paid for. On July 1, 1922, the approximate amount of this account due to the hospital and unpaid by the Board of Charities, District of Columbia, is \$3,157.75.

On June 30, 1921, there were remaining in the hospital in the gynecological division, patients, adults, 44; obstetrical division, patients, adults, 45, and infants, 41. Of these adults, 53 were private patients and 36 were charity patients.

During the year ending June 30, 1922, there were admitted 807 gynecological patients (618 white and 189 colored); of these, 570 were private and 237 were charity patients; obstetrical patients, 1,589 (1,071 white and 518 colored); of these, 919 were private and 670 were charity patients.

The total number of patients admitted for the year was 2,396. The number of infants born in the hospital during the year was 1,453 (private white, 861; charity white, 128; charity colored, 460). This is 170 more than in the preceding year. The number of infants born before arrival at the hospital was 4.

The report of the medical board will furnish detailed information as to the number and kind of surgical and obstetrical operations, and as to morbidity, together with statistical data of professional interest.

Dispensary: The dispensary service (out-patients' clinic) has been slowly increasing. During the year there were 633 surgical patients cared for and 548 obstetrical. The total number of visits, both services, was 3,126. The prenatal clinic has rendered valuable service in the determination of the existence of latent specific infections and in giving appropriate treatment therefor. The social welfare service connected with the dispensary has been attended to by a graduate nurse employed full time, jointly by the hospital and the Instructive Visiting Nurses' Society.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES.

Receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, have been from private or pay patients, \$126,507.43; Board of Charities, \$18,272.50; total, \$144,779.93. Contingent expenses, including refunded over-charges, \$3,167.43. Expenses (not including cost of heat, light, and power, and contingent expenses) have been: For supplies and minor repairs, \$75,810.61; for employees, as per pay roll, \$52,833.91; by treasurer's check to individuals, \$7,782.10; total, \$136,426.62. The per diem cost of subsistence supplies has been 70 cents (previous year 75 cents). The per diem maintenance cost per patient (infants not included) has been \$4.03 (same as previous year). In calculating per diem maintenance the cost of fuel, light, and power, and for repairs to

buildings paid for by funds controlled by the Architect of Capitol buildings and grounds is not included.

W. R. DuBose,
Medical Superintendent.

TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES.

July 1, 1921—

Number of students in training.....	51
Number received during year (including Probationers).....	37
Number resigned during the year.....	8
Number dismissed during the year.....	7
Number graduated during year.....	19
Probationers not accepted.....	5
Number remaining June 30, 1922, including probationers.....	45
Classified as follows:	
Graduates (completing term).....	4
Seniors.....	10
Intermediates.....	15
Juniors.....	7
Probationers.....	6
Affiliates.....	3
	45

The training school has the following affiliations: Bellevue Hospital, New York City, six months' course for general medical and children's training. The Emergency Hospital, Washington, D. C., three months' course for male surgical and emergency ward training. Twelve students have received their emergency and surgical training at the Emergency Hospital, representing 36 months. Our system of exchange of students from Emergency Hospital has provided 36 months of training in Columbia Hospital.

The general health of the students has been fair; 147 days have been lost through illness, 46 days less than the previous year.

The student nurses have rendered 12,753 nursing days to the hospital during the fiscal year.

The training school has complied with the curriculum as established by the District board of nurse examiners and in May, 1922, seven of our graduates passed the District board examinations.

Mrs. E. G. Fournier, principal of the training school, resigned her position in February, 1922, and on April 1 the present principal assumed charge of the training school.

On May 1 a new class and demonstration room, fully equipped for teaching purposes, was opened and a study table added to the reference library, and the shelves in this room so adjusted that a larger study space was available. By the addition of this classroom our students can now receive proper demonstrations in bedside nursing in the handling of both the adult and the infant patient.

On May 26, 1922, 19 students graduated, all having passed the required grade, 75 per cent, required in the school. The graduation exercises were held in the Ebbitt House, the courtesies of which were again graciously extended to us this year.

Due to the shortage of nurses we have had to employ a number of aides and several undergraduate nurses, and in order to meet the situation it became necessary on June 1 to place graduate nurses in charge of all the floors.

In May a training school committee was formed, consisting of two members of the board of trustees, two members of the medical board, two members of the ladies' auxilliary board, and the superintendent of the training school.

A transfer to a modern card system of the theoretical and practical work of each student has been made during May and June.

In closing this report may I express on behalf of the school our sincere gratitude to the physicians who have so generously devoted their time to the education of the students, also to the medical staff for their gracious services so freely rendered in the care of sick students? To our coworkers in the hospital, Doctor DuBose, the medical superintendent of the hospital, the assistants and supervising nurses, the interne staff, the dietitian and her assistants, we extend our thanks for their interest, cooperation, and support.

We extend our hearty appreciation to the woman's auxiliary board members for the graduation bouquets; the interest displayed in the school and their support. To the board of trustees of Columbia Hospital, our thanks for their efforts in behalf of the school and its progress.

ELEANOR E. HAMILTON, R. N.,
Superintendent Training School.

Dispensary service.

	White (female).	Colored (female).	Total.
Number of cases that received treatment.....	297	1,648	1,945
Number of new cases that received treatment.....	172	1,009	1,181
Number of visits made by patients to dispensary.....	469	2,657	3,126

Movement of population.

	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
PATIENTS.					
Number of patients in hospital June 30, 1921, including infants.....	14	60	1	2	77
Number admitted during year, adults.....		1,484		6	1,490
Number born in hospital during year, including 28 stillbirths and 1 male and 1 female before admission.....	448	417	1		866
Total.....	462	1,961	2	8	2,433
Number discharged during year:					
Cured, including infants.....	425	1,555	2	3	1,985
Improved.....		293		5	298
Unimproved.....		12			12
Number of deaths during year and stillbirths.....	26	35			61
Number of patients remaining June 30, 1922.....	11	66			77
Total.....	462	1,961	2	8	2,433
Daily average number of patients, including infants.....	14.45	64.53	0.22	0.68	79.89
Total number of days' maintenance furnished patients.....	5,358	22,794	14	133	28,299
Largest number of patients at any one time.....	25	95	1	3	124
Smallest number of patients at any one time.....	4	37	1	1	43

Movement of population—Continued.

	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
CHARITY PATIENTS.					
Number of patients in hospital June 30, 1921, including infants.....	4	8	4	37	53
Number admitted during year, adults.....	206	.....	.....	701	907
Number born in hospital during year, including 37 stillbirths and 1 male and 1 female, colored, born before admission.....	72	56	245	217	590
Total.....	76	270	249	955	1,550
Number discharged during year:					
Cured, including infants.....	73	214	216	756	1,259
Improved.....	38	.....	.....	112	150
Unimproved.....	7	.....	.....	15	22
Number of deaths during year, stillbirths (37).....	3	8	27	40	78
Number of patients remaining June 30, 1922.....	3	6	6	32	41
Total.....	76	270	249	955	1,550
Daily average number of patients, including infants..	2.82	9.79	7.7	35.92	56.23
Total number of days' maintenance furnished patients	1,039	2,391	2,811	12,381	18,622
Largest number of patients at any one time.....	6	25	14	63	108
Smallest number of patients at any one time.....	1	3	3	18	25

Financial statement of J. O. Skinner, treasurer.

Item.	Care and treatment of indigent patients under contract with the Board of Charities.	Pay patients' fund.	Donation, woman's board.	Bond interest.	Total.
By balance on hand July 1, 1921.....	\$6,593.47	\$9,706.63	\$400.00	\$26.08	\$16,726.18
Received from the Board of Charities during fiscal year ending June 30, 1922.....	18,272.50	.....	.....	.....	18,272.50
Received from pay patients during fiscal year ending June 30, 1922.....	126,507.43	.....	.....	.....	126,507.43
Interest on deposits:					
Dec. 31-21.....	\$51.61				
Jan. 1-21.....	69.08				
July 1-21.....	75.74				
Refund on pay roll during year.....					102.23
Interest on emergency securities.....				1,294.13	1,294.13
Check (deposited American Security), sale of emergency security bonds, including profit and accrued interest.....					38,332.24
Total amount on hand and received to June 30, 1922.....	24,865.97	136,214.06	400.00	1,320.21	201,431.14
Total amount disbursed during fiscal year ending June 30, 1922.....	20,053.65	134,790.94	.....	.....	154,844.39
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	46,586.55
Amounts available as follows:					
American Security & Trust Co.....					\$33,278.27
National Savings & Trust Co.....					11,099.16
Cash and checks in safe (deposited July 5, 1922).....					2,209.12
					46,586.55

MEMORANDUM.

Receipts, disbursements, and balance pertaining to the "Merit award fund" for the Training School for Nurses.

RECEIPTS.	DISBURSED.
Bonds.....	\$400.00
Interest December, 1919.....	8.00
Interest February, 1920.....	16.00
Interest June, 1920.....	9.00
Donation July, 1920.....	5.00
Interest December, 1920.....	8.50
Interest June, 1921.....	8.50
Interest December, 1921.....	8.50
Interest June, 1922.....	8.50
Total.....	472.00
	Total.....
	472.00

Treasurer's classification of disbursements, fiscal year 1921-22.

Item.	Care and treatment of indigent patients under contract with the Board of Charities.	Pay patients' fund.	Total.
Services.....	\$60,616.01	\$60,616.01	
Marketing, groceries, etc.....	35,110.10	48,908.59	
Ice.....	264.56	477.54	742.10
Milk.....	1,831.87	4,598.70	6,430.57
Telephone.....	268.57	899.61	1,168.18
House furnishings.....	331.16	4,126.48	4,457.64
Stationery supplies.....	449.94	1,064.69	1,514.63
Drugs.....	562.79	1,787.15	2,349.94
Medical and surgical supplies.....	1,931.99	4,878.92	6,810.91
Engineer supplies.....	179.19	273.87	453.06
Laundry supplies.....	268.57	504.60	773.17
Contingent expenses.....		3,167.43	3,167.43
Electrical supplies.....	166.52	444.70	611.22
Painting throughout hospital.....		1,090.60	1,090.60
Emergency securities.....		15,100.19	15,100.19
Lawyer's fee for "Case of Mattson v. Hospital".....		500.00	500.00
Unpaid checks during the fiscal year (returned by the banks as not good).....		150.35	150.35
	20,053.65	134,790.94	154,844.59

CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Report of treasurer.

On hand July 1, 1921..... \$987.37

RECEIPTS—GENERAL.

HOSPITAL.

Private wards.....	\$17,092.85
Public wards.....	4,736.79
Operating room.....	\$8,394.75
Less anesthetist.....	4,001.29
	4,393.46
Laboratory.....	2,386.50
X-ray.....	847.25
	29,456.85
Dispensary.....	\$738.64
Sale of drugs.....	128.13
Sales to nurses.....	390.38
Telephone tolls.....	72.47
	1,329.62
District of Columbia.....	\$30,786.47
Board of Charities.....	18,055.75
	91.75

INCOME FROM ENDOWMENTS, ETC.

Nairn estate.....	\$2,018.31
Dividends.....	237.85
Rents.....	178.90
Endowments.....	8,399.48
Permanent investment.....	2,772.13
	13,606.67

BOARD OF LADY VISITORS.

Sterilizer.....	400.00
Salary aid.....	1,728.00
Milk aid.....	207.82
Charity ball.....	4,545.00
	6,880.82

CONTRIBUTIONS AND ENTERTAINMENTS.

Card appeal.....	5,113.20
Sustaining members.....	5,720.00
Infant sustenance.....	540.00
Dental clinic.....	750.00
Baseball benefit.....	4,091.60
Richard Wallach trust.....	58.24
Lion Club lunch.....	17.40
Unexpended balance from 1919 drive.....	116.78
Donations in memoriam.....	375.00
Other donation and dues.....	933.00
	17,765.22
Fire insurance indemnity.....	20.00
Loans from bank.....	\$10,000
Reported in previous year.....	7,000
Increase.....	3,000.00
	90,206.68

RECEIPTS—SPECIAL.

Navy Relief Association, balance of endowment.....	1,009.05
Arlington Fire Co. distribution.....	149.66
Dr. Thomas Miller memorial.....	500.00
Grace Young Williams.....	500.00
Caroline Henry legacy.....	500.00
	2,658.71
	93,852.76

DISBURSEMENTS—GENERAL.

Pay roll.....	\$30,821.99
Superintendent sundries.....	502.49
Table supplies.....	14,280.51
Medical supplies.....	6,624.08
Miscellaneous.....	6,604.86
Milk.....	3,040.76
Fuel.....	5,685.75
Telephone.....	551.56
Electricity.....	1,964.18
Gas.....	533.97
Ice.....	1,450.90
Infant sustenance.....	848.59
Stamps for secretary.....	16.44

Ledger for treasurer.....	\$5.00
Rent of safety box.....	20.00
Printing annual report.....	213.30
Premium on bond of treasurer.....	25.00
Premium on bond of superintendent.....	5.00
Premium on elevator insurance.....	82.50
Premium on fire insurance.....	270.00
Water tax.....	154.00
Card appeal expense.....	1,301.25
Interest on building loan.....	2,695.00
Interest on bank loan.....	613.59
Transfer to ladies board: Wallach entertainment trust receipts.....	58.24
	\$78,368.96

DISBURSEMENTS—SPECIAL

Transfer to endowment account:	
Balance Navy Relief Association payments.....	\$1,009.05
Dr. Thomas Miller memorial, fourth Liberty bond at par.....	500.00
	1,509.05
Transfer to permanent investment account:	
Proceeds from 14 shares Arlington Fire Insurance Co. stock.....	149.66
Unrestricted legacies—	
Caroline Henry.....	500.00
Lucretia S. Beam.....	4,407.42
Memorial beds—	
Grace Young Williams.....	500.00
Capt. Alfred Glasscock.....	500.00
Margretta Park Leech.....	500.00
	6,557.08
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	\$8,066.13
	7,417.67
	93,852.76

N. L. BURCHELL,
Treasurer.

Movement of population.

	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
PAY PATIENTS.					
Number of patients in hospital June 30, 1921.....	17	10	7	3	37
Number admitted during year.....	406	373	0	0	779
Total.....	423	383	7	3	816
Number discharged during year:					
Cured.....	361	344			705
Improved.....	24	18			42
Unimproved.....	4	2			6
Number of deaths during year.....	16	5			21
Number of patients remaining June 30, 1922.....	18	14	7	3	42
Total.....	423	383	7	3	816
CHARITY PATIENTS.					
Number of patients in hospital June 30, 1921.....	12	7	16	10	45
Number admitted during year.....	307	236	407	314	1,264
Total.....	319	243	423	324	1,309
Number discharged during year:					
Cured.....	220	164	304	224	912
Improved.....	58	37	57	52	204
Unimproved.....	4	4	15	15	38
Number of deaths during year.....	29	33	37	22	121
Number of patients remaining June 30, 1922.....	8	5	10	11	34
Total.....	319	243	423	324	1,309
Number of emergency cases treated during year, pay and charity.....					200
Daily average number of patients, pay and charity.....					72
Total number of days' maintenance furnished patients, pay and charity.....					25,462
Largest number of patients at any one time, pay and charity.....					98
Smallest number of patients at any one time, pay and charity.....					47

Total number of days' maintenance furnished employees, 24,090.

Report of dispensary service.

?	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
Number of new cases that received treatment.....	407	369	1,000	895	2,671
Number of revisits made by patients to dispensary..	780	650	1,026	1,898	4,354
Number of cases that received treatment.....	1,187	1,019	2,026	2,793	7,025

Number of prescriptions compounded, 2,561.

Amount of money received, \$743.45.

Report of Training School for Nurses.

Number of nurses, June 30, 1921 (including probationers).....	19
Number received during year.....	26
Number that resigned during the year.....	4
Number that were dismissed during the year ¹	3
Number that graduated during the year.....	4
Number of probationers not accepted.....	5
Number of nurses remaining June 30, 1922 (including probationers).....	29

Length of probation required, 2 months.

Amount of compensation paid to nurses (monthly), \$12.

¹ Dismissed at request of nurses' examining board because of preliminary education. They were satisfactory pupils.

REPORT OF THE GARFIELD MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.

Movement of population.

PAY PATIENTS.

Number of patients in hospital June 30, 1921.....	96
Number admitted during year.....	2,916
Number born in hospital during year.....	527
<hr style="border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: none; border-left: none; border-right: none; margin: 0; padding: 0; width: 100%; height: 1px; display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;"/> Total.....	<hr style="border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: none; border-left: none; border-right: none; margin: 0; padding: 0; width: 100%; height: 1px; display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;"/> 3,539
Number discharged during year:	
Cured, including infants.....	2,317
Improved.....	771
Unimproved.....	237
Number of deaths during year.....	113
Number of patients remaining June 30, 1922.....	101
<hr style="border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: none; border-left: none; border-right: none; margin: 0; padding: 0; width: 100%; height: 1px; display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;"/> Total.....	<hr style="border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: none; border-left: none; border-right: none; margin: 0; padding: 0; width: 100%; height: 1px; display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;"/> 3,539
Daily average number of patients.....	104
Total number of days' maintenance furnished patients.....	<hr style="border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: none; border-left: none; border-right: none; margin: 0; padding: 0; width: 100%; height: 1px; display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;"/> 38,077

CHARITY PATIENTS.

Number of patients in hospital June 30, 1921.....	27
Number admitted during year.....	455
Number born in hospital during year.....	66
<hr style="border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: none; border-left: none; border-right: none; margin: 0; padding: 0; width: 100%; height: 1px; display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;"/> Total.....	<hr style="border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: none; border-left: none; border-right: none; margin: 0; padding: 0; width: 100%; height: 1px; display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;"/> 548
Number discharged during year:	
Cured, including infants.....	274
Improved.....	161
Unimproved.....	65
Number of deaths during year.....	33
Number of patients remaining June 30, 1922.....	15
<hr style="border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: none; border-left: none; border-right: none; margin: 0; padding: 0; width: 100%; height: 1px; display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;"/> Total.....	<hr style="border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: none; border-left: none; border-right: none; margin: 0; padding: 0; width: 100%; height: 1px; display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;"/> 548
Number of emergency cases treated during year, free and pay.....	400
Daily average number of patients, charity.....	26
Total number of days' maintenance furnished patients, charity.....	9,555
Largest number of patients at any one time, charity and pay.....	202
Smallest number of patients at any one time, charity and pay.....	56

Report of Training School for Nurses.

Number of nurses June 30, 1921 (including probationers).....	57
Number received during the year.....	47
Number that resigned during the year.....	8
Number that were dismissed during the year.....	9
Number that graduated during the year.....	9
Number of probationers not accepted.....	11
Number of nurses remaining June 30, 1922 (including probationers).....	67

Length of probation required, $3\frac{1}{2}$ months.

Amount of compensation paid to nurses (monthly), \$10. (Uniforms, books, and shoes furnished.)

Financial statement.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand June 30, 1921.....	\$7,439.53
For board and care of inmates, miscellaneous hospital charges, fees for anesthetists, roentgenologist, pathologist, and pharmacist.....	230,737.02
From emergency cases.....	146.00
From dispensary.....	63.00
From X-ray commissions.....	1,268.05
From interest and dividends.....	1,963.10
From rent.....	303.88
From contributions.....	2,991.27
From miscellaneous.....	2,554.48
From appropriation under contract.....	14,888.00
From appropriation for contagious cases.....	9,827.16
 Total receipts.....	 272,181.49

EXPENDITURES.

For pay roll.....	78,871.88
For nurses' fees.....	2,180.00
For food.....	66,336.11
For fuel.....	14,059.38
For heat, light, and power.....	8,441.31
For drugs.....	6,815.50
Household supplies.....	35,072.00
Laundry expenses.....	2,133.58
For telephone and telegraph.....	2,442.33
For auto repair.....	773.78
Building repairs.....	9,643.97
For magazines and publications.....	339.33
For collection liabilities.....	22,910.40
For insurance.....	812.09
For interest.....	6,750.00
For refunds.....	950.35
For taxes and water rent.....	168.08
For rent.....	600.00
For petty cash.....	1,292.53
For miscellaneous.....	2,724.45
 Total expenditures.....	 263,517.07
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	8,864.42

REPORT OF THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL.

Financial statement.

ASSETS.

Land and buildings, 1335, 1339, 1341 H Street, occupied by hospital and medical school.....	\$616,415.00
Land and buildings, 1016 Thirteenth Street, and 1300 L Street, occupied by hospital for nurses' home.....	22,500.00
Equipment and furniture (replacement value).....	30,968.33
Endowment and executory trust funds.....	31,575.08
 Total.....	 701,458.41

NOTE.—The property and funds occupied and used by the hospital are owned by the university and controlled by the board of trustees.

INDEBTEDNESS.

Liability to endowment funds secured by deed of trust on lands and buildings, 1335, 1339, 1341 H Street.....	321,430.23
Mortgages for deferred purchase money, secured on lands and buildings, 1016 Thirteenth Street, and 1300 L Street.....	6,594.50
 Total.....	 328,024.73

RECEIPTS.

From board of inmates.....	59,519.39
From anesthetics.....	7,092.01
From dispensary.....	1,455.11
From use of operating room.....	8,585.85
From X-ray.....	959.00
From laboratory.....	4,901.60
From nurses board.....	6,208.38
From board of lady managers.....	2,492.77
From reimbursement funeral expenses.....	989.35
From delivery room.....	850.00
From nursery.....	967.00
From miscellaneous.....	843.08
From legacies or endowment.....	1,032.86
From appropriation under contract.....	5,448.50
 Total receipts.....	 101,344.90

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services.....	35,735.94
For meats, fish, etc.....	\$8,413.58
For flour.....	160.75
For bread.....	1,601.74
For groceries and provisions.....	7,272.56
For milk.....	3,366.63
For butter.....	1,470.95
For eggs.....	1,589.11

Total for food.....	23,875.32
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For ice.....		\$2,332.39
For laundry when not done in institutions.....		3,667.77
For laundry and cleaning supplies.....		830.29
For fuel.....	\$2,318.97	
For light.....	3,210.18	
For power.....	30.85	
For engineer's supplies.....	144.00	
Total for heat, light, and power, and engineer's supplies.....		5,704.00
For furniture and household furnishings and repairs to same.....		4,144.49
For medical and surgical supplies and instruments.....		5,710.31
For medical attendance, anesthetists, radiographers, and pathologists.....		9,552.50
For refunds to patients.....		729.65
For school expenses (textbooks).....		45.47
For stationery and printing and office supplies.....		594.29
For telephone and telegrams.....		728.71
For current repairs and materials for same.....		3,006.48
For interest on building, 1016 Thirteenth Street NW.....		247.50
For principal and interest on building, 1300 L Street NW.....		600.00
For water rent.....		39.75
For insurance.....		307.98
For commission for collection of old accounts.....		57.69
For sick nurse in Garfield Hospital.....		60.50
For uniforms for pupil nurses.....		160.00
For sundries (freight, etc.).....		441.53
Total expenditures.....		98,572.56
Surplus on hand June 30, 1922.....		2,772.34

Report of dispensary service.

	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
Number of cases that received treatment.....	1,307	1,210	655	758	3,930
Number of new cases that received treatment.....	371	332	192	219	1,114
Number of visits made by patients to dispensary.....	1,307	1,210	655	758	3,930

Number of prescriptions compounded, 3,410.

Number of patients from whom payment was received, 3,795.

Amount of money received, \$826.51.

Movement of population.

	White.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	
PAY PATIENTS.			
Number of patients in hospital June 30, 1921.....	18	24	42
Number admitted during year.....	572	1,034	1,606
Number born in hospital during year.....	88	94	182
Total.....	678	1,152	1,830
Number discharged during year:			
Cured.....	492	793	1,285
Improved.....	101	245	346
Unimproved.....	37	59	96
Number of deaths during year.....	33	29	62
Number of patients remaining June 30, 1922.....	15	26	41
Total.....	678	1,152	1,830
Number of emergency cases treated during year.....			221
Daily average number of patients.....			50.35
Total number of days' maintenance furnished patients.....			18,378
Largest number of patients at any one time.....			97
Smallest number of patients at any one time.....			32
CHARITY PATIENTS.			
Number of patients in hospital June 30, 1921.....	1	1	2
Number admitted during year.....	83	145	228
Number born in hospital during year.....	2	3	5
Total.....	86	149	235
Number discharged during year:			
Cured.....	44	85	129
Improved.....	24	41	65
Unimproved.....	9	9	18
Number of deaths during year.....	3	5	8
Number of patients remaining June 30, 1922.....	5	10	15
Total.....	85	150	235
Number of emergency cases treated during year.....			76
Daily average number of patients.....			8.32
Total number of days' maintenance furnished.....			3,037
Largest number of patients at any one time.....			20
Smallest number of patients at any one time.....			2

Total number of days' maintenance furnished employees, 37,320.

Report of Training School for Nurses.

Number of nurses June 30, 1921 (including probationers).....	33
Number received during the year.....	24
Number that resigned during the year.....	6
Number that were dismissed during the year.....	1
Number that graduated during the year.....	11
Number of probationers not accepted.....	1
Number of nurses remaining June 30, 1922 (including probationers).....	38

Length of probation required, 4 months.

Amount of compensation paid to nurses (monthly), \$15.

REPORT OF GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL.

Financial statement.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand June 30, 1921	\$18,326.97
From board of inmates	91,646.05
From emergency cases	199.60
From dispensary	280.08
From trust fund	209.50
From ladies' aid societies	2,900.00
From interest and dividends	2,043.19
From contributions	674.86
From telephone receipts	336.75
From legacies or endowment	34,950.55
From refund	48.54
From various sources	1,296.01
From donation for improvement purposes	10,000.00
From appropriation under contract	5,000.00
From appropriation Montgomery County	688.00
 Total receipts	 168,600.10

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services	31,854.51
Total for food	33,302.32
For ice	1,011.85
For laundry and cleaning supplies	817.23
Total for clothing, shoes, and dry goods	1,981.17
For fuel	\$7,751.81
For light	3,768.01
 Total for heat and light	 11,519.82
For furniture and household furnishings and repairs to same	1,571.20
For medical and surgical supplies and instruments	11,768.20
For stationery and printing and office supplies	631.27
For telephone	1,062.25
For car tickets	354.13
For current repairs and materials for same	2,842.04
For interest	3,856.80
For water rent	677.85
For insurance (fire)	631.80
For loan returned	10,000.00
For improvements	13,161.83
For incidentals	888.53
For legacies and endowments invested	34,950.55
 Total expenditures	 162,883.35
Balance on hand June 30, 1922	5,716.75

Movement of population.

	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
PAY PATIENTS.					
Number of patients in hospital June 30, 1921.....	28	62			97
Number admitted during year.....	952	1,430	34	50	2,405
Number born in hospital during year.....	244	212	1		457
Total.....	1,224	1,704	35	57	3,020
Number discharged during year:					
Cured.....	945	1,347	31	42	2,363
Improved.....	181	226	4	15	126
Unimproved.....	23	46			69
Number of deaths during year.....	45	39			84
Number of patients remaining June 30, 1922.....	30	46			76
Total.....	1,224	1,704	35	57	3,020
Daily average number of patients.....	29	53	1	3	86
Total number of days' maintenance furnished patients.....	11,732	19,249	434	1,203	32,618
Largest number of patients at any one time.....					138
Smallest number of patients at any one time.....					62
CHARITY PATIENTS.					
Number of patients in hospital June 30, 1921.....	1	1		1	3
Number admitted during year.....	93	105	79	119	304
Number born in hospital during year.....	24	22	28	36	110
Total.....	118	128	107	156	509
Number discharged during year:					
Cured.....	50	61	37	106	274
Improved.....	24	20	29	23	96
Unimproved.....	18	29	6	12	65
Number of deaths during year.....	22	13	6	4	45
Number of patients remaining June 30, 1922.....	4	5	9	11	29
Total.....	118	128	107	156	509
Daily average number of patients.....	4	5.7	3.5	5.6	18.8
Total number of days' maintenance furnished patients.....	1,588	2,105	1,303	2,068	7,064
Largest number of patients at any one time.....					37
Smallest number of patients at any one time.....					19

Total number of days' maintenance furnished employees, 35,211.

REPORT OF CENTRAL DISPENSARY AND EMERGENCY HOSPITAL.

Financial statement.

ASSETS.

Cash in bank, general account.....	\$26,412.26
Cash in bank, ambulance fund.....	27.85
Cash in bank, nurses' home building fund.....	1,050.84
Cash in bank, unclaimed funds.....	126.25
2 notes, Toronto Apartment House.....	1,000.00
12 bonds, Consumers Coal Co.....	12,000.00
 Total.....	 40,617.20

INDEBTEDNESS.

National Metropolitan Bank, note of February 1, 1922, 6 months, at 6 per cent.....	30,000.00
National Savings & Trust Co., deed of trust, 5½ per cent semiannual, due April 16, 1923.....	100,000.00
 Total.....	 130,000.00

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand June 30, 1921.....	13,019.33
From board of inmates.....	142,899.67
From emergency cases.....	5,675.20
From dispensary.....	620.78
From use of operating room.....	14,158.13
From X-ray.....	1,436.00
From ambulance.....	4,110.01
From nurses.....	12,876.34
From interest and dividends.....	375.99
From telephone receipts.....	1,334.41
From legacies.....	11,585.00
From sale of property.....	149.66
From loans, bank (\$80,000 discounts).....	77,600.00
From sale of anesthesia gas.....	2,088.00
From sale of drugs.....	1,788.49
From laboratory examinations.....	4,201.25
From donations and contributions.....	10,142.58
From miscellaneous sources (commissions, petty sales, etc.).....	4,884.34
 Total.....	 308,945.18

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services.....	64,464.49
For meats, fish, etc.....	\$18,086.45
For groceries and provisions.....	8,095.16
For milk.....	6,559.30
For butter and eggs.....	7,970.28
For vegetables and produce.....	7,414.79
 Total for food.....	 48,125.98
For ice.....	48.30
For fuel.....	\$9,453.40
For light and power.....	6,456.11
For gas.....	1,467.30
 Total for heat, light, and power.....	 17,376.81
	65

66 BOARD OF CHARITIES OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

For medical and surgical supplies and instruments.....		\$20,901.50
For stationery and printing and office supplies.....		1,240.50
For telephone.....		1,806.35
For interest.....		5,500.00
For rent nurses' quarters, 522 Seventeenth Street NW.....		500.00
For water rent.....		493.80
For insurance.....		194.74
For repayment on loan for ice plant.....		900.00
For revenue stamps on notes.....		16.00
For X ray.....		1,698.00
For contingent expenses.....		6,250.00
For bank loans paid (including \$10,000 curtail).....		90,000.00
For general maintenance, repairs, and supplies.....		23,016.45
 Total expenditures.....		 282,532.92
 Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....		 26,412.26

Movement of population.

	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
PAY PATIENTS.					
Number of patients in hospital June 30, 1921.....	48	48	1	8	105
Number admitted during year.....	1,297	1,316	101	62	2,776
Number born in hospital during year.....	2	1	.....	.....	3
 Total.....	 1,347	 1,365	 102	 70	 2,884
Number discharged during year:					
Cured.....	334	388	18	11	751
Improved.....	860	844	71	50	1,825
Unimproved.....	59	52	10	3	124
Number of deaths during year.....	58	43	1	0	102
Number of patients remaining June 30, 1922.....	36	38	2	6	82
 Total.....	 1,347	 1,365	 102	 70	 2,884
Daily average number of patients.....	36	46	2	3	87
Total number of days' maintenance furnished patients.....	13,260	16,764	829	878	31,731
Largest number of patients at any one time.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	112
Smallest number of patients at any one time.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	56
CHARITY PATIENTS.					
Number of patients in hospital June 30, 1921.....	8	4	16	15	43
Number admitted during year.....	389	247	346	195	1,177
 Total.....	 397	 251	 362	 210	 1,220
Number discharged during year:					
Cured.....	45	40	47	33	165
Improved.....	271	170	248	132	821
Unimproved.....	45	20	33	24	122
Number of deaths during year.....	25	15	21	15	76
Number of patients remaining June 30, 1922.....	11	6	13	6	36
 Total.....	 397	 251	 362	 210	 1,220
Number of emergency cases treated during year.....	3,309	819	1,628	560	6,316
Daily average number of patients.....	9	7	10	5	31
Total number of days' maintenance furnished patients.....	3,357	2,455	3,715	1,704	11,231
Largest number of patients at any one time.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	44
Smallest number of patients at any one time.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21

Total number of days' maintenance furnished employees, 47,220.

Report of dispensary service.

	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
Number of cases that received treatment.....	1,078	517	2,471	1,254	5,320
Number of new cases that received treatment.....					1,865
Number of visits made by patients to dispensary.....					3,455

Number of prescriptions compounded, 2,986.

Amount of money received from patients and Board of Charities, \$620.78.

Report of Training School for Nurses.

Number of nurses June 30, 1921 (including probationers).....	42
Number received during the year.....	39
Number that resigned during the year.....	9
Number that were dismissed during the year.....	3
Number that graduated during the year.....	12
Number of probationers not accepted.....	6
Number of nurses remaining June 30, 1922 (including probationers).....	51

Length of probation required, 3 months.

Amount of compensation paid to nurses (monthly), \$10. (Textbooks and uniforms furnished.)

REPORT OF EASTERN DISPENSARY AND CASUALTY HOSPITAL.

OFFICERS.

President, Evan H. Tucker; vice president, Tracy L. Jeffords; secretary, Joseph A. Herbert, jr.; treasurer, Daniel A. Edwards.

DIRECTORS.

N. P. Barnes, John C. W. Beall, William J. Brewer, E. W. Burch, James W. Carmalt, Albert Carry, George Clagett, G. C. Clark, Fred G. Coldren, Edw. F. Colladay, C. B. Conklin, C. F. Donohoe, Edwin C. Dutton, D. A. Edwards, Lewis Flemer, W. T. Galliher, Daniel E. Garges, Melvin C. Hazen, Joseph A. Herbert, jr., J. Clinton Hiatt, O. B. Hunter, H. W. Jaeger, Tracy L. Jeffords, George D. Lantel, Charles A. McCarthy, S. A. Manuel, Fred J. Mersheimer, M. E. Miller, Charles E. Myers, Charles J. O'Neill, Maurice Otterback, William N. Payne, jr., George Rawson, W. P. Reeves, Frederick J. Rice, J. J. Richardson, S. J. Steinberger, J. A. Stoutenburgh, Louis H. Taylor, Evan H. Tucker, William D. Upshaw, J. R. Wellington, Charles S. White, J. C. Wineman, John C. Yost, W. G. Young.

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT.

The board of directors of the Eastern Dispensary and Casualty Hospital have the honor to submit the following report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1922, together with reports of the president of the medical staff, president of the board of lady managers, treasurer, and superintendent.

The hospital building has been maintained in good repair during the year, needed new furnishings have been supplied, a new sterilizer of the most approved type, a new lung motor, and other improvements to the equipment have been installed, and, with an efficient corps of attendants, efficient and satisfactory service is being rendered.

On or about October 1, 1921, the United States Public Health Service discontinued transferring patients to this hospital, all such patients then under treatment being transferred to Government hospitals. This enabled the management of this institution to reopen its wards for the treatment of emergency patients, and since that time careful attention has been given to such patients, as well as to private patients.

The superintendent, Mrs. Robert R. Loy, is deserving of the highest commendation for her very efficient management of the institution. Owing to her constant surveillance, untiring efforts, and conscientious service many important reforms have been effected, a good system of bookkeeping and accounting has been installed, and a systematic method of filing charts and other valuable papers has been adopted.

The need for a new building becomes more pressing with the passing of time. It is very evident that the popularity and patronage of the institution would be enhanced if a new, up-to-date, commodious hospital building should be provided.

The bequest of \$20,000 made by the late Mr. Thomas W. Smith, former president of this board, to be expended toward the cost of a new building, is still invested pending the time when a sufficient sum has been acquired for the building and equipment. It is hoped that a sufficient amount will be added to said bequest, by donations or otherwise, to provide the much-needed building in the near future.

The board of lady managers, who have rendered such valuable services to the institution, have been especially active during the past year and have rendered extraordinary assistance; besides providing bed linen and other supplies as usual, new furnishings have been provided for the hospital and nurses' homes; the doctor's home has been painted and new furnishings provided; a new sterilizer, hereinbefore mentioned, was provided; assistance was given in the equipment of the laundry with up-to-date machinery; and many other things were done by said board for the promotion of the best interests of the institution.

The service of this institution to indigent patients has materially increased since the reopening of the wards for that service the amount earned under the contract with your honorable board for the past six months being \$9,433, or an average of \$1,572.17 per month; basing the estimate of the amount required for this service for the current fiscal year on the amount earned during the past six months, \$18,866 will be required for the current fiscal year, and, as only \$5,000 have been appropriated for this service, there will be quite a large deficiency, which your honorable board is requested to endeavor to have provided, together with the balance due this institution for services rendered during the past fiscal year, by a deficiency appropriation at the earliest possible date. As it is reasonable to suppose that there will be at least a small increase in this service, I respectfully request that an estimate of \$20,000 be submitted to Congress for this service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1924.

EVAN H. TUCKER, *President.*

REPORT OF MEDICAL STAFF.

Our hospital has survived one of the most trying years in its existence and in spite of misfortunes has delivered a full measure of service to the citizens of the District and neighboring States.

At this particular time we can again become encouraged over the present condition of the hospital and enthusiastic over the outlook for the coming year.

For the first time we are having something near proper hospital management, and the various heads of the institution are filled or being filled by experienced, intelligent, interested coworkers. This staff of hospital officials when complete will enable us to better educate our nurses and better nurse our patients and incidentally, register our training school—"a consummation devoutly to be wished."

We owe it to our patients, to our nurses, and to ourselves to have this long-promised registration of our school made an actual reality. No measure should be neglected that will aid in accomplishing this realization.

With the school registered the question of pupil nurses will be solved, the standardized management and curriculum will become security for the highest type of service, and this service becomes a guaranty for hospital patronage from the profession and the public.

Without attempting to enumerate, in terms of praise, those who have given their time and money for the support of the institution, this letter would be incomplete in the omission of again emphasizing the wonderful work accomplished and assistance given by our board

of lady managers. There is possibly no hospital in the world that can feel as justly proud of their affiliated board of ladies as can Casualty Hospital.

Congratulating you on past endeavors and with every good wish for the future,

I am, with sincere regards,

N. P. BARNES, *President.*

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

I respectfully submit herewith the report of the superintendent for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922.

Many improvements have been made, such as painting and repairing, which were found necessary from time to time to keep the hospital in good condition.

The board of lady managers have been untiring in their efforts and are to be congratulated for their liberal donations, such as a new sterilizer for the operating room, a check of \$500 toward the new laundry equipment, new linens, furniture for the private rooms, etc.

I have enjoyed the cooperation of the board of lady managers and desire to express my gratitude for their generosity and kindness in many ways.

I also wish to record my appreciation for the splendid support of the board of directors and for their confidence reposed in me.

Mrs. ROBERT R. LOY,
Superintendent.

Movement of population.

	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
PAY PATIENTS.					
Number of patients in hospital June 30, 1921.....	30	4	15	0	49
Number admitted during year.....	355	217	64	8	644
Total.....	385	221	79	8	693
Number discharged during year:					
Cured.....	335	195	66	5	601
Improved.....	30	18	9	0	57
Unimproved.....	9	0	0	0	9
Number of deaths during year.....	6	5	4	3	18
Number of patients remaining June 30, 1922.....	5	3	0	0	8
Total.....	385	221	79	8	693
Number of emergency cases treated during year.....					
Daily average number of patients.....	509	53	189	47	798
Total number of days' maintenance furnished patients.....	5	4	2	0	11
Largest number of patients at any one time.....	1,825	1,460	730	.....	4,015
Smallest number of patients at any one time.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4

Movement of population—Continued.

	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
CHARITY PATIENTS.					
Number of patients in hospital June 30, 1921.....	0	2	0	0	2
Number admitted during year.....	135	77	206	85	503
Total.....	135	79	206	85	505
Number discharged during year:					
Cured.....	121	72	185	76	454
Improved.....	3	4	3	2	12
Number of deaths during year.....	4	2	9	4	19
Number of patients remaining June 30, 1922.....	7	1	9	3	20
Total.....	135	79	206	85	505
Number of emergency cases treated during year.....	1,279	267	739	301	2,586
Daily average number of patients.....	3	5	8	3	19
Total number of days' maintenance furnished patients.....	1,095	1,825	2,920	1,095	6,935
Largest number of patients at any one time.....					25
Smallest number of patients at any one time.....					4

Total number of days' maintenance furnished employees, 16,425.

Report of Training School for Nurses.

Number of nurses June 30, 1921, including probationers.....	6
Number received during the year.....	28
Number that resigned during the year.....	18
Number that were dismissed during the year.....	5
Number of probationers not accepted.....	1
Number of nurses remaining June 30, 1922 (including probationers).....	9

Length of probation required, 3 months.

Amount of compensation paid to nurses monthly, \$20.

*Financial statement.**ASSETS.*

Buildings and equipment (estimated).....	\$100,000.00
Collectible bills due hospital.....	4,305.65
Total.....	104,305.65

INDEBTEDNESS.

Building association.....	2,909.30
Bank loan.....	4,320.00
Unpaid bills.....	4,857.43
Total.....	12,086.73

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand June 30, 1921.....	4,310.46
From board of inmates.....	36,179.60
From emergency cases.....	2,349.89
From dispensary.....	460.04
From use of operating room.....	1,636.51
From X ray.....	2,553.76
From ambulance.....	1,425.50
From nurses.....	1,217.25
From ladies' board.....	500.00
From telephone receipts.....	36.11

From drugs.....	\$27.35
From laboratory.....	658.00
From miscellaneous.....	201.75
Total receipts.....	<u>51,556.22</u>

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services.....	18,779.77
For meats, fish, etc.....	\$2,696.97
For bread.....	862.98
For groceries and provisions.....	4,242.59
For milk.....	1,113.58
For butter and eggs.....	1,840.85
For ice cream.....	198.60
Total for food.....	10,955.57
For ice.....	540.67
For laundry when not done in institution.....	1,634.24
For laundry and cleaning supplies.....	564.00
For fuel.....	\$465.89
For electric light and power.....	579.15
For gas.....	1,507.19
Total for heat, light, and power.....	2,552.23
For furniture and household furnishings and repairs to same.....	235.13
For medical and surgical supplies and instruments.....	2,751.95
For stationery and printing and office supplies.....	658.64
For expenses of ambulance and stable.....	1,403.14
For telephone.....	736.17
For current repairs and materials for same.....	2,399.26
For interest.....	310.53
For rent.....	505.00
For water rent.....	32.90
For insurance.....	229.55
For purchase of property.....	434.00
For building and improvement.....	673.58
For drugs.....	976.03
For X ray.....	1,559.08
For miscellaneous.....	855.79
Total expenditures.....	48,787.23
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	<u>2,768.99</u>

REPORT OF BOARD OF LADY MANAGERS.

The board of lady managers of Casualty Hospital closed their year's work at a very large garden party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William F. Gude in June; it was a very successful affair; the proceeds went to the purchase of a very much-needed article for the hospital, one of the very best new and modern sterilizers that is on the market; we also assisted in the purchase of a well-equipped washing machine, also purchased needed furniture for the wards, private patients' rooms, also the two nurses' homes, and fitted out rooms in the doctor's home. Then we have contracted for the year with a firm to keep all the buildings free from pests of all kinds, which we think is very necessary for all concerned, and especially the patients.

We also have made during the past year large purchases of sheets, pillowcases, towels, etc. The members of the board are very glad to assist in this splendid work for the success of Casualty Hospital.

The following report from our treasurer will show the success that we met with during the past year.

Mrs. MARTHA J. VAUGHAN,
President.

Report of treasurer of board of lady managers.

Balance on hand May, 1921.....	\$880. 97
Received from dues.....	\$179. 00
Garden party, 1921.....	344. 50
Thanksgiving offering.....	396. 00
Received from donations.....	357. 50
Annual card party.....	866. 66
Rummage sale.....	82. 25
Voicing doll.....	26. 00
Voicing pillowcases.....	25. 25
	2, 277. 16
Total.....	3, 158. 13

DISBURSEMENTS.

To sewing matron.....	\$419. 15
To florist.....	36. 00
To printing.....	33. 75
To X. Goldberg, sheets, cases, etc.....	163. 80
To J. J. Hays, unbleached cotton.....	81. 42
To S. Kann Son & Co., sheets, spreads.....	432. 92
To Lansburgh & Bro., rugs, curtains, etc.....	334. 71
To L. A. Pincus.....	1. 64
To Wm. Garrison, hauling.....	6. 00
To X. G. Copeland, lantern.....	10. 00
To freight.....	1. 64
To Powell & Giberson, towels.....	34. 69
To A. H. Linger, bed springs, mattress.....	232. 50
To E. R. Burke, table.....	47. 00
To Shade Shop, shades.....	35. 00
To rent of Wardman Park (2 rooms) card party.....	70. 00
To College Women's Club.....	1. 50
To Lansburgh Furniture Co.....	48. 75
To tips at hotel for card party.....	6. 00
To E. B. Adams & Co., hospital furniture.....	143. 25
To Hecht Furniture Co.....	100. 00
To printing.....	4. 50
To C. A. Armstrong, repairing 17 pieces hospital furniture.....	73. 75
	2, 317. 97

Balance May, 1922..... 840. 16
 In Eastern Building & Loan Association, toward building fund, \$1,588.63.

Mrs. MATTIE J. BREWER, *Treasurer.*

REPORT OF THE WASHINGTON HOME FOR INCURABLES.

There is but little to report for the year 1921 and 1922 of the Home for Incurables. Under the admirable staff which relieves the board of all details, it has been run smoothly and well. A good house-keeper interested in these patients has added much to their comfort. Always a long waiting list, which fills every room as fast as they become vacant. As usual we are indebted to an ever-generous public for their many thoughtful kindnesses and gifts, especially for their responses to our newspaper appeal to pay deficit of two years and heavy and necessary repairs, giving in all \$9,750, \$150 more than was asked for.

To the newspapers we are most grateful for all they did for us. Our only regret is being obliged to turn away many applicants for lack of space more than for lack of funds, although we need money for many things which would enable us to give even better care to our inmates.

CHARLOTTE EVERETT HOPKINS,
President.

Financial statement.

ASSETS.

Real estate mortgage notes, stocks and bonds held by the American Security & Trust Co., trustees.....	\$223,661.95
Estimated value of real estate and furnishings.....	83,000.00
Total.....	306,661.95

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand June 30, 1921.....	1,010.33
From board of inmates.....	11,180.71
From ladies aid societies.....	732.32
From interest and dividends.....	8,423.64
From annual subscriptions.....	2,016.00
From contributions.....	1,953.74
From emergency drive.....	8,223.26
From "memorial room".....	25.00
From sale war savings and thrift stamps.....	154.98
From Owen Miles, deceased.....	107.78
From fines.....	18.00
From refund.....	75.73
From Easter donations.....	80.00
From Christmas donations.....	611.27
From Thanksgiving donations.....	1,018.00
From Walcott estate (income of).....	2,250.00
From Riggs memorial fund.....	100.00
From life insurance, Eli Sherwood, deceased.....	228.00
From appropriation under contract Congress, as adjusted by Board of Charities.....	4,087.14
From appropriation for sundries.....	98.64
Total receipts.....	42,394.54

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services.....		\$15,512.94
For meats, fish, etc.....	\$3,012.21	
For bread.....	904.79	
For groceries and provisions.....	6,384.63	
For milk.....	2,164.64	
 Total for food.....		12,466.27
For ice.....		738.85
For laundry and cleaning supplies.....		371.45
For dry goods.....		571.09
For fuel.....	\$3,043.40	
For light and power.....	839.64	
 Total for heat, light, and power.....		3,883.04
For furniture and household furnishings and repairs to same.....		274.74
For medical and surgical supplies and instruments.....		548.34
For medical attendance.....		26.00
For stationery and printing and office supplies, including annual report.....		173.50
For telephone.....		192.51
For current repairs and materials for same.....		1,602.38
For curtailment of loan and interest.....		4,663.15
For water rent.....		49.70
For insurance on elevator.....		111.38
For auditing accounts.....		10.00
For incidentals, disbursed by matron.....		240.00
For disinfectant.....		56.75
For safe-deposit box.....		10.00
For refund, Georgetown Aid Society, overpayment.....		32.37
For funeral Eli Sherwood.....		191.50
For fire hose.....		150.00
For sundries.....		48.05
 Total expenditures.....		41,924.01
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....		470.53

Movement of population.

	Adults.	Children.	Total.
Number of patients June 30, 1921.....	58	2	60
Number admitted during year.....	12		12
 Total.....	70	2	72
Number discharged during year.....	5		5
Number of deaths during year.....	9		9
Number remaining June 30, 1922.....	58		58
 Total.....	72		72
 Daily average number of patients.....			57
Total number of days' maintenance furnished patients.....			20,752
Largest number of patients at any one time.....			60
Smallest number of patients at any one time.....			55

REPORT OF THE TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITAL.

Medical staff.—Physicians: W. D. Tewksbury, M. D.; John Thomas, A. B., M. D.; Thomas A. Claytor, M. D. Surgeons: George Tully Vaughan, M. D.; L. H. Reichelderfer, M. D. Laryngologists: Charles W. Richardson, M. D.; Reginald R. Walker, M. D. Superintendent: Joseph Winthrop Peabody, M. D. Pathologist: W. F. Hemler, M. D. Resident physician: George P. Bergmann, B. S., M. D. Roentgenologist: Charles Pfender, M. D. Superintendent of nurses: Miss Rose De Coursey.

The Tuberculosis Hospital of the District of Columbia was opened for patients July 1, 1908, since which time 4,844 patients have been admitted. It is located on a site in the northwestern section of Washington, comprising 36 acres of land, which was purchased by the Government some 16 years ago. The institution is built on the ward plan, having four wards for far advanced cases and four wards for earlier cases, the capacity being about 120 patients. In addition to the wards, there are accommodations for 35 patients in open-air shacks on the hospital grounds. This gives the institution a total capacity of 155 patients.

A portion of this ground is utilized for gardening purposes, which furnishes fresh vegetables during the summer months. The patients are given plenty of milk and eggs, in addition to three meals a day, and special diets are prepared to a great extent for the more advanced cases.

The institution is owned by the municipal government and is under direct control of the Board of Charities. Patients in all stages of tuberculosis are admitted to the hospital, but those in the earlier stages are separated from the more advanced cases.

There is no charge for treatment, but it is necessary for all patients before being admitted to obtain a permit from the Board of Charities office in the Municipal Building.

During the year we have treated a total of 370 patients. The daily average number of patients was 126, and the average length of stay was 18 weeks. The number of days' maintenance furnished was 46,016, and the daily cost per patient was \$1.59.

DECREASED COST OF MAINTENANCE.

I wish to call your attention to the fact that during the past year we have had a decrease in our cost per patient per day. This was due to an increase in the daily average number of patients.

DIETETIC DEPARTMENT.

During the past year there has been a large number of special diets prepared for the incipient and advanced ward patients. The following is a list of special diets and deserts prepared regularly by the dietitian during the year:

Broths.—Chicken, beef, or mutton.

Eggs.—Soft boiled, fried, poached, scrambled, deviled, creamed.

Meats.—Broiled steak, lamb chops, creamed chicken, kidney stew, ham, creamed fish.

Drinks.—Milk, dry, and buttered.

Desserts.—Rice pudding, apple pudding, tapioca pudding, chocolate blanc mange, pastries, bread pudding. *Pies:* Mincemeat, sweet potato, apple, lemon and custard. *Custard:* Baked and boiled. *Apples:* Baked and with sauce.

Jellies.—Wine, fruit and lemon.

Cakes.—Sponge, ginger, coconut, doughnuts. Cake with sauce.

The following is a list of fruits and preserves which were used for special diets:

Fruits.—Apples, pineapples, grapefruits, oranges, peaches, grapes, berries, canteloupes, watermelons.

Preserves.—Apple butter, grape jelly, peach, blackberry, cherry. Canned pears, peaches and cherries are used all the year round.

FARM AND GARDEN.

During the year we raised considerable quantities of the following vegetables: Spinach, cabbage, onions, peas, beets, string beans, lima beans, squash, cucumbers, potatoes, sweet potatoes, tomatoes, turnips, sugar corn, field corn. This enables us to serve fresh vegetables to our patients during the four summer months.

TABLES GIVING CLASSIFICATION OF PATIENTS AND STATISTICS.

Table I classifies the patients according to sex and color.

TABLE I.

	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
Remaining June 30, 1921.					
Admitted.	42 67	26 44	31 76	18 66	117 253
Total.	109	70	107	84	370
Discharged.					
Die.	26 28	32 13	25 51	19 47	102 139
Remaining June 30, 1922.	55	25	31	18	129
Total.	109	70	107	84	370

Table II classifies the patients according to stage of disease, sex, and color.

TABLE II.

	Incipient.				Moderately advanced.				Far advanced.				Total.			
	White.		Colored.		White.		Colored.		White.		Colored.		White.		Colored.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Remaining June 30, 1921.	5	1	0	0	13	13	10	4	24	12	21	14	42	26	31	18
Admitted.	12	5	8	7	26	15	10	3	29	24	58	56	67	44	76	66
Total.	17	6	8	7	39	28	20	7	53	36	79	70	109	70	107	84

Table III deals with incipient cases.

TABLE III.

	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
Remaining June 30, 1921.....	5	1	0	0	6
Admitted.....	12	5	8	7	32
Total.....	17	6	8	7	38
Apparently arrested.....	4	2	3	0	9
Quiescent.....	0	1	0	0	1
Improved.....	6	1	4	2	13
Remaining June 30, 1922.....	7	2	1	5	15
Total.....	17	6	8	7	38

Table IV deals with the moderately advanced cases.

TABLE IV.

	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
Remaining June 30, 1921.....	14	13	9	4	40
Admitted.....	25	15	11	3	54
Total.....	39	28	20	7	94
Apparently arrested.....	3	0	1	2	6
Quiescent.....	1	1	2	0	4
Improved.....	6	11	5	3	25
Unimproved.....	0	2	1	0	3
Died.....	0	0	2	1	3
Remaining June 30, 1922.....	29	14	9	1	53
Total.....	39	28	20	7	94

Table V deals with the work done among the far advanced cases.

TABLE V.

	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
Remaining June 30, 1921.....	24	12	21	14	71
Admitted.....	29	24	58	56	167
Total.....	53	36	79	70	238
Quiescent.....	1	0	0	0	1
Improved.....	4	7	3	7	21
Unimproved.....	1	7	6	5	19
Died.....	28	13	49	46	136
Remaining June 30, 1922.....	19	9	21	12	61
Total.....	53	36	79	70	238

GENERAL STATISTICS.

Below is a table giving the daily average number of patients and the average length of stay since the opening of the institution:

Year.	Average length of stay (weeks).	Daily average number of patients.	Year.	Average length of stay (weeks).	Daily average number of patients.
1906.....	8.9	83.23	1916.....	13.7	140
1910.....	9.4	84.39	1917.....	14.4	128.5
1911.....	10.2	81.11	1918.....	13.6	119
1912.....	10.7	94.02	1919.....	13.6	110
1913.....	10.8	93.4	1920.....	15.4	109
1914.....	12.5	103.5	1921.....	16	113
1915.....	13	124.5	1922.....	18	126

FINANCES.

The following table deals with appropriations and expenditures and shows that out of our appropriation for maintenance there was a balance of \$205.76 unexpended at the end of the year.

The table also shows that 46,016 days' maintenance was furnished to a daily average of 126 patients, and that the daily cost per patient for maintenance, including salaries, repairs, and all items of expense, was \$1.59.

TABLE VI.—*Appropriations and expenditures.*

Appropriated:	
Salaries.....	\$20,640.00
Maintenance.....	49,000.00
Temporary labor.....	1,000.00
Repairs to buildings.....	2,500.00
 Total.....	 73,140.00
Expended:	
Salaries.....	20,570.49
Maintenance.....	48,870.53
Temporary labor.....	999.00
Repairs to buildings.....	2,494.22
 Total.....	 72,934.24
Unexpended balance.....	205.76
Days' maintenance furnished to patients.....	46,016
Daily average number of patients.....	126
Daily cost per patient.....	\$1.59

Table VII shows in detail the several amounts expended for salaries and various items of maintenance and gives the daily per capita cost of each item.

TABLE VII.

Item of expenditure.	Per annum.	Per day per patient.	Item of expenditure.	Per annum.	Per day per patient.
Salaries.....	\$20,570.49	\$4473	Gas and electricity.....	\$2,013.04	\$0.0438
Temporary labor.....	999.00	.0217	Dry goods.....	2,743.97	.0397
Repairs.....	2,494.22	.0542	House furnishings.....	1,658.31	.0404
Meat.....	13,481.87	.2931	Telephone.....	318.62	.0069
Bread.....	1,254.08	.0273	Drugs.....	2,499.65	.0544
Milk and cream.....	5,166.62	.1123	Books and periodicals.....	48.40	.0011
Eggs.....	2,234.74	.0486	Miscellaneous.....	1,719.53	.0374
Groceries.....	9,951.88	.2164	Total.....	72,934.24	1.5559
Ice.....	1,098.35	.0239			
Fuel.....	4,481.47	.0974			

During the past year the Tuberculosis Association of this city introduced occupational therapy in the hospital. The organization assumed the entire financial burden, providing suitable quarters, equipment, and well-qualified teachers. There are large possibilities and promise in work of this type, and an institution so equipped aims not only to arrest the disease but to provide opportunities for training and employment in gainful occupations, thus leading to the economic as well as physical rehabilitation of the patient. This public-spirited action of the local tuberculosis society has added much to the well-being and contentment of those under our care.

In conclusion I wish to express appreciation for the many donations which the patients have received from individuals and societies during the past year. Through the courtesy of the motion-picture companies we have been able to secure the latest films for use one evening a week. We are indebted to Mr. N. K. Gardner, a licensed operator, not only for donating his services in running the films, but for his generosity in allowing the institution to keep his motion-picture machine.

There have been friends too numerous to mention by name who have given flowers, refreshments, entertainments, and their time and services for the benefit of the patients, and we take this opportunity of expressing to them our sincere thanks for their hearty cooperation.

JOSEPH WINTHROP PEABODY, M. D.,
Superintendent.

REPORT OF WASHINGTON ASYLUM HOSPITAL.

I am submitting the annual report of the Washington Asylum Hospital for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1922.

In general the operation of the hospital during the year just closed has been along the same lines as followed in 1921. The average daily number of patients was 135, an increase of 4 over 1921. During the year there were admitted 2,781 patients, an increase of 62 over 1921. Amongst these were 673 alcoholics, 121 drug addicts, and 237 venereal cases, showing an increase of 132 alcoholics, 57 drug addicts, and 25 venereal cases over 1921.

The buildings have required considerable work in the line of repairs and painting. The grounds have been improved by new flower beds and hedges. The help situation remains the same, it still being impossible to secure high-grade employees at the low wages we are allowed to pay.

The new psychopathic wards are about completed and ready to be furnished. We hope to be able to move into them in the near future.

ED. W. PATTERSON, M. D.,
Superintendent.

Statistical summary.

Daily average number of inmates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1922:

White males.....	34
White females.....	18
Colored males.....	42
Colored females.....	41
 Total.....	 135

Employees.....	78
Cost per capita, exclusive of salary.....	\$349.74
Cost per capita, inclusive of support and compensation of employees.....	493.67
Increase in number of patients.....	4
Decrease in number of employees.....	1
Appropriation for the support of the institution.....	\$75,000.00

Amount expended from appropriation:	
Bills received.....	\$62,233.39
Bills outstanding.....	12,261.78
	74,495.17

Unexpended.....	504.83
Temporary labor.....	1,200.00

Expended.....	1,181.68
Unexpended.....	18.32

Repairs to buildings:	
Appropriation.....	3,000.00
Expended.....	2,946.87

Unexpended.....	53.13
For salaries.....	33,855.00

Expended.....	30,658.27
Unexpended.....	3,196.73

Amount expended from appropriation for maintenance:	
Food supplies.....	\$40,891.90
Clothing and dry goods.....	4,458.92
Fuel, light, power, and engineer's supplies.....	12,287.58
Furniture.....	944.93
Medical supplies.....	4,684.94
Expenses of stable, farm, and garden.....	1,502.28
Miscellaneous.....	9,724.62
Total.....	74,495.17

Value of produce raised on farm during the year, \$3,781.70.

REPORT OF VISITING PHYSICIAN.

Herewith is transmitted a report of the medical and surgical work done at the Washington Asylum Hospital during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922. This was compiled by Dr. Harry F. Davies, resident physician, and it shows an immense amount of work which has been done by the attending staff, the resident staff, and the nursing force.

There is close cooperation between the wards, operating room, pathological laboratory, X-ray laboratory, and dental department. The case histories are promptly written. The temperature, pulse, and respiration are taken at regular intervals on each patient and a record is made on his chart, together with the medication administered. An autopsy is performed in the great majority of fatal cases and the findings are carefully noted and filed. Interesting and puzzling cases are visited by the various specialists on the staff, who suggest means of conducting the case to a successful conclusion. In this way the patient is given the benefit of the group-practice idea which is so successful at the Mayo clinic. Special nurses are put in charge of cases which require their attention, as the welfare of the patient is the first consideration of those in charge.

I have detailed some of the work of the institution in order to call attention to the fact that the small force of internes, nurses, and attendants is kept so busy throughout the year and also to the fact that they earn at least as much compensation as is paid to those occupying similar positions in other institutions. Furthermore, they are not paid as much as they can command in other hospitals of like nature. This condition of affairs makes the enforcement of discipline extremely difficult by those in charge, because the employee knows and the employer knows that other positions can be obtained at once by the employee who is disgruntled or who is discharged, and that these other positions pay more than this hospital is allowed to pay.

The Nurses Training School has had a long and honorable career. Because of the isolated position of the hospital and the poor accommodations which are offered it is always difficult to fill the quota of pupil nurses. But the pupil nurses are being educated and are taking their places in the nursing profession equal in knowledge and equipment as those of other schools. This is made possible by the constant and careful attention of the superintendent of nurses and the corps of graduate charge nurses who devote to them their time and energy when they are not actually directing the nurses on the ward, to teach the pupils the fundamentals of their profession, and assisting the attending staff with their lectures to the pupil nurses.

These graduate charge nurses can all obtain better pay in other institutions. A year ago the superintendent of the hospital recommended an increase in compensation which would make this hospital equal in this regard to others doing similar work. The increase was not granted by Congress. Three of our charge graduate nurses have resigned, and it will be almost impossible to fill their places. Dissatisfaction with compensation has nearly always been the root of any trouble which has occurred during the year. Something should be done at once to remedy the situation.

At this date I have not been advised as to when we will occupy the new building of the Gallinger Memorial Hospital, so that my recommendations can not be specific in this regard. I again urge that the Board of Charities make appointments for the new staff, dividing the appointments equally between the teaching staffs of Georgetown and George Washington as per my recommendation of March, 1920.

J. A. GANNON, M. D.,
Visiting Physician.

CONSULTING STAFF.

Drs. George Tully Vaughn, surgeon; Harry Kerr, surgeon; George M. Kober, hygiene and dietetics; L. S. Stone, gynecology; Louis Lehr, genito-urinary; John Moran, obstetrics; J. J. Richardson, ear, nose, and throat; John Foote, diseases of children; Robert Scott Lamb, diseases of the eye.

ATTENDING STAFF.

Drs. W. M. Barton, chief of medicine; Murray Russell, internal medicine; Roy Adams and Thomas S. Lee, diseases of the heart and kidney; J. J. McCarthy, diseases of children; J. Russell Verbrycke, gastroenteric; C. Augustus Simpson and H. H. Hagen, skin diseases; Leon Martel, Robert Y. Sullivan, and Joseph D. Rogers, gynecology; John Constas, R. Arthur Hooe, Sidney Cousins, and James Y. Mundell, genito-urinary diseases; Thomas M. Foley and Edward Larkin, orthopedics; Thomas Lowe and Prentiss Wilson, obstetrics; S. Boyce Pole, diseases of the eye; James Moser and R. R. Walker, ear, nose, and throat; F. E. Duehring and Harry Spigel, general medicine; G. A. Hewey, dental surgery; Lester Neuman, pathologist; Charles A. Pfender and William F. Hemler, roentgenologist.

PSYCHOPATHIC DEPARTMENT STAFF.

Neuro-psychiatry: Dr. D. Percy Hickling, chief.

Consulting: Drs. W. A. White, Mary O'Malley, A. P. Noyes, B. F. Logee, and C. DeWeese.

Attending: Drs. D. Percy Hickling, chief; J. F. Lind, J. M. Ladd, J. D. Stout, E. H. Reede, W. H. Hough, L. B. T. Johnson, D. D. V. Stuart, jr., and K. W. Kinney.

Associate: Drs. H. A. Spigel, A. E. Marland, Edith Coale, and Raymond K. Foxwell.

RESIDENT STAFF.

Drs. Harry F. Davies and Harry J. Crawford, resident physicians; R. W. Anderson and W. P. Argy, assistant resident physicians; E. J. Fisher, J. J. O'Rourke, internes; James Barnhard, dental interne; Miss Nina Bogorad, pharmacist.

Medical and surgical report.

Patients remaining in hospital June 30, 1921.....	124
Patients admitted during the year.....	2,781
Total.....	2,905
Patients discharged:	
Cured.....	288
Improved.....	1,541
Unimproved.....	755
Deaths.....	177
Remaining in hospital June 30, 1922.....	144
Total.....	2,905

SEX AND COLOR CLASSIFICATION.

White males.....	1,162
Colored males.....	807
White females.....	301
Colored females.....	635
Total.....	2,905

Lowest number of patients in hospital any one day.....	109
Highest number of patients in hospital any one day.....	177
Deaths within 24 hours after admission.....	24
Deaths within 48 hours after admission.....	11
Births.....	104
Twins.....	1
Prescriptions compounded.....	9,020
Arsenobenzol administrations.....	420

MORTUARY REPORT FROM ALL SOURCES.

Bodies collected from all sources and delivered to morgue.....	575
Carried to crematorium from the morgue:	
Adults.....	12
Infants.....	172
Stillbirths.....	310
Amputations.....	20
To anatomical board and undertakers.....	514
Bodies buried in Mount Olivet.....	39
Bodies buried in potters field (Blue Plains).....	18
Total.....	4

REPORT OF THE DENTIST.

It gives me great pleasure to report an increase in the number of patients given dental treatment this year over any previous year since I have been connected with this institution. This is due to the fact that through the untiring efforts of Major Patterson we have at

last obtained dental equipment. This has been installed since March of this year only, yet it is plain to see that we can handle cases more systematically and render better service than hitherto. I hope this coming year to excel this report and to impress upon all concerned the importance and benefits obtainable from the dental service of this hospital.

Teeth extracted.....	534	Root canals filled.....	3
Postoperative treatments.....	370	Recemented inlay.....	1
Treatments for odontalgia.....	72	Replaced facings on bridges.....	4
Treatments for pyorrhea.....	66	Cement fillings.....	46
Oral prophylaxis.....	132	Amalgam fillings.....	18
Abscesses lanced.....	28	Gutta-percha fillings (permanent).....	2
Bone currements.....	12	Fractures reduced (mandible).....	2

Total number of patients receiving dental service, 436.

GEO. A. HEWEY, D. D. S.

REPORT OF THE PSYCHOPATHIC WARD.

Diagnosis:

General paresis.....	82
Dementia precox.....	159
Arteriosclerotic dementia.....	32
Manic depressive.....	24
Alcoholic.....	56
Toxic psychosis.....	15
Paranoid state.....	46
Constitutional psychopathy.....	6
Senile dementia.....	29
Epilepsy.....	10
Drug addicts.....	36
Idiot.....	1
Morons.....	6
Imbeciles.....	6
Anxiety neurosis.....	1
Agitated melancholia.....	3
Organic dementia.....	3
Involutional melancholia.....	1
Not mental.....	106
	622

Examination requested by—

Police.....	297
Court.....	74
Jail.....	63
Board of Charities.....	70
Lower wards.....	60
Casualty Hospital.....	7
Emergency Hospital.....	8
Georgetown Hospital.....	2
Garfield Hospital.....	2
Freedmen's Hospital.....	7
Providence Hospital.....	2
Board of Children's Guardians.....	6
Public Health.....	3
Relatives.....	16
Home for the Aged.....	2
Orphans' Home.....	1
National Training School.....	2
	622

Social relations:

Married	395
Single	227
	622

Sex and color:

Male	409
Female	213
	622
White	363
Colored	259
	622

Discharged to—

St. Elizabeths Hospital	368
Police	13
Jail	58
Board of Charities	30
Private sanitariums	6
Relatives	78
Self	55
Walter Reed Hospital	1
Lower wards	10
Board of Children's Guardians	3
	622

Condition:

Unimproved	412
Improved	94
Same	106
Dead	8
Escaped	2
	622

In addition to the above cases, this department treated 673 cases of alcoholism, and 121 drug addicts.

D. PERCY HICKLING, M. D.

REPORT OF THE ROENTGENOLOGIST.

Cases, roentgenographic, 172; treatment, 15; refused to submit to exposures, 2; total, 189. Regions, treated, 15; studied, for diagnosis, 183; total, 198; roentgenograms, dental, 71; larger sizes, 643; total, 714.

Diagnostic findings.—Regions, no pathology found, 65; pathology present, 118; fractures, 28; dislocations, 2; foreign bodies localized, 9; destructive osteomyelitis and osteoarthritis, 20; productive osteo-periostitis, 2; productive arthritis, 1; carcinoma of chest, 2, of stomach, 2; pulmonary tuberculosis, 6; pleurisy with effusion, 2; lobar pneumonia, 1; teeth, pyorrhea, 5, periapical pathology, 5; mastoiditis, 1; accessory nasal sinusitis, 2, etc.; altogether 118 regions were found pathologic.

Treatments.—Carcinoma of face, 4; breast and axilla, 1; thigh, 1; osteoarthritis of knees and hips, 8; eczema, 1; total treatments, 15.

Roentgenograms.—Of head, general, 98; teeth, 71; neck, back, and spine, 32; chest, 76; abdomen, including gastro intestinal and genito-

urinary, 171; hips, 28; thigh, 27; knees, 52; leg, 51; ankle and foot, 22; clavicle, 4; shoulder, 14; arm, 5; elbow, 26; forearm, 30; wrist and hand 9; total 714. Average grams per patient, dental 4.9; others, 4.1.

Wm. F. HEMLER, M. D.,
Roentgenologist.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF NURSES.

To the superintendent of the institution, the visiting physician and dean of the school, and the several other visiting physicians of the city, who have with increased interest and without reservation, given their time and efficient work for the advancement and material progress of the training school I hereby acknowledge my indebtedness; and to the numerous members of societies and churches who have visited the sick and given them words of cheer and comfort and supplied their wants in many ways I extend my sincere thanks.

Pupil nurses at Washington Asylum Hospital, June 30, 1921.....	21
Pupil nurses at Harlem Hospital, New York City.....	6
Total.....	27
Appointed during year.....	7
Total.....	34
Graduated during year.....	5
Resigned during year.....	4
Dismissed during year.....	3
Total.....	12
Now at Fordham Hospital, New York City.....	22
Now at Washington Asylum Hospital.....	16

Names of nurses graduated during year: Lenette Rowe, Eugenia Payne, Ethel Luben, Elizabeth Stultz, and S. Madigan.

I very urgently recommend the appointment of an instructor for nurses at an annual salary of \$1,000. This appointment should be made to enable us to comply with the State board.

MARY V. HEALY, R. N.,
Superintendent of Nurses.

REPORT OF BOARD OF CHILDREN'S GUARDIANS.

MEMBERSHIP OF THE BOARD.

President, Mr. Millan; vice president, Mrs. Carter; secretary, Mrs. Ufford.

	Expiration of present term.
Lee Baumgarten.....	October 5, 1922
Mrs. Thomas H. Carter.....	Do.
William W. Millan.....	Do.
Norton M. Little.....	October 6, 1923
Hon. George C. Aukam.....	January 11, 1925
Mrs. Gilbert H. Grosvenor.....	Do.
Hon. J. Wilmer Latimer.....	Do.
Mrs. Walter S. Ufford.....	Do.
Dr. William A. Warfield.....	Do.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Advisory.—Doctor Warfield (chairman), Mr. Baumgarten, Mrs. Carter, Judge Latimer, Mr. Little, and Mrs. Ufford.

Employment of wards.—Judge Aukam (chairman), Mrs. Grosvenor and Mrs. Ufford.

Estimates and appropriations.—Mr. Millan (chairman), Mrs. Carter, Mrs. Ufford, and Doctor Warfield.

Institutions.—Mrs. Ufford (chairman), Judge Aukam, Mrs. Grosvenor, Mr. Little, and Doctor Warfield.

Publicity.—Mrs. Grosvenor.

The following is the twenty-ninth annual report of the Board of Children's Guardians:

MANY CHILDREN GIVEN SERVICE AND PROTECTION DURING THE YEAR.

More than the usual service has been rendered to families seeking advice and help regarding the problems of their children and their care and to individuals asking for information concerning the general field of children's work. Aside from this large service, due to the fact that the Board of Children's Guardians is the public child-caring agency, members of the board have taken an active part in furthering a constructive program in the interest of the children of the District of Columbia. In this program is included the new school attendance law, a bill providing for mothers' allowances, an institution for the feeble-minded, and other measures affecting the health, recreation, and protection of children.

The Board of Children's Guardians has had under care this year 2,383 children. Of these, 1,736, including 129 feeble-minded, were permanent wards; 647, including 9 feeble-minded, were temporary wards; 69 others were carried on the roll of feeble-minded. During this period 40 were added to the list of feeble-minded.

The number of children cared for is smaller than for several years past, which encourages the belief that the welfare agencies of the community are contributing more than ever before toward family rehabilitation and the prevention of juvenile delinquency.

WORK OF THE INVESTIGATING DEPARTMENT.

The number of applications during the past year by relatives and friends of children for care of such children by the Board of Children's Guardians was 256. These applications, in the main, were due to serious illness or to desertion by a parent and covered cases where children had to be provided for temporarily outside of their own homes.

Complaints by organizations or individuals regarding cruelty or neglect of children or of immorality or generally unfit surroundings, in which they were living, were made of 513 families. In the large majority of all these cases the effort was made by the workers of the Board of Children's Guardians to improve conditions so that the children could properly remain in their own homes. Frequently other organizations, churches, relatives, or other interested persons were called on to help the family. In 110 cases court action was found necessary. During the year, 40 children were committed permanently to the Board of Children's Guardians and 116 committed for temporary periods.

The investigating department handled other cases of wards in court, as follows:

Juvenile court:

Nonsupport (white, 9 cases, 12 children; colored, 14 cases, 23 children)....	23
Bastard nonsupport (all colored).....	12
Cases of incorrigibility, taking property of another, etc., involving wards, 20 white and 50 colored.....	70
Wards taken to juvenile court by Board of Children's Guardians for incorrigibility, 7 white and 14 colored	21
Supreme court:	
Wards in court for house breaking and other charges, 1 white 7 colored....	8
Habeas corpus cases, 3, all white (5 children)	3
Total.....	137

FOSTER HOME CARE.

It has been possible during this year to use family home care for wards more than formerly and with great success for all types of children. Two hundred and sixty-eight carefully selected boarding homes are now available and new ones are being constantly added, showing that families are more interested than ever to share their homes with children who, for various reasons, have been removed from their own homes. It is not possible to estimate the value of the unselfish help of foster parents in their care and training of children and in all the countless services which they render to them. From the more general use of foster homes the decrease in runaways has been marked. There are at present 50 per cent fewer runaways than there were three years ago when institutional care was more used for temporary placements. Many children during the year have been found free homes and others have been placed on trial with their own families.

HEALTH PROGRAM OF CHILDREN.

The health program for children who are wards of the Board of Children's Guardians works exceedingly well. The system of a thorough physical examination just after commitment by the court

is followed by necessary corrections made soon after, and later twice-a-year routine physical examinations. Mental examinations have been made in 428 cases this year. This work has been done by Dr. Thomas V. Moore and his assistant, Mr. Thomas G. Foran, Dr. Loren Johnson, with later examinations by Dr. Percival Hall. It is hoped that the time is not far distant when all our children can have early mental examinations and later necessary study, as this will mean intelligent understanding and treatment.

OUR THANKS TO MANY.

The board has been extremely fortunate in the past year in the special service of different kinds which has been made possible through the generosity of other organizations.

Through the help of the Child Welfare League of America, Miss Georgia Ralph, well known to social workers as an authority on record keeping, spent some time in our office studying the record system and made many helpful suggestions for its improvement.

The Federal Children's Bureau Survey, completed during the year, included a case study of 80 families, which furnished valuable information regarding the possible return of a number of children to their own homes.

It was also possible through the Child Welfare League of America and through the generosity of Mr. Prentice Murphy, of the Philadelphia Children's Bureau, to have for three months the services of Miss Mary Doran, who is a recognized authority on home finding and placing out. Miss Doran reorganized our home-finding department, so that the methods now used in that department compare favorably with those of the best organizations doing similar work.

We also wish to acknowledge with gratitude the help of the social organizations, hospitals, clinics, physicians, and many others interested in our own city, without whose interest and help the work of the Board of Children's Guardians could not successfully go forward.

W. W. MILLAN, *President.*

Movement of population.

	Perma-nent wards.	Tempo-rary wards.	Feeble-minded, not wards.
Number of wards under care July 1, 1921.....	1,610	297	53
Received during the year.....	126	350	18
Total.....	1,736	647	71
DISCHARGED.			
Adopted.....	12		
Attained majority.....	115		
Committed during minority.....		72	
Committed to National Training School.....	24	5	
Died.....	8	5	
Expiration of term of commitment.....		289	
Married.....	19		
Order of commitment set aside.....		2	
Returned to relatives.....			2
Discharged from guardianship.....	23		
Total discharged.....	201	373	2
Remaining under care.....	1,535	274	69
Total.....	1,736	647	71

Distribution of permanent and temporary wards at the close of the fiscal year (not including those classed as feeble-minded).

	Permanent wards.				Temporary wards.			
	White.		Colored.		White.		Colored.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Boarding homes.....	89	81	102	87	43	15	36	38
Children's Temporary Home.....			52				40	.....
Convent of Our Lady, Baltimore, Md.....					1			.....
Holy Cross Academy.....								.....
House of the Good Shepherd, Baltimore, Md.....					5			2
House of the Good Shepherd, Washington, D. C.....		5					1	.....
House of Mercy.....		6						1
Industrial School for Colored Girls, Melvale, Md.....				17				.....
St. Emma Industrial School.....			1					.....
St. Francis de Sales Institute.....					1			.....
St. Joseph's Institute.....	2							.....
St. Mary's Industrial School.....	10					2		.....
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum.....		1						.....
Jewish Foster Home.....						3		.....
St. Ann's Infant Asylum.....		2				1	1	.....
National Colored Home.....				4				.....
Washington Home for Foundlings.....						1		.....
Apprentice and wages.....	19	2	31	18	2		1	1
Free with relatives and friends.....	149	103	211	137	14	8	22	3
Hospitals.....	2	1	4	2		1	2	4
Industrial Home School.....					3	1		.....
Industrial Home School for Colored Children.....				43	2		17	.....
St. Elizabeth's Hospital.....								1
Trial for adoption.....	10	7	19	24				.....
Tuberculosis Hospital.....	1	2	3	1				.....
Whereabouts unknown.....	26	8	73	40		1	3	.....
Total.....	309	219	539	339	69	28	121	50

Distribution of feeble-minded children at the close of the fiscal year (including permanent and temporary wards classed as feeble-minded).

	Not wards.				Permanent wards.				Temporary wards.			
	White.		Colored.		White.		Colored.		White.		Colored.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Gundry Home and Training School.....	14	13	.....	.....	3	4	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Pennsylvania Training School.....	13	11	1	1	6	4	.....	.....		
Training School at Vineland.....	2	3	.....	.....	9	3	.....	.....		
Boarding homes.....		1			4	2	2	8				
House of the Good Shepherd, white.....					2				1			
House of the Good Shepherd, colored.....									1			
St. Mary's Industrial School.....							26					
Industrial Home School, colored.....									1			
National Colored Home.....									1			
Hospitals.....					1		1	1				
St. Elizabeth's Hospital.....					1		3	1				
House of Mercy.....					1							
St. Joseph's Institute.....							1					
Free with relatives and friends.....	4	1	2		6	3	7	6		1	2	
Wages.....							5	4				
Whereabouts unknown.....	1		2	3	1	5	3					
Total.....	34	29	3	3	35	20	49	25	3	1	2	.....

Financial statement.

Appropriation for contingent expenses.....	\$4,000.00
Appropriation for salaries.....	21,800.00
Board and care of children:	
Primary appropriation.....	\$160,000.00
Deficiency appropriation.....	7,200.00
Payments by relatives.....	4,395.55
	<hr/>
Maintenance of feeble-minded:	171,595.55
Primary appropriation.....	35,000.00
Deficiency appropriation.....	1,500.00
Payments by relatives.....	1,532.37
	<hr/>
Total.....	38,032.37
	<hr/>
	235,427.92
	<hr/>
	EXPENDED.
Contingent expenses:	
Furniture, printing, and stationery.....	\$1,109.96
Telephone and telegrams.....	81.37
Travel and transportation.....	2,794.97
	<hr/>
Salaries.....	3,986.30
Board and care of children:	
Boarding homes.....	\$106,797.71
Children's Temporary Home.....	23,318.04
Convent of Our Lady.....	26.90
Holy Cross Academy.....	22.42
House of the Good Shepherd, Baltimore, Md.....	854.44
House of the Good Shepherd, Washington, D. C.....	813.66
House of Mercy.....	786.21
Jewish Foster Home.....	652.04
Industrial School for Colored Girls, Melvale, Md.....	2,590.39
St. Emma Industrial School.....	21.00
St. Francis de Sales Institute.....	111.00
St. Joseph's Institute.....	108.63
St. Mary's Industrial School.....	3,884.69
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum.....	168.00
Clothing.....	15,248.45
Drugs, dental and medical attendance.....	8,769.58
Salaries.....	866.67
Burial of wards.....	80.00
	<hr/>
Maintenance of feeble-minded:	165,119.83
Boarding homes.....	2,668.07
Gundry Home and Training School.....	9,795.85
Pennsylvania Training School.....	13,587.47
Training School at Vineland, N. J.....	6,572.68
Other institutions.....	1,118.51
	<hr/>
Total expended.....	33,742.58
Unexpended balances:	
Contingent expenses.....	\$13.70
Salaries.....	477.75
Board and care.....	6,475.72
Maintenance of feeble-minded.....	4,289.79
	<hr/>
Total.....	11,256.96
	<hr/>
	235,427.92
	<hr/>

Appropriation for the care and maintenance of children under contract to be made with—

National Association for the Relief of Destitute Colored Women and Children.....	\$2,500.00
St. Ann's Infant Asylum.....	1,000.00
Washington Home for Foundlings.....	1,500.00
	<hr/>
	5,000.00

EXPENDED.

National Association.....	\$2,495.92
St. Ann's Infant Asylum.....	813.77
Washington Home for Foundlings.....	423.52
	<hr/>
Total expended.....	3,733.21
Unexpended balances:	
National Association.....	\$4.08
St. Ann's Infant Asylum.....	186.23
Washington Home for Foundlings.....	1,076.48
	<hr/>
	1,266.79
	<hr/>
	5,000.00

REPORT OF THE INDUSTRIAL HOME SCHOOL.

Financial statement.

RECEIPTS.

Appropriation for salaries.....	\$10,140.00
Appropriation for maintenance.....	25,000.00
Appropriation for repairs.....	3,000.00
Appropriation for temporary labor.....	400.00
 Total receipts.....	 <hr/> 38,540.00

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services.....	10,225.17
For food.....	10,279.55
For ice.....	696.36
For laundry when not done in institution.....	217.22
For laundry and cleaning supplies.....	707.68
For clothing, shoes, and dry goods.....	2,767.31
For heat, light and power, and engineers supplies.....	6,085.29
For furniture and household furnishings and repairs to same.....	798.96
For medical and surgical supplies and instruments, and medical attendance.....	201.34
For stable, farm, garden, etc.....	1,448.03
 For stationery, printing, and office expenses.....	 71.06
For car tickets.....	105.30
For current repairs and materials for same.....	2,675.51
For miscellaneous.....	748.72
 Total expenditures.....	 37,027.50
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	1,512.50

HOME SCHOOL FUND.

Balance June 30, 1921.....	3,752.51
Receipts from sales of products.....	3,962.02
Receipts from Board of Children's Guardians.....	174.00

Total.....	7,888.53
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EXPENDED.

For food.....	1,065.55
For ice.....	158.51
For fuel.....	1,195.41
For forage.....	110.52
For house furnishings.....	430.15
For miscellaneous.....	147.06
 Total.....	 3,107.20
Balance June 30, 1922.....	4,781.33
 Total.....	 7,888.53

Movement of population.

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Number in school June 30, 1921.....	65	22	87
Number admitted.....	100	21	121
Total.....	165	43	208
Discharged.....	124	40	164
Absconded.....	36	2	38
Remaining.....	5	1	6
Total.....	165	43	208

Daily average, 65.

14774—22—7

REPORT OF THE INDUSTRIAL HOME SCHOOL FOR COLORED CHILDREN.

I am submitting herewith the annual report of the Industrial Home School for Colored Children of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1922.

The year just closed marked an era of reconstruction in the history of the school. Many changes were effected in the reorganization of our staff with the purpose of strengthening the proficiency of its personnel. The too large overturn of employees caused by war conditions for the past few years had served to considerably weaken the efficiency of the school's corps of workers and to proportionately embarrass the progress of the institution. Better salaries paid to instructors here would minimize this unavoidable interruption to our personnel and assure maximum strength to the efficiency of the school.

The policy of the school during the past year was to keep our population at its normal capacity and thereby comfortably and adequately accommodate at a modest cost per capita those wards of the Board of Children's Guardians intrusted to our custody. To over-crowd our cottages for the mere sake of increasing the average daily attendance and subsequently reducing the per capita cost would not be for the school's best interests nor conducive to the proper care, instruction, and development of its inmates.

The limited number of boys admitted in the school gave ample opportunity for intensive research and personal helpfulness to the individual boy. As a result many wards because of peculiar characteristics were recommended for mental tests, and in most every instance the case was officially classified as "feeble-minded." Thirty-three feeble-minded boys were enrolled here during the year. We closed the year with 27 of these boys still on the roll. The establishment of the institution for the feeble-minded, for which Congress has already made an appropriation, will meet a long felt need in the District of Columbia and relieve other agencies of this additional burden which has been encumbent upon them already too long.

The health of our boys has been exceptionally good. We were visited with almost no sickness. Many minor operations, however, were performed which added further to our good bill of health.

The influences of the athletic, academic, religious, and social activities of the school were reflected in the physical, mental, and moral growth and development of many of the boys.

The industrial work progressed with much satisfaction. Our manual training classes kept the buildings and grounds in a habitable condition. Much attention was given to sanitation and cleanliness. I quote with pride that a very small percentage of the repair money was expended for salaries to mechanics. Of the \$1,500 given for repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, only \$340 was paid for wages. The upkeep of the institution was accomplished almost entirely through the purchase of materials and the combined labor of our instructors and boys.

The truck garden continued to prove itself an indispensable part of the school. It supplied our tables with an abundant harvest of choice fresh vegetables and fruits. The healthy condition of our boys alone, to say nothing of the training which they receive in garden work, emphasizes the intrinsic value of the farm. Our farm has contributed largely toward maintaining a modest cost per capita for the institution.

Movement of population.

Number present June 30, 1921.....	86
Number admitted and readmitted.....	125
Total.....	211
Number discharged and absconded.....	123
Died.....	0
Number remaining June 30, 1922.....	88
Total.....	211
Daily average number.....	85.5
Highest number at any time during the year.....	89
Lowest number at any time during the year.....	77
Number of days' maintenance furnished employees.....	7,412
Number of days' maintenance furnished inmates.....	31,232
Per capita cost.....	\$351.24

Financial statement.

RECEIPTS.

Appropriation for salaries.....	\$10,800.00
Appropriation for maintenance.....	18,000.00
Appropriation for repairs.....	1,500.00
Appropriation for temporary labor.....	500.00
Appropriation for manual training equipment.....	600.00
Total receipts.....	31,400.00

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services.....	11,063.89
For meats, fish, etc.....	\$3,181.35
For flour.....	64.22
For bread.....	1,089.12
For groceries and provisions.....	1,532.80
Total for food.....	5,867.49
For laundry and cleaning supplies.....	493.03
For clothing.....	2,455.10
For shoes and repairs to same.....	1,165.25
For dry goods.....	615.97
Total for clothing, shoes and dry goods.....	4,236.32
For fuel.....	2,099.66
For light.....	54.10
Total for heat, light and power, and engineers' supplies.....	2,153.76
For furniture and household furnishings and repairs to same.....	1,028.11
For medical and surgical supplies and instruments.....	133.96
For blacksmithing and materials for same.....	180.39
For farm tools and appliances.....	245.08
For fertilizers and seeds.....	482.67
For forage.....	1,656.98
Total for stable, farm, garden, etc.....	2,565.12

For school expenses.....	\$279.87
For stationery, printing, and office expenses.....	193.03
For telephone.....	123.47
For car tickets.....	98.75
For current repairs and materials for same.....	1,499.78
For advertising.....	55.80
For playground equipment.....	153.18
For miscellaneous.....	56.38
For maintenance and repairs to automobile.....	528.80
For manual training equipment.....	599.07
 Total expenditures.....	 31,129.81
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	270.19

BALANCES.

Unexpended:

For salaries.....	235.31
For maintenance.....	32.93
For repairs to buildings.....	.22
For manual training equipment.....	.93
For temporary labor.....	.80

Balance on hand June 30, 1922..... 270.19

In closing this report, I wish to thank the District Commissioners, the Board of Charities, the Board of Children's Guardians, and our many friends who gave us their cheerful support and valuable assistance in the conduct of the affairs of the school during the year.

LEON L. PERRY,
Superintendent.

REPORT OF THE WASHINGTON HOME FOR FOUNDLINGS.

Financial statement.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand June 30, 1921.....	\$1,480.11
From board of inmates.....	10,779.25
From Board of Children's Guardians.....	371.59
From interest and dividends.....	1,000.00
From entertainments.....	205.00
From loans.....	1,600.00
From interest.....	109.34
From adoption.....	100.00
From incorporators.....	400.00
From sundry gifts.....	675.00
From sundries.....	144.08
 Total receipts.....	 16,864.37

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services.....	6,306.00
For bread.....	\$398.31
For groceries and provisions.....	2,441.95
For milk.....	1,159.95
 Total for food.....	 4,000.21
For ice.....	314.80
For laundry when not done in institution.....	109.71
For fuel.....	\$1,477.60
For light, gas, and electricity.....	653.06
 Total for heat, light, and power.....	 2,130.66
For medicines.....	235.38
For stationery, printing, and office supplies.....	24.00
For telephone.....	123.31
For current repairs and materials for same.....	2,734.71
For interest.....	42.95
For water rent.....	10.35
For advertisements (help).....	16.48
For sundries.....	453.13
 Total for expenditures.....	 16,501.69

Balance on hand June 30, 1922..... 362.68

Movement of population.

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Number in institution June 30, 1921.....	14	16	30
Admitted during year.....	51	51	102
Readmitted during year.....	5	4	9
 Total.....	 70	 71	 141
Returned to relatives or friends.....	36	34	70
Adopted.....	2	2	4
Returned to Board of Children's Guardians.....	2	5	7
Died.....	6	6	12
Number in institution June 30, 1922.....	24	24	48
 Total.....	 70	 71	 141
 Daily average number.....			36
Largest number of inmates at any one time.....			49
Smallest number of inmates at any one time.....			22
Daily average number of employees.....			17

REPORT OF NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE RELIEF OF DESTITUTE COLORED WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

I am inclosing, on your blanks, the report of our treasurer, Mrs. C. W. Harris, and that of our acting superintendent, Miss Simms, together with a few words added, to say that throughout the year our institution has been quietly and effectively carrying on its three-fold line of work: First, its original mission, the care of destitute women and children (we still have several wards of our own); second, boarding children who, in every instance, have lost by death either father or mother, the remaining parent by reason of having to earn a living, unable to care for the children properly and unwilling to give them up to the Board of Children's Guardians, intrusts them to us; third, caring for girls, wards of the Board of Children's Guardians.

The health record has been excellent to an unusual degree, and comfort and contentment have reigned throughout the year, evidenced by regular attendance at school and willingness to engage in systematic practical training indoors and out, for we have had all the children, boys and girls, guided by one of the heads of the public schools garden training force in cultivating a part of the grounds surrounding "the home."

ELIZABETH A. COOK, President.

Financial statement.

ASSETS.

Estimated value of real estate.....	\$40,000.00
Estimated value of furniture.....	500.00
Total.....	40,500.00

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand June 30, 1921.....	13.38
From board of inmates.....	1,990.16
From interest and dividends.....	1,001.13
From rent.....	419.00
From loans.....	500.00
From refunds.....	5.52
From miscellaneous.....	12.00
From appropriation under contract.....	2,522.61
Total receipts.....	6,463.80

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services.....	615.42
For bread.....	\$256.59
For groceries and provisions.....	862.29
For milk.....	383.50
Total for food.....	1,502.38
For ice.....	36.40
For laundry when not done in institution.....	120.00
For fuel.....	938.45
For light.....	57.26
Total for heat, light, and power.....	995.71

For medical and surgical supplies and instruments.....	\$11.53
For telephone.....	34.43
For interest.....	1,024.67
For water rent.....	214.51
For incidentals.....	123.68
For miscellaneous.....	25.00
For plumbing.....	198.58
 Total expenditures.....	4,902.31
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	1,561.49

Movement of population.

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Number in institution June 30, 1921.....	12	10	22
Admitted during year.....	10	38	48
Readmitted during year.....	0	7	7
 Total.....	22	55	77
 Returned to relatives or friends.....	5	4	9
Returned to Board of Children's Guardians.....	0	39	39
Number in institution June 30, 1922.....	17	12	29
 Total.....	22	55	77
 Daily average number.....			25
Largest number of inmates at any one time.....			34
Smallest number of inmates at any one time.....			25
Daily average number of employees (with the assistance of the larger girls and with most of the laundry sent out).....			3

REPORT OF ST. ANN'S INFANT ASYLUM.

The president and board of directors of St. Ann's Infant Asylum take pleasure in submitting the report of the institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922.

The members of the board are as follows: Sister Georgiana Emussen, president; Sister Agnes Sheehan, secretary and treasurer; Sister Placida McDonald, Sister Fausta Nolan, Sister Angela Johnston, Sister Clare Cronan, directors.

The new passenger electric elevator has been completed, and satisfactorily installed during the past year. A new summer kitchen has been built at asylum in Berwyn, and porches added to the dormitories on the second and third floors, which were badly needed as a matter of convenience and necessity.

There are still many needed improvements wanting at the city house which we are obliged to postpone for want of funds; but, relying on the generosity of our friends, we trust these improvements can be made in the near future.

The attending physicians and nurses were most untiring in the care of the children during the past year. We are most grateful to them, and all those who have aided us in our work, and trust that God will grant them all needed blessings as a reward of their charity.

SISTERS OF CHARITY.

Financial statement.

ASSETS.

Estimated value of property.....	\$100,000.00
Estimated value of furniture.....	3,000.00
Total.....	103,000.00

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand June 30, 1921.....	2,217.09
From board of inmates.....	11,042.89
From maternity patients.....	3,604.82
From men's aid societies.....	893.65
From ladies' aid societies.....	150.40
From interest and dividends.....	785.48
From rent.....	1,126.66
From contributions.....	1,436.50
From donations.....	1,205.71
From legacies or endowment.....	8,158.35
From tag-day receipts.....	6,365.04
From lawn fete.....	2,635.69
From sundry sources.....	1,240.62
From appropriation under contract.....	660.00
Total receipts.....	41,522.90

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services.....	\$3, 953. 04
For meat's, fish, etc.....	\$3, 494. 66
For flour.....	1, 725. 80
For groceries and provisions.....	3, 513. 81
For milk.....	5, 714. 32
 Total for food.....	 14, 448. 59
For ice.....	242. 75
For laundry and cleaning supplies.....	752. 00
For shoes and repairs to same.....	\$350. 91
For dry goods.....	3, 459. 63
 Total for shoes and dry goods.....	 3, 810. 54
For fuel.....	\$1, 828. 25
For light.....	959. 51
For power.....	442. 50
 Total for heat, light and power.....	 3, 230. 26
For furniture and household furnishings and repairs to same.....	1, 178. 32
For medical and surgical supplies and instruments.....	1, 046. 91
For stationery and printing and office supplies.....	494. 71
For expenses of ambulance and stable.....	275. 00
For telephone.....	313. 99
For car tickets.....	83. 58
For current repairs and materials for same.....	5, 840. 13
For interest.....	24. 90
For water rent.....	16. 20
For taxes.....	224. 77
For insurance.....	73. 81
For farm supplies.....	716. 60
For kitchen range.....	500. 00
For sundry expenses.....	1, 969. 00
 Total expenditures.....	 39, 195. 10
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	2, 327. 80

Movement of population.

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Number in institution June 30, 1921.....	45	48	93
Admitted during the year.....	37	43	80
Births.....	28	16	44
 Total.....	 110	 107	 217
Returned to relatives or friends.....	37	53	90
Adopted.....	7	4	11
Transferred to other institutions.....	3	8	11
Died.....	11	4	15
Number in institution June 30, 1922.....	52	38	90
 Total.....	 110	 107	 217
 Daily average number.....			129
Largest number of inmates at any one time.....			130
Smallest number of inmates at any one time.....			106
Daily average number of employees.....			25

REPORT OF THE HOME FOR AGED AND INFIRM.

I have the honor to submit the following annual report of the Home for Aged and Infirm for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922:

As we look backward over the past year one of the outstanding observations is the loss among us of many of our old residents, members of the home who came to Blue Plains at its opening 17 years ago.

Six or eight of the old stand-bys having died during the year, among them a number who took pride in the home, and who were keenly interested in its welfare and success and grieved with its shortcomings and failures.

They did what they could to "brighten the corner where they were," and by their fortitude and patience were at once an inspiration and rebuke to some of us in more favored circumstance.

We will miss these faithful ones, their good will and encouragement. One fine old lady, now gone, assured me she prayed for me every day, and Heaven knows the superintendent of an almshouse needs daily prayer.

We have with us now two dear old ladies, sisters, here through no fault of their own; their feet are just now touching the brink of the river, and these women we have known here for 15 years and yet no one has ever yet known them to make a complaint; it is inevitable that they must have had many just causes for dissatisfaction and complaint. God help us to learn our daily lesson.

We are much improved throughout the home with the new plumbing and with the addition of our ward building unit now in use.

One floor of this new ward is occupied temporarily with patients from our little hospital which is now under extensive repairs, new floors, plumbing, heating, and painting in an effort to make it more suitable to its purposes.

We would very much like to divert our present hospital to uses in connection with the white women's ward to which it is contiguous, and build a new hospital more favorably located and adapted to our needs.

We have refrained, however, from including a sum in this year's estimates for this purpose, hoping that material, labor, and money will later be more available for this work.

We are ever and always under obligation to our many friends from the churches and societies and clubs and from kind-hearted individuals who are constantly ministering to our needs, spiritual, social, and physical, of the home folks.

Regular religious services, Protestant and Catholic, are held weekly; entertainment, concert, moving pictures, and treats of ice cream and cake, fruit, candy, and tobacco are frequently furnished.

Among our staunch friends thus contributing to this work are the St. Vincent de Paul Society, Doctor and Mrs. Covell and their assistant, of Trinity Episcopal Church, Gospel Mission, New York Avenue and Marshall Place Presbyterian Churches, Zion and Baptist colored, Shriners and Odd Fellows, and Mr. A. Brylaski (Daddy B) and

family who now have a regular date on which they furnish a big dinner to every resident of the home, besides numerous movies and other treats furnished throughout the year.

We look forward and backward with much anticipation and pleasure and realization of these treats.

The farm continues to minister to our wants with fruit and vegetables, milk and butter, eggs and poultry, pork and beef; without its products we could not have lived under our reduced appropriations.

We are realizing good returns in milk and butter from our pure-bred dairy herd and have high expectations for it in the future; have also developed a very promising department in our swine-feeding enterprise, using city garbage for the feed.

We slaughtered 40,000 pounds of pork during the year, which furnished many a juicy sugar-cured ham for our tables.

We are much perturbed by the decision to locate an institution for the feeble-minded children on this reservation, as we even now lack land for our operations, to say nothing of inevitable future demands incident to the growth of the institutions already located here.

Wm. J. FAY, *Superintendent.*

Movement of population.

	White.		Colored.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
Inmates July 1, 1921.....	66	47	79	85	277
Admitted.....	23	15	33	28	99
Readmitted.....	23	9	17	15	64
Total.....	112	71	129	128	440
Discharges.....	37	15	17	18	87
Died.....	11	7	8	15	41
Inmates June 30, 1922.....	64	49	104	95	312
Total.....	112	71	129	128	440
Daily average.....					298.54
Largest number of inmates at one time, May 9, 1922.....					317
Smallest number of inmates at one time, July 1, 1921.....					277
Per capita, including temporary labor, salaries, and maintenance ¹					\$220.44
Actual per capita, including temporary labor, salaries, and maintenance ¹					\$196.21

Stock on hand July 1, 1922.

Bulls, pure-bred Holsteins.....	2	Hogs—Continued.	
Cows, pure-bred Holsteins.....	13	Shoats, 30 to 75 pounds.....	50
Heifers, pure-bred Holsteins.....	9	Pigs.....	60
Calves, pure-bred Holsteins.....	2	Turkeys.....	3
Horses.....	30	Ducks.....	5
Hogs:		Keets.....	20
Boars.....	4	Chickens:	
Brood sows.....	46	Old.....	425
Fat, 100 to 250 pounds.....	20	Young.....	865

¹ With Industrial Home School for Colored Children assuming the proper proportion of power-house expense.

Financial statement.

RECEIPTS.

Appropriations, 1922:	
Salaries.....	\$19,052.00
Maintenance.....	45,000.00
Maintenance from Industrial Home School (transfer voucher).....	1,500.00
Temporary labor.....	2,000.00
Repairs to buildings and grounds.....	4,000.00
Renewal of floors.....	2,000.00
Renewal of plumbing.....	5,000.00
Renewal and repairs to boiler-feed pumps.....	2,500.00
Building extension, colored women's ward (from 1921).....	937.44
 Total receipts.....	 81,989.44

EXPENDITURES.

Salaries.....	\$18,383.92
Salaries, deductions.....	473.22
	<hr/>
	18,857.14
Food:	
Meats and fish.....	7,729.11
Flour and meal.....	2,717.75
Groceries and provisions.....	5,448.56
	<hr/>
Total for food.....	15,895.42
Clothing, shoes, etc.:	
Clothing.....	977.90
Shoes and leather.....	357.15
Dry goods.....	2,008.10
	<hr/>
Total for clothing, shoes, etc.....	3,343.15
Fuel, light and heat:	
Fuel.....	12,948.39
Light supplies.....	101.10
Engineer supplies.....	1,577.59
	<hr/>
Total for fuel, heat, and light.....	14,627.08
House furnishings.....	667.43
Drug and medical supplies.....	667.68
Farm and stables:	
Harness and harness repairs.....	43.80
Horse shoeing and blacksmith material.....	95.64
Farm tools and appliances.....	971.97
Seed.....	298.75
Forage.....	6,680.08
Miscellaneous virus and spraying material.....	491.43
Testing.....	198.19
	<hr/>
Total for farm and stables.....	8,779.86
Miscellaneous:	
Stationery and office supplies.....	140.80
Car tickets.....	4.90
Current repairs.....	453.53
Repairs and maintenance of autos.....	1,135.14
Miscellaneous.....	587.82
Postage.....	10.00
Phone.....	156.56
	<hr/>
Total for miscellaneous.....	2,488.75
Total for maintenance and salaries.....	65,326.51

Temporary labor.....	\$2,000.00
Repairs to buildings, grounds etc.....	3,988.80
Renewal of floors.....	2,000.00
Renewal of plumbing.....	4,990.51
Renewal and repairs to boiler pumps.....	2,500.00
Buildings, extension colored women's ward (1921).	897.57
 Total.....	 \$16,376.88
 Total expenditures.....	 81,703.39
Unexpended balances:	
Salaries.....	194.86
Maintenance.....	30.63
Repairs to buildings, grounds, etc.....	11.20
Renewal of plumbing.....	9.49
Buildings, extension colored women's ward.....	39.87
 Total unexpended balances.....	 286.05
 Total.....	 81,989.44

REPORT OF PHYSICIAN.

The year just closed has been a normal one as regards the types of disease, cause of death, and mortality rate.

There is but one outstanding feature in the management and care of the sick which demands immediate and radical change.

Since taking over the medical supervision of the home, I have been impressed more and more with the hopelessly inadequate hospital building. As a hospital for an institution housing approximately 400 people, where every resident is a semi or chronic invalid, it is a travesty, a mere makeshift. There is not a single feature in its favor, size, facilities, ventilation or light; indeed the heat and glare of summer are all but intolerable.

From a medical viewpoint this building should be abandoned as a hospital and if used at all, for housing purposes, made into a dormitory for the "Incontinent" to relieve a situation in the main dormitories, that is a constant source of annoyance to the normal residents and a just cause of criticism from visitors.

I would suggest, that until a proper hospital can be provided, the entire lower floor of the new dormitory be converted into quarters for the sick. This can be done at comparatively small cost, by the installation of bathing facilities and toilets.

HOWARD FISHER, M. D.

Summary of farm activities.

Products:	
Hogs.....	\$5,982.80
Dairy.....	8,931.00
Dairy increase, value stock.....	1,250.00
Poultry.....	1,888.36
Poultry increase, value stock.....	142.25
Vegetables and forage.....	10,149.31
 Total products.....	 \$28,343.72

108 BOARD OF CHARITIES OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Expenses:

Hogs.....	\$3, 603. 49
Hogs loss, value stock.....	2, 026. 00
Dairy.....	7, 437. 58
Poultry.....	1, 783. 63
Vegetables and forage.....	9, 041. 62
Total expenses.....	\$23, 892. 32
Net gain for year:	
Hogs.....	353. 31
Dairy.....	2, 743. 42
Poultry.....	246. 98
Vegetables and forage.....	1, 107. 69
Total net gain.....	4, 451. 40
Total, expenses and profit.....	28, 343. 72

REPORT OF THE MUNICIPAL LODGING HOUSE.

This has been an unusual year at this institution, as there were 9,312 lodgings furnished to transients, being well-nigh 200 per cent increase over the previous year.

Although so large a number of unemployed persons applied for lodgings, many of them obtained temporary work at least. A representative of a firm who calls regularly at the lodging house to recruit his staff of employees, recently spoke to us very highly of the men he has obtained here, stating that they now have six of our men working for them who are making from \$3 to \$6 per day. One applicant who secured work through us nearly 19 years ago, has been working for a firm in this same block ever since as a first-class mechanic at good wages.

Of course not all that come to the lodging house are first-class workers, there is quite a percentage of inferiors in the bunch. There are those who, while not really sick, are feeble bodied, but what is a still greater problem, many are feeble-minded, and some are both feeble bodied and feeble-minded; and about all we can do for such is to give them a few meals and lodgings and tell them to move on, and that does not look like the best policy to us.

Nearly all ages, nationalities, and kinds have applied this year. We note a few at 14 and 15 years of age, and many in their teens were here. Fully one-half of the total are between the years of 19 and 30. Men of nearly all trades and professions were here. Not many old men were present, and I believe many worthy persons were helped in the time of their perplexity.

A few were sent to the hospital. The general health of these men is pretty good, being so much in the open; but it goes pretty hard with those in cold weather who are thinly clad and feet on the ground.

A very noticeable thing during the year was the increased variety of foreigners, bringing the total up to 48 nationalities represented, which probably is a part of the aftermath of the World War. The proportion of Germans was only about half as compared with pre-war years.

Should we have a large crowd to care for this year, am glad we shall be able to feed them, as the appropriation has been increased \$1,000. The \$2,000 appropriation of last year was nearly exhausted by early spring, so that from March 15 to July 1 the applicants came to and went from the lodging house hungry, as we were not able to feed them, being scarcely enough funds to keep the house going at all, no money for laundry, the men were compelled to sleep between unlaundered sheets, although the sheets as well as the men's clothing were thoroughly fumigated daily with sulphur fumes; the sleeping rooms also being fumigated in the same way several times as the summer approached.

	Out of work.	Feeble.	Total.
Native born:			
White.....	5,861	541	6,402
Colored.....	1,693	222	1,915
Foreigners.....	945	50	995
	8,499	813	9,312
Foreign born:			
Algeria.....	4		4
Arabia.....	13		13
Argentina.....	5		5
Austria.....	42	4	46
Australia.....	39		39
Belgium.....	4		4
Bohemia.....	15	2	17
Buenos Aires.....	3		3
Brazil.....	1		1
Bulgaria.....	1		1
Canada.....	45	2	47
Costa Rica.....	1		1
Cuba.....	1		1
Cyprus Island.....	2		2
Denmark.....	13		13
England.....	96	6	102
Egypt.....	28	1	29
Finland.....	35		35
France.....	15		15
Germany.....	43		43
Greece.....	5		5
Holland.....	18	1	19
Honduras.....	2		2
Hungaria.....	9	1	10
India.....	50		50
Ireland.....	104	7	111
Italy.....	36	14	50
Jamaica.....	4		4
Mexico.....	24		24
Nicaragua.....	3	1	4
Norway.....	4		4
Nova Scotia.....	1		1
Peru.....	1		1
Poland.....	45		45
Porto Rico.....	37	1	38
Rumania.....	7		7
Russia.....	36	2	38
Santo Domingo.....	17		17
Serbia.....	10	3	13
Scotland.....	57		57
Spain.....	13		13
Sweden.....	37	2	39
Switzerland.....	5		5
Trinidad.....	2		2
Wales.....	2	1	3
West Indies.....	7	2	9
	915	50	995
Single men.....			9,099
Married men.....			213
Employment secured.....			1,598
Sent to hospital.....			6

Financial statement.

RECEIPTS.

Appropriation for salaries.....	\$2,040.00
Appropriation for maintenance.....	2,000.00

	\$4,040.00

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries.....	2,040.00
For meat.....	408.43
For flour.....	3.74
For bread.....	271.44
For groceries and provisions.....	306.63

	990.24

For ice.....	\$88.76
For laundry not done in the institution.....	354.12
For laundry and cleaning supplies.....	33.73
For fuel.....	\$150.77
For light and cooking.....	95.97
For electric power.....	19.40

For furniture and household furnishings.....	266.14
For stationery.....	183.08
For repairs and materials.....	2.86
For ashes removed.....	28.47
For fumigation.....	23.25
For medicine.....	14.00
	.79
Total expenditure.....	4,025.44
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	14.56

	4,040.00

A. H. TYSON,
Superintendent.

**REPORT OF TEMPORARY HOME FOR UNION EX-SOLDIERS AND
SAILORS.**

Financial statement.

RECEIPTS.

Appropriation for salaries.....	\$1,920.00
Appropriation for maintenance.....	5,000.00
Total receipts.....	<u>6,920.00</u>

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services.....	1,499.00
For meats, fish, etc.....	\$1,057.40
For flour.....	22.62
For bread.....	92.14
For groceries and provisions.....	784.87
For milk.....	138.80
Total for food.....	<u>2,095.83</u>
For ice.....	91.81
For laundry when not done in institution.....	89.13
For laundry and cleaning supplies.....	53.78
For dry goods.....	169.72
For fuel.....	356.44
For light, water heater, and range.....	154.27
Total for heat and light.....	<u>510.71</u>
For furniture and household furnishings and repairs to same.....	379.46
For stationery, printing, and office supplies.....	41.60
For car tickets or tokens.....	9.95
For current repairs and materials for same.....	32.60
For rent.....	1,500.00
For removal of ashes.....	27.00
Total expenditures.....	<u>6,491.59</u>
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	<u>428.41</u>

Movement of population.

Number of inmates June 30, 1921.....	17
Admitted during year.....	567
Total.....	<u>584</u>
Discharged during year.....	568
Number of inmates June 30, 1922.....	16
Total.....	<u>584</u>
Daily average number.....	14
Largest number of inmates at any one time.....	17
Smallest number of inmates at any one time.....	11

THOS. A. HUDLOW,
Superintendent.

REPORT OF FLORENCE CRITTENTON HOME.

I have the honor to submit herewith the yearly report of the Florence Crittenton Home of Washington, D. C., successor to the Hope and Help Mission, setting forth the statistics of the same relating to the number cared for and the amount of money received and expended in carrying on the work which our charter states to be as follows: "To furnish temporary home for the homeless, unfortunate, fallen, and dissipated women and girls and bring them under religious and reformatory influences while they shall be inmates of such home."

From our report it will be seen that we have cared for over 200 persons during the year, and that we have had a daily average of 65, with but 1 death.

The treasurer's report shows the total receipts to be \$19,345.82; total expenditures, \$15,506.75, leaving a balance July 1, 1922, of \$3,839.07.

We have received from the Board of Charities the sum of \$2,902.57.

We thank you for the sympathy and hearty cooperation manifested throughout the year, and bespeak your continued interest in the same.

EMMA B. FITTS,
President of Board.

Financial statement.

ASSETS.

Estimated value of premises, 307 C Street NW.....	\$15,000.00
Estimated value of furniture, equipment, etc.....	3,000.00
Cash on hand June 30, 1922.....	3,839.07
Total.....	21,839.07

INDEBTEDNESS.

Note secured by deed of trust.....	2,000.00

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand June 30, 1921.....	2,313.28
From board of inmates (board, \$546; maternity fees, \$1,325).....	1,871.00
From ladies aid societies, Florence Crittenton Circles.....	2,254.70
From contributions, miscellaneous \$2,193.90, appeals \$4,365.30.....	6,559.20
From entertainments, dinner, and bazaar.....	472.23
From telephone receipts.....	8.54
From refund.....	14.90
From rummage sale, \$6.35; tag day, \$16.55.....	22.90
From interest on money in bank.....	32.38
From appropriation under contract, Board of Charities.....	2,902.57
Total receipts.....	16,451.70

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services.....	3,411.40
For meats, fish, etc.....	\$182.97
For flour, etc.....	302.28
For groceries and provisions.....	1,529.52
For milk.....	1,152.77
For superintendent for marketing extras.....	360.00
Total for food.....	3,527.54

For ice.....	\$174.00
Total for clothing, shoes and dry goods.....	358.62
For fuel.....	\$952.40
For light, \$522.01, appliances, \$18.90.....	540.91
For medical attendance, hospital service.....	1,493.31
For drugs and medical supplies.....	302.50
For stationery and printing and office supplies.....	270.93
For telephone.....	312.38
For transportation.....	119.87
For current repairs and materials for same.....	106.28
For Washington Council of Social Agencies, \$25; Boston Welfare Conference, \$20; Federation of Women's Clubs, \$5.....	910.26
For housekeeping and incidentals, \$341; removing ashes, \$60; miscellaneous, \$62.71.....	50.00
For National Ivakota Farms, Clifton, Va., for care of girls and children.....	463.71
For refunds, \$70; Christmas gifts, \$20; rummage sale expenses, \$8.....	180.00
For fumigating, \$15; filing legal paper, \$0.95.....	98.00
For donation transferred to Florence Crittenton Home building fund.....	15.95
For donation transferred to Florence Crittenton Home building fund.....	1,500.00
 Total expenditures.....	 13,294.75
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	 3,156.95

REPORT FOR 307 C STREET NW.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand July 1, 1921.....	\$1,694.12
Rent for premises, 307 C Street NW.....	1,200.00

Total receipts.....	2,894.12
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EXPENDITURES.

For deed of trust on premises, 307 C Street NW.....	2,000.00
For releasing papers.....	7.00
For interest on deed of trust for \$2,000.....	87.75
For repairs.....	79.80
For water rent.....	19.45
For insurance on premises, 307 C Street NW.....	18.00

Total expenditures.....	2,212.00
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	682.12

Total.....	2,894.12
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SUMMARY.

RECEIPTS.

218 Third Street NW.....	\$16,451.70
307 C Street NW.....	2,894.12

Total receipts.....	19,345.82
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EXPENDITURES.

218 Third Street NW.....	\$13,294.75
307 C Street NW.....	2,212.00

Total expenditures.....	15,506.75
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Balance on hand, 218 Third Street NW.....	3,156.95
Balance on hand, 307 C Street NW.....	682.12

19,345.82

M. REGINA DOUGLAS, Treasurer.

Movement of population.

	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Number in institution June 30, 1921.....	29	7	14	50
Admitted during year.....	81	9	8	98
Readmitted during year.....	4	1	1	6
Births.....		28	19	47
Total	114	45	42	201
Returned to families.....	36	13	12	61
Homes found for (positions).....	28	7	13	48
Transferred.....	11	4	5	20
Died.....	39	21	11	71
Remaining June 30, 1922.....				
Total	114	45	42	201

Daily average number, 65.

Largest number of inmates at any one time—women, 50; children 40; total, 90.

Smallest number of inmates at any one time—women, 35; children, 27; total, 62.

Daily average number of employees, 4.

JULIA M. GIESY, *Acting Superintendent.*

REPORT OF THE AID ASSOCIATION FOR THE BLIND OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

[Home for the Blind, 3050 R Street, NW.]

OFFICERS.

Honorary presidents, Mrs. John Russell Young, Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main, Mrs. Laura V. Sylvester; president, Mrs. Sydney R. Jacobs; vice presidents, Mrs. James E. Gilbert, Mrs. Emile Berliner, Miss Sarah C. Hannay, Mrs. Redwood Vandegrift; recording secretary, Mrs. Robert E. Briggs; corresponding secretary, Mrs. James M. Baker; financial secretary Mrs. P. P. Mullett; treasurer, Major Richard Sylvester; attorney, Mr. Andrew Wilson; physicians, Dr. Louis Mackall, Dr. George H. Heitmuller; matron, Mrs. Elizabeth M. Connell; association sustaining members' representative, Mr. Julian Wall.

I have the honor to submit the following report for the Aid Association for the Blind of the District of Columbia for the year ended June 30, 1922.

This association is entering upon its twenty-fifth year of service for the adult blind of the District. It was organized in December, 1897, and incorporated April 13, 1899. During the first years the association maintained a home at 915 E Street NW., but in 1913 the present home, located at 3050 R Street NW., was built.

This building was designed especially for the needs of the association and has every convenience necessary for a home for blind people. It is a commodious three-story fireproof building, with steam heat and large porches on each floor. In the basement there is a well-equipped workshop. The property is free from debt.

The association has a board of 40 members and 11 standing committees through which its work is accomplished.

In my report last year mention was made of the death of Mrs. E. C. Gittings who was matron of the home for 21 years, giving these years of service without compensation. The association considers itself most fortunate in having secured as a successor to Mrs. Gittings Mrs. E. M. Connell. Mrs. Connell during the past year has given excellent service and is beloved by the members of the board, as well as our blind family.

We have daily readings by friends and as often as possible a musical entertainment is given.

For the first time our home is filled to capacity and we are hoping in the near future to build an addition. The home being so well equipped in all other respects any addition could consist entirely of bedrooms and a few necessary baths, thereby providing for an additional number of persons at a comparatively small additional outlay.

In closing I wish to express the deep appreciation of the members of our board and myself to all friends for their continued cooperation and assistance during the year.

JOSEPHINE L. JACOBS, *President.*

*Financial statement.***ASSETS.**

Cash.....	\$6,656.07
Washington Railway & Electric Co., bonds, par value.....	4,000.00
Liberty bonds, par value.....	5,500.00
Other securities.....	6,714.50
Property 3050 R Street NW.....	47,366.41
 Total.....	 <u>70,236.98</u>

INDEBTEDNESS.

No indebtedness other than current bills.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand June 30, 1921.....	5,553.41
From board of inmates.....	1,491.70
From Board of District of Columbia Charities.....	812.50
From interest and dividends.....	851.26
From contributions.....	512.98
From entertainments.....	777.85
From telephone receipts.....	15.86
From labor of inmates.....	47.00
From legacies or endowments.....	2,469.49
From loans.....	2,400.00
From members' dues.....	392.00
From sustaining members.....	1,283.00
From miscellaneous.....	76.00
 Total receipts.....	 <u>16,683.05</u>

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services.....	1,643.75
For bread.....	\$218.79
For groceries and provisions.....	1,517.73
For matrons' miscellaneous supplies and expenses, marketing, servants, electricity, gas, ice, etc.....	2,400.00
 Total for food, etc.....	 4,136.52
For fuel.....	150.55
For stationery and printing and office supplies.....	22.00
For telephone.....	84.37
For current repairs and materials for same.....	1,229.16
For interest.....	13.32
For investment.....	2,250.00
For general and miscellaneous expenses (not provided for above).....	497.31
 Total expenditures.....	 10,026.98
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	6,656.07

Movement of population.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number in institution June 30, 1921.....	6	10	16
Admitted during year.....	2	2	4
 Total.....	 8	 12	 20
Number in institution June 30, 1922.....	8	12	20

Largest number of inmates at any one time, 20.

Smallest number of inmates at any one time, 16.

REPORT OF SOUTHERN RELIEF SOCIETY.

I am submitting the report of the Southern Relief Society for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922.

We have had a very busy year and in several instances very distressing cases among the destitute Southern people living in the District of Columbia.

We have endeavored to render aid whenever possible, and have had quite a number of emergency cases where temporary relief was needed. Our greatest need is a larger and more comfortable house. Death has claimed a few, but we have a waiting list of new applicants and some who are under our care living outside of the home are applying for admission, so we are putting forth every effort to get a larger home.

We greatly appreciate the financial assistance rendered through the Board of Charities, and also wish to express our thanks for the kind attention and good advice given to us by your able assistants.

EUGENIA ROLLINS, *Treasurer.*

Financial statement.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand June 30, 1921.....	\$3,169.28
From board of inmates.....	600.00
From interest and dividends.....	19.96
From contributions.....	2,827.20
From entertainments.....	622.00
From telephone receipts.....	7.25
From ball.....	3,766.79
From dues.....	169.75
From balance received not paid on fiscal year.....	1,790.51
From appropriation under contract.....	9,475.40
 Total receipts.....	 22,448.14

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services.....	2,038.00
For bread.....	\$65.62
For groceries and provisions.....	2,366.09
For milk.....	159.80
 Total for food.....	 2,591.51
For ice.....	36.15
For laundry when not done in institution.....	61.04
For clothing.....	16.03
For fuel.....	\$234.30
For light.....	236.17
 Total for heat and light.....	 470.47
For furniture and household furnishings and repairs to same.....	148.22
For medical and surgical supplies and instruments.....	101.00
For stationery and printing and office supplies.....	29.00
For telephone.....	99.09
For current repairs and materials for same.....	107.20
For rent.....	900.00
For drugs.....	78.97

For funerals.....	\$212.75
For pension to veterans.....	3,400.00
For pension to women on outside of home.....	3,495.00
For paid out by Southern Relief Society.....	4,899.00
Total expenditures.....	18,683.43
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	3,764.71

Movement of population.

INMATES IN HOME.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number present June 30, 1921.....	1	17	18
Admitted during year.....		2	2
Total.....	1	19	20
Died.....		2	2
Number remaining June 20, 1922.....	1	17	18
Total.....	1	19	20

Daily average number.....	18
Largest number at any one time.....	18
Smallest number at any one time.....	17

PERSONS OUTSIDE THE HOME WHO RECEIVED ASSISTANCE.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number on list June 30, 1921.....	16	27	43
Number added to list during year.....	1		1
Total.....	17	27	44
Died during year.....	2	3	5
Number dropped during year.....		2	2
Number on list June 30, 1922.....	15	22	37
Total.....	17	27	44
Largest number cared for at any one time.....	17	28	45
Smallest number cared for at any one time.....	15	24	39

REPORT OF THE COLUMBIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND.

While it is realized that the form of report arranged is sufficient to cover the legal requirement in the case, we feel that these reports do not in themselves adequately set forth the scope and functions of our institution, and it therefore rests upon me as president of the institution to ask that the following be printed as a part of our report.

While our chief work is to furnish employment to such adult blind persons as are in need of work, we do not stop there. We endeavor to aid blind men and women to push forward individual occupations and have accomplished much along this line. We maintain a music room where blind teachers are free to give lessons to their pupils if they find it necessary. This room is heated and lighted at our expense and we receive no part of the earnings of the teachers who use it.

We give instructions to adult blind who have had no school training and usually pay these half wages while under instruction. We have, during the past year, employed 13 blind persons (colored and white) and had 4 under instruction.

We pay blind workers at the institution \$7 per week and, since the first advance in car fare in the District, we have purchased tickets at the rates charged by the car people and sold them to our employees at the rate of 6 for 25 cents, limiting them, of course, to such tickets as are needed to carry them and their guides to and from work.

We have paid in salaries to blind workers during the fiscal year covered in this report \$3,552.25, which sum is far more than double the \$1,500 appropriated for our aid by Congress.

Your honorable board has only to note the report of our receipts for the year to become aware of the economy exercised in conducting this institution and we earnestly ask that your board will lend us your support in our future efforts to obtain aid from Congress in order that the institution may more fully serve the blind people of the District. We are in no sense a profit-earning institution, and if it were not for the generosity and broad-minded views of the people of Washington our efforts must long ago have failed utterly. We need more funds, for there are branches of work we are not now able to introduce, and there are still needy blind people in our city to whom we are not able to give aid. Without this institution the blind of the District would have no employment unless they were of the few who succeed in individual undertakings.

H. R. W. MILES, *President.*

Financial statement.

ASSETS.	
Building.....	\$15,000.00
Furnishings and equipment.....	1,500.00
Post cards.....	800.00
Total.....	<u>17,300.00</u>

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand June 30, 1921.....	\$800.12
From rent.....	404.00
From contributions, donations.....	2,245.00
From entertainments, concerts.....	2,426.50
From telephone receipts.....	13.10
From labor of inmates.....	1,707.40
From refund.....	3.90
From post cards.....	376.00
From car tokens.....	194.65
From miscellaneous.....	64.14
From appropriation under contract.....	1,500.00
From appropriation for vocational education of soldiers.....	855.50
 Total receipts.....	 10,590.31

EXPENDITURES.

For salaries and extra services.....	5,647.85
For laundry when not done in institution.....	39.59
For laundry and cleaning supplies.....	67.15
For fuel.....	\$239.10
For light.....	145.04
 Total for heat and light.....	 384.14
For furniture and household furnishings and repairs to same.....	5.36
For amusements, concerts.....	461.06
For materials used in industries.....	1,007.19
For stationery and printing and office supplies.....	31.55
For telephone.....	79.32
For car tickets.....	340.12
For current repairs and materials for same.....	120.61
For interest.....	501.78
For insurance.....	54.13
For newspaper advertisements.....	32.86
For postage.....	11.33
For extra salaries to blind.....	503.00
For post cards.....	405.92
For miscellaneous.....	85.91
 Total expenditures.....	 9,778.87
Balance on hand June 30, 1922.....	811.44

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